

SunLine Transit Agency/ SunLine Services Group December 2, 2020 12:00 p.m.

Joint Regular Meeting of the SunLine Transit Agency & SunLine Services Group Board of Directors Regular Board of Directors Meeting

VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE

Pursuant to California Governor Newsom's Executive Orders N-25-20 issued on March 4, 2020 and N-29-20 issued on March 18, 2020, the Board of Directors regular meeting will be conducted remotely through Zoom. Please follow the instructions below to join the meeting remotely.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ELECTRONIC PARTICIPATION

Join Zoom Meeting - from PC, Laptop or Phone

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84806342449 Meeting ID: 848 0634 2449

Teleconference Dial In 888-475-4499 (Toll Free) Conference Number: 848 0634 2449

One tap mobile +16699009128,,84806342449#

Phone controls for participants:

The following commands can be used on your phone's dial pad while in Zoom meeting:

• *6 - Toggle mute/unmute

• *9 - Raise hand

For members of the public wishing to submit comment in connection with the Board Meeting: all public comment requests need to be submitted via email to the Clerk of the Board at clerkoftheboard@sunline.org prior to December 1, 2020 at 5:00 p.m. with your name, telephone number and subject of your public comment (agenda item or non-agenda item). Members of the

public may make public comments through their telephone or Zoom connection when recognized by the Chair. If you send written comments, your comments will be made part of the official record of the proceedings and read into the record.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/ SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING DECEMBER 2, 2020 ITEM

PAGE 2

RECOMMENDATION

In compliance with the Brown Act and Government Code Section 54957.5, agenda materials distributed 72 hours prior to the meeting, which are public records relating to open session agenda items, will be available for inspection by members of the public prior to the meeting at SunLine Transit Agency's Administration Building, 32505 Harry Oliver Trail, Thousand Palms, CA 92276 and on the Agency's website, www.sunline.org.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, Government Code Section 54954.2, and the Federal Transit Administration Title VI, please contact the Clerk of the Board at (760) 343-3456 if special assistance is needed to participate in a Board meeting, including accessibility and translation services. Notification of at least 48 hours prior to the meeting time will assist staff in assuring reasonable arrangements can be made to provide assistance at the meeting.

<u>ITEM</u> <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. FLAG SALUTE
- 3. ROLL CALL
- 4. PRESENTATIONS
 - a) Recognition of Service Board Member Ty Peabody (Staff: Lauren Skiver, CEO/General Manager)
- 5. FINALIZATION OF AGENDA
- 6. APPROVAL OF MINUTES APPROVE OCTOBER 28, 2020 JOINT BOARD MEETING (PAGE 5-8)
- 7. PUBLIC COMMENTS RECEIVE COMMENTS

NON AGENDA ITEMS

Members of the public may address the Board regarding any item within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board; however, no action may be taken on off-agenda items unless authorized. Comments shall be limited to matters not listed on the agenda. Members of the public may comment on any matter listed on the agenda at the time that the Board considers that matter. Each person's presentation is limited to a maximum of three (3) minutes.

8. BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS

RECEIVE COMMENTS

9. CONSENT CALENDAR

RECEIVE & FILE

All items on the Consent Calendar will be approved by one motion, and there will be no discussion of individual items unless a Board Member requests a specific item be pulled from the calendar for separate discussion. The public may comment on any item.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/ SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING DECEMBER 2, 2020

PAGE 3

	EWIDER 2, 2020	DECOMMEND ATION
ITEM		RECOMMENDATION
	9a) Checks \$1,000 and Over Report for September 2020	(PAGE 9-13)
	9b) Credit Card Statement for September 2020	(PAGE 14-17)
	9c) Monthly Budget Variance Report for September 2020	(PAGE 18-23)
	9d) Contracts Signed in Excess of \$25,000 October 2020	(PAGE 24-25)
	9e) Union & Non-Union Pension Investment Asset	(PAGE 26-29)
	Summary September 2020	•
	9f) Ridership Report for October 2020	(PAGE 30-34)
	9g) SunDial Operational Notes for October 2020	(PAGE 35-38)
	9h) Metrics for October 2020	(PAGE 39-49)
	9i) Quarterly Performance Summary for 3rd Quarter	(PAGE 50-54)
	of Calendar Year 2020	,
	9j) Board Member Attendance for October 2020	(PAGE 55-56)
	9k) SSG/SRA Checks \$1,000 and Over Report for	(PAGE 57-58)
	September 2020	,
	9I) SSG Monthly Budget Variance Report for	(PAGE 59-61)
	September 2020	,
	9m) Taxi Trip Data – October 2020	(PAGE 62-63)
	9n) Metric (Taxi Revenue vs Taxi Expense) September 2020	,
		(**************************************
10.	FISCAL YEAR 2020 AUDIT REPORTS	RECEIVE & FILE
10.	FISCAL YEAR 2020 AUDIT REPORTS (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	RECEIVE & FILE (PAGE 66-192)
10.		
10.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	
10. 11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE
	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM	(PAGE 66-192)
	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE
	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer)	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193)
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE
11.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer)	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197)
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT	APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197) APPROVE
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee;	(PAGE 66-192) APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197)
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT	APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197) APPROVE
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Rudy Le Flore, Chief Project Consultant)	APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197)
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Rudy Le Flore, Chief Project Consultant) SOCALGAS HYDROGEN DEMONSTRATION PROJECT	APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197) APPROVE (PAGE 198)
11. 12.	(Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) RATIFICATION OF CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF, AND ECONOMIC SECURITY (CARES) ACT CLAIM (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) APPROVAL FOR APPROPRIATION AND RESOLUTION NO. 0784 TO OBTAIN FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer) ZERO EMISSION TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT (Lisa Middleton, Chair of Finance/Audit Committee; Staff: Rudy Le Flore, Chief Project Consultant)	APPROVE (PAGE 193) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197) APPROVE (PAGE 194-197)

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/ SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP **BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING DECEMBER 2, 2020 ITEM**

PAGE 4

15. REVIEW DECLARATION OF EMERGENCY BY

APPROVE

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(PAGE 200-205)

RECOMMENDATION

(Glenn Miller, Chair of Board Operations Committee; Staff: Eric Vail, General Counsel and Lauren Skiver, CEO/General Manager)

16. SECOND READING OF ORDINANCE NO. 2020-01

APPROVE

(Glenn Miller, Chair of Board Operations Committee; Staff: Eric Vail, General Counsel and Brittney B. Sowell, Chief of Public Affairs/Clerk of the Board)

(PAGE 206-208)

17. FY19/20 SERVICE STANDARDS PERFORMANCE

APPROVE

(Megan Beaman Jacinto, Chair of Strategic Planning & Operational Committee;

Staff: Jeff Guidry, Interim Transit Planning Manager)

- 18. GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT
- 19. CEO/GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT
- 20. CLOSED SESSION

REPORT

21. NEXT MEETING DATE

January 27, 2021 at 12 p.m.

22. ADJOURN

(PAGE 209-225)

ITEM 6

MINUTES

Joint SunLine Transit Agency/SunLine Services Group Board of Directors Meeting October 28, 2020

A joint regular meeting of the SunLine Transit Agency and SunLine Services Group Board of Directors was held at 12:03 p.m. on Wednesday, October 28, 2020 via Zoom videoconference, pursuant to paragraph 3 of Executive Order N-20-29.

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order at 12:03 p.m. by Chairperson Robert Radi.

2. FLAG SALUTE

Supervisor V. Manuel Perez led the pledge of allegiance.

3. ROLL CALL

Members Present:

Robert Radi, Chair, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of La Quinta Glenn Miller, Vice-Chair, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Indio Raymond Gregory, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Cathedral City Russell Betts, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Desert Hot Springs Ty Peabody, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Indian Wells Kathleen Kelly, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Palm Desert Lisa Middleton, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Palm Springs Charles Townsend, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Rancho Mirage Supervisor V. Manuel Perez, SunLine Agency Board Member, County of Riverside

Members Absent:

Megan Beaman Jacinto, SunLine Agency Board Member, City of Coachella

4. PRESENTATIONS

None.

5. FINALIZATION OF AGENDA

None.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/
SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP
BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING - MINUTES
OCTOBER 28, 2020

6. APPROVAL OF MINUTES FOR JOINT STA/SSG JUNE 24, 2020 BOARD MEETING

Board Member Gregory moved to approve the minutes of the September 23, 2020 Board meeting. The motion was seconded by Board Member Townsend. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

7. PUBLIC COMMENTS

None.

8. BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS

None.

9. CONSENT CALENDAR

Board Vice-Chair Miller moved to approve the consent calendar. The motion was seconded by Board Member Kelly. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

10. REFUELED IMPLEMENTATION STATUS REPORT

Strategic Planning & Operational Committee Vice-Chair Gregory reported that this item was brought to the committee for discussion and since this is a receive and file item, no further action is required.

11. REPLACEMENT OPERATIONS FACILITY LOW VOLTAGE CONTRACT

Finance/Audit Committee Chair Middleton reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Middleton moved to approve the Replacement Operations Facility Low Voltage Contract. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no: 0 abstain

12. REPLACEMENT OPERATIONS FACILITY FURNITURE CONTRACT

Finance/Audit Committee Chair Middleton reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Middleton moved to approve the Replacement Operations Facility Furniture Contract. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

13. SHOP FLOOR RESURFACING

Finance/Audit Committee Chair Middleton reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Middleton moved to approve the Shop Floor Resurfacing. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/
SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP
BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING - MINUTES
OCTOBER 28, 2020

14. SUNRIDE MICROTRANSIT PILOT PROGRAM (PHASE II) – TRANSPORTATION PROVIDERS

Finance/Audit Committee Chair Middleton reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Middleton moved to approve Sunride Microtransit Pilot Program (Phase II) – Transportation Providers. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

15. AMENDMENT TO ANDREA CARTER AND ASSOCIATES CONTRACT

Finance/Audit Committee Chair Middleton reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Middleton moved to approve the Amendment To Andrea Carter and Associates Contract. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

16. APPROVAL OF BOARD MEETING DATES FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2021

Board Operations Committee Chair Miller reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Vice-Chair Miller moved to approve the Board Meeting Dates For Calendar Year 2021. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

17. RESOLUTION NO. 0783 TO AMEND SECTIONS OF THE BOARD BYLAWS

Board Operations Committee Chair Miller reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. Additional information was provided by Eric Vail, General Counsel. Discussion occurred amongst the Board and there was a request by Board Member Betts to vote on each amendment separately.

SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Kelly moved to approve SECTION 1, the Proposed Amendment to Section 8.1 of the Bylaws. The motion was seconded by Board Member Betts. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Kelly moved to approve SECTION 2, an addition to the Bylaws of Section 8.2, directing counsel and staff to add ", or designee" following "The Executive Director." The motion was seconded by Board Member Gregory. The motion was approved by a vote of 7 yes; 2 no; 0 abstain

SunLine Transit Agency Board Member Betts moved to approve SECTION 3, change to Section 1.6 of the Board Bylaws. The motion was seconded by Board Member Gregory. The motion was approved by a vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY/
SUNLINE SERVICES GROUP
BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING - MINUTES
OCTOBER 28, 2020

18. FIRST READING OF ORDINANCE NO. 2020-01

Board Operations Committee Chair Miller reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. SunLine Transit Agency Board Vice-Chair Miller moved to approve First Reading Of Ordinance No. 2020-01. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

Brittney B. Sowell, Clerk of the Board, read into the record the title of Ordinance No. 2020-01 - An Ordinance of SunLine Transit Agency Repealing Ordinance No. 2018-01 Regarding the SunLine Transit Agency Conflict of Interest Code.

19. FARE POLICY NO. B-060102 REVISION APPROVAL

Board Operations Committee Chair Miller reported that this item was brought to the committee and they unanimously approved the item. Additional information was provided by Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer. SunLine Transit Agency Board Vice-Chair Miller moved to approve Fare Policy No. B-060102 Revision Approval. The motion was approved by a unanimous vote of 9 yes; 0 no; 0 abstain

20. GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

General counsel had no updates to report.

21. CEO/GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT

CEO/General Manager, Lauren Skiver, provided a brief oral report.

22. CLOSED SESSION

No closed session.

23. NEXT MEETING DATE

December 2, 2020 at 12 p.m.

24. ADJOURN

The SunLine Services Group and SunLine Transit Agency meeting concurrently adjourned at 12:50 p.m.

Respectfully Submitted,

Brittney B. Sowell Clerk of the Board

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Checks \$1,000 and Over Report for September 2020

Summary:

The Checks \$1,000 and Over Report lists all of the checks processed at the Agency with a value of over \$1,000 for a given month. Items identified in bold font represent "pass through" payments that were, or will be, reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. Items identified with underlines represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

• The table below identifies the checks over \$50,000 in the month of September which required signature from the Chair or Vice Chair.

Vendor	Check #	Amount
COMPLETE COACH WORKS	684079	\$132,393.34
DESERT BUSINESS INTERIORS	684078	\$64,003.50
STATEWIDE SERVICES, INC	684060	\$52 <i>,44</i> 6.04

Recommendation:

NOTE: 1). Bold check payments represent "pass through", bold Italicized check payments represent "Capital Expenses", payments that were, or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. 2). Underlined check payments represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Vendor Filed As Name	Description	Check #	Payment Date	Payment Amount
PERMA - INSURANCE	General Liability & Workers Comp Premium	683910	09/09/2020	170,278.25
COMPLETE COACH WORKS	WIP-Covid19 Capital Expenditures	684079	09/25/2020	132,393.34
U.S. BANK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST-WESTERN	Pension Deposit	<u>683921</u>	09/09/2020	109,992.84
U.S. BANK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST-WESTERN	Pension Deposit	<u>684071</u>	09/23/2020	105,576.60
DESERT BUSINESS INTERIORS	WIP-Covid19 Capital Expenditures	684078	09/24/2020	64,003.50
IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DIST	Utilities	684018	09/23/2020	53,270.18
STATEWIDE SERVICES, INC.	WIP-Indio Facility Improvements	684060	09/23/2020	52,446.04
SO CAL GAS CO.	Utilities	684056	09/23/2020	49,991.08
WSP USA INC.	TDM & Vanpool Program	683873	09/02/2020	47,363.47
DAHL, TAYLOR AND ASSOCIATES, INC.	WIP-Operation Facility Consulting Engineer	683889	09/09/2020	39,156.94
DESERT BUSINESS INTERIORS	WIP-Indio Facility Improvements	683844	09/02/2020	36,227.42
GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY THE	Employee Benefits/ LTD/STD/LIFE Ins Prem	<u>684101</u>	09/30/2020	<u>35,406.92</u>
ELEMENT MARKETS RENEWABLE ENERGY, LLC	Utilities	684092	09/30/2020	33,648.02
IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DIST	Utilities	683903	09/09/2020	24,096.45
MICHELIN NORTH AMERICA, INC.	Lease Tire Service	683962	09/16/2020	23,388.56
MICHELIN NORTH AMERICA, INC.	Lease Tire Service	684110	09/30/2020	23,072.92
PERMA - INSURANCE	Insurance Loss	684043	09/23/2020	20,060.60
THE LEFLORE GROUP LLC	Projects Consultant	683971	09/16/2020	17,561.50
BURKE, WILLIAMS & SORENSEN, LLP	Legal Service	683994	09/23/2020	17,257.72
NFI PARTS	Inventory Repair Parts	683829	09/02/2020	16,600.38
RUSH TRUCK CENTERS OF CALIFORNIA, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	684052	09/23/2020	13,864.65
OLD GREEN HOUSE LLC	Planning Consultant	684123	09/30/2020	13,200.00
BALLARD POWER SYSTEMS	Repair Parts-Fuel Cell	683835	09/02/2020	11,184.45
IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DIST	Utilities	683955	09/16/2020	11,157.29
NFI PARTS	Inventory Repair Parts	683985	09/23/2020	11,013.80
NFI PARTS	Inventory Repair Parts	683929	09/16/2020	10,405.63
DESERT BUSINESS INTERIORS	WIP-Indio Facility Improvements	683941	09/16/2020	10,331.25
BAE SYSTEMS CONTROLS, INC.	WIP-Battery Dominant Hydrogen Fuel Cell Bus	683879	09/09/2020	10,000.00
VERIZON WIRELESS	Wireless Telephone Service	683870	09/02/2020	9,926.47
HDR ENGINEERING, INC.	Planning Consultant	683949	09/16/2020	9,870.00
KELLERMEYER BERGENSONS SERVICES, LLC	Janitorial Service	683960	09/16/2020	8,986.77
SONSRAY FLEET SERVICES	Inventory Repair Parts	684067	09/23/2020	8,135.45
ZEN AND THE ART OF CLEAN ENERGY SOLUTIONS	Consultant Services	684076	09/23/2020	7,875.00
SONSRAY FLEET SERVICES	Inventory Repair Parts	684128	09/30/2020	7,815.96
EV CHARGE SOLUTIONS	WIP-Misc Maintenance Equipment Project	683908	09/09/2020	7,336.95
ROBERT HALF	Temporary Help	684049	09/23/2020	7,275.00
GARON WYATT INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES	Insurance Loss	684096	09/30/2020	7,173.34
HD INDUSTRIES	Inventory Repair Parts	684017	09/23/2020	7,134.28

NOTE: 1). Bold check payments represent "pass through", bold Italicized check payments represent "Capital Expenses", payments that were, or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. 2). Underlined check payments represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Vendor Filed As Name ADMIRAL SECURITY SERVICES, INC.	Description Security Guard Services	Check # 683928	Payment Date 09/16/2020	Payment Amount 6,975.92
THE LEARNING & PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT	Consulting General	684027	09/23/2020	6,720.00
AMALGAMATED TRANSIT UNION	Amalgamated Transit Union #1277	683876	09/09/2020	6,591.18
AMALGAMATED TRANSIT UNION	Amalgamated Transit Union #1277	683990	09/23/2020	6,531.80
LONGOBART-ROSS CONSULTING	WIP-Fleet Management Information System	684030	09/23/2020	6,500.00
ROMAINE ELECTRIC CORP.	Inventory Repair Parts	684050	09/23/2020	5,223.60
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE	WIP-Zero Emissions Maintenance Facility	683937	09/16/2020	5,000.00
TRANSIT PRODUCTS & SERVICES	Inventory Repair Parts	683867	09/02/2020	4,898.75
TRANSIT PRODUCTS & SERVICES	Inventory Repair Parts	684069	09/23/2020	4,898.75
MURCHISON & CUMMING, LLP	Insurance Loss	683854	09/02/2020	4,854.27
BATTERY SYSTEMS, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	683993	09/23/2020	4,802.34
PRINCIPAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	PPO Dental Benefits Oct 2020	684118	09/30/2020	4,730.56
PRINCIPAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	PPO Dental Benefits Sept 2020	<u>683862</u>	09/02/2020	<u>4,686.69</u>
AARVIG & ASSOCIATES, APC	Insurance Loss	684080	09/30/2020	4,438.02
YELLOW CAB OF THE DESERT	Taxi Voucher Program	683874	09/02/2020	4,366.57
PRUDENTIAL OVERALL SUPPLY	Uniforms	684047	09/23/2020	4,300.76
CREATIVE BUS SALES, INC,	Inventory Repair Parts	683841	09/02/2020	4,288.07
JACKSON LEWIS P.C.	Insurance Loss	683905	09/09/2020	4,130.00
BATTERY RUSH	Bus Stop Supplies	683836	09/02/2020	4,072.70
ROBERT HALF	Temporary Help	683970	09/16/2020	4,000.00
TPX COMMUNICATIONS	Communications	684068	09/23/2020	3,957.21
CALIFORNIA DENTAL NETWORK, INC.	Dental Benefits	683996	09/23/2020	3,953.42
JANEK CORPORATION THE	Inventory Repair Parts	684024	09/23/2020	3,938.50
STANTEC ARCHITECTURE, INC.	WIP-Operation Facility	684059	09/23/2020	3,781.11
OPENAPPS, INC.	Contract Services General	684115	09/30/2020	3,700.00
ELDORADO NATIONAL (CALIFORNIA), INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	683890	09/09/2020	3,682.06
SC FUELS	Lubricants and Oils	683865	09/02/2020	3,671.65
VALLEY SANITARY DISTRICT	Annual Sewer Service Permit	684134	09/30/2020	3,630.00
ROBERT HALF	Temporary Help	683912	09/09/2020	3,600.00
PUBLICINPUT.COM	Advertising	684087	09/30/2020	3,500.00
ROBERT HALF	Temporary Help	684121	09/30/2020	3,392.00
AVAIL TECHNOLOGIES	Inventory Repair Parts	683935	09/16/2020	3,263.11
CALIFORNIA STATE DISBURSEMENT UNIT	Garnishments	683997	09/23/2020	3,199.29
AUGER CONSULTING GROUP LLC	Consulting Services	683961	09/16/2020	3,080.00
KELLERMEYER BERGENSONS SERVICES, LLC	Janitorial Services	684029	09/23/2020	2,960.40
TIME WARNER CABLE	Utilities	683976	09/16/2020	2,959.98
SPORTWORKS NORTHWEST, INC.	WIP-Replacement of Fixed Route Buses	684127	09/30/2020	2,816.00
HOME DEPOT CREDIT SERVICES	Facility Maintenance	683952	09/16/2020	2,806.07
YELLOW CAB OF THE DESERT	Taxi Voucher Program	684075	09/23/2020	2,785.89

NOTE: 1). Bold check payments represent "pass through", bold Italicized check payments represent "Capital Expenses", payments that were, or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. 2). Underlined check payments represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Vendor Filed As Name	Description	Check #	Payment Date	Payment Amount
TEC OF CALIFORNIA, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	684065	09/23/2020	2,784.56
SOUTHWEST NETWORKS, INC.	IT Support Services	683975	09/16/2020	2,750.00
OFFICETEAM	Temporary Help	684037	09/23/2020	2,703.86
AVAIL TECHNOLOGIES	Inventory Repair Parts	683878	09/09/2020	2,698.70
SUNLINE REGULATORY ADMINI	Jan thru Jun 2020 due to SRA	684062	09/23/2020	2,683.50
TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Organizational services	684070	09/23/2020	2,665.00
CARQUEST AUTO PARTS STORES	Inventory Repair Parts	684083	09/30/2020	2,657.21
JESSE FRESCAS JR.	WIP-Indio Facility Improvements	684025	09/23/2020	2,560.00
GILLIG LLC	Inventory Repair Parts	684097	09/30/2020	2,508.82
MILE3 WEB DEVELOPMENT	Website Maintenance	684111	09/30/2020	2,500.00
NFI PARTS	Inventory Repair Parts	684081	09/30/2020	2,489.92
IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DIST	Utilities	684103	09/30/2020	2,432.69
ADMIRAL SECURITY SERVICES, INC.	Security Guard Services	683984	09/23/2020	2,322.64
OFFICETEAM	Temporary Help	684114	09/30/2020	2,296.80
OFFICETEAM	Temporary Help	683965	09/16/2020	2,244.00
CPAC INC.COM	Computer Network Software Agmt 9/11/20 - 9/10/21	683938	09/16/2020	2,193.60
PALM SPRINGS MOTORS, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	684040	09/23/2020	2,182.66
COMPLETE COACH WORKS	Inventory Repair Parts	683839	09/02/2020	2,118.74
WORK ZONE CAM LLC	WIP-Operation Facility	683872	09/02/2020	2,100.00
GRAINGER	Inventory Repair Parts	684016	09/23/2020	2,049.00
JOHNSON EQUIPMENT COMANY	Outside Repair-Support Vehicle	684105	09/30/2020	2,038.76
ELEA CAREY	Contract Services General	684006	09/23/2020	2,019.50
SC FUELS	Lubricants and Oils	684055	09/23/2020	1,978.61
GRAINGER	Materials & Supplies	683947	09/16/2020	1,946.64
ROBERT HALF	Temporary Help	683864	09/02/2020	1,945.63
ELDORADO NATIONAL (CALIFORNIA), INC.	Repair Parts-Fixed Route	684005	09/23/2020	1,929.84
CUMMINS SALES AND SERVICE	Repair Parts-Fixed Route	683940	09/16/2020	1,819.31
ASPEN REFRIGERANTS, INC.	Freon & Coolant	683992	09/23/2020	1,810.12
VALLEY OFFICE EQUIPMENT, INC.	Office Equipment Maintenance	683980	09/16/2020	1,801.75
STERLING HEALTH SERVICES, INC.	Benefit Management Expenses	684061	09/23/2020	1,800.00
ELECTRONIC DATA MAGNETICS, INC.	Printing Expense	683943	09/16/2020	1,777.88
DESERT AIR CONDITIONING, INC.	Air Conditioning Expense	683843	09/02/2020	1,727.00
HD INDUSTRIES	Repair Parts-Fixed Route	683948	09/16/2020	1,664.73
DESERT URGENT CARE	Medical Exams	684020	09/23/2020	1,635.00
CREATIVE BUS SALES, INC,	Inventory Repair Parts	684000	09/23/2020	1,621.51
SMARTDRIVE SYSTEMS, INC.	General Services	683917	09/09/2020	1,580.00
VINCENT PRINTING COMPANY, INC.	Advertising	684073	09/23/2020	1,534.02
PALM SPRINGS MOTORS, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	684116	09/30/2020	1,533.06
MILE3 WEB DEVELOPMENT	Website Maintenance	684032	09/23/2020	1,478.00

NOTE: 1). Bold check payments represent "pass through", bold Italicized check payments represent "Capital Expenses", payments that were, or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. 2). Underlined check payments represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Vendor Filed As Name	Description	Check #	Payment Date	Payment Amount
NFI PARTS	Inventory Repair Parts	683875	09/09/2020	1,417.36
LUMINATOR TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.	WIP-FC19 Radio & Camera Installation	684031	09/23/2020	1,346.88
PLAZA TOWING, INC.	Towing Service	683861	09/02/2020	1,325.00
BURRTEC WASTE & RECYCLING SERVICES	Trash Service	683881	09/09/2020	1,297.93
BURRTEC WASTE & RECYCLING SERVICES	Trash Service	683882	09/09/2020	1,291.97
SONSRAY FLEET SERVICES	Inventory Repair Parts	683977	09/16/2020	1,273.01
HEM DATA CORPORATION	Consulting General	683951	09/16/2020	1,095.00
FORENSIC DRUG TESTING SERVICES	Medical Exams	684012	09/23/2020	1,050.75
OFFICETEAM	Temporary Help	683856	09/02/2020	1,037.85
BATTERY SYSTEMS, INC.	Inventory Repair Parts	683837	09/02/2020	1,029.78
CREATIVE BUS SALES, INC,	Inventory Repair Parts	684088	09/30/2020	1,018.61
Total Checks Over \$1,000	\$1,506,932.89			

 Total Checks Over \$1,000
 \$1,506,932.89

 Total Checks Under \$1,000
 \$49,748.43

 Total Checks
 \$1,556,681.32

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Credit Card Statement for September 2020

Summary:

The attached report summarizes the Agency's credit card expenses for September 2020 with a statement closing date of October 2, 2020.

Recommendation:

SunLine Transit Agency Visa Credit Card Statement

Closing Date: 10/02/20

Name on Card: Lauren Skiver

	Trans. Date	Post Date	Reference	Detail - Description	Credits	Charges
1	9/4/2020	9/4/2020	DropBox	12 Dropbox Licenses and Dropbox Business Advanced Plan; Annual Renewal		\$2,016.00
2	9/8/2020	9/8/2020	АРТА	Registration for 2020 APTA Tech Virtual Conference; Jeff Guidry, Operations System Specialist		\$195.00
3	9/24/2020	9/24/2020	Red Robin	Red Robin Catering Order; Executive Team Lunch Planning Session		\$180.12
4	9/29/2020	9/29/2020	Walmart	Vacuum Cleaner for Second Floor; Executive Office, Performance Department and Finance Department		\$139.00
				Credits and Charges:	\$0.00	\$2,530.12

.

WELLS FARGO BUSINESS ELITE CARD

VISA

Page 1 of 4

CONSOLIDATED BILLING CONTROL ACCOUNT STATEMENT

Prepared For	SUNLINE TRANSIT LUIS GARCIA
Account Number	
Statement Closing Date	10/02/20
Days in Billing Cycle	29
Next Statement Date	11/03/20
Credit Line	\$40,000
Available Credit	\$37,469

For Customer Service Call: 800-231-5511

Inquiries or Questions:

Wells Fargo SBL PO Box 29482 Phoenix, AZ 85038-8650

Payments:

Elite Card Payment Center PO Box 77066 Minneapolis, MN 55480-7766

Payment Information

i dyllione illionnation	
New Balance	\$2,530.12
Current Payment Due (Minimum Payment)	\$500.00
Current Payment Due Date	10/28/20

Thank you for using our Automatic Payment service. See the Important Information section below for your next scheduled payment.

If you wish to pay off your balance in full: The balance noted on your statement is not the payoff amount. Please call 800-231-5511 for payoff information.

Account Summary

Previous Balance		\$2,334.06
Credits	-	\$0.00
Payments	-	\$2,334.06
Purchases & Other Charges	+	\$2,530.12
Cash Advances	+	\$0.00
Finance Charges	+	\$0.00
New Balance	=	\$2,530.12

Wells Fargo Cash Back SM Program Summary

Previous Cash Back Balance		\$0.00
Cash Earned this Month		\$37.95
Trades From Other Company Car	rds	\$0.00
Bonus/Adjustments		\$0.00
Cash Back Balance	=	\$37.95
Cash Awarded this Period		\$0.00
Year to Date Cash Back Awarded		\$399.39

Cash Back Notice

Your next cash back reward is scheduled for 12/2020. Use your Business Card for all of your business expenses plus everyday purchases and get 1.5% Cash Back.

See reverse side for important information.

Detach and mail with check payable to "Wells Fargo" to arrive by Current Payment Due Date.

Make checks payable to: Wells Fargo \$2.530.12

New Balance \$500.00 **Total Amount Due (Minimum Payment)** 10/28/20 **Current Payment Due Date**

> Amount Enclosed:

Account Number

\$

Print address or phone changes: Work (

ուսորդըընկարվությունիինիինիինինիաներինիաի

ELITE CARD PAYMENT CENTER PO BOX 77066 MINNEAPOLIS MN 55480-7766

YTG 29 SUNLINE TRANSIT LUIS GARCIA 32505 HARRY OLIVER TRL THOUSAND PALMS CA 92276-3501 19036 G309 իլիայիաեռովոգհատիժիվիելաբավաթերի



Rate Information

Your rate may vary according to the terms of your agreement.

TYPE OF BALANCE	ANNUAL INTEREST RATE	DAILY FINANCE CHARGE RATE	AVERAGE DAILY BALANCE	PERIODIC FINANCE CHARGES	TRANSACTION FINANCE CHARGES	TOTAL FINANCE CHARGES
PURCHASES	11.240%	.03079%	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
CASH ADVANCES	23.990%	.06572%	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
TOTAL				\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Important Information

\$0 - \$2,530.12 WILL BE DEDUCTED FROM YOUR ACCOUNT AND CREDITED AS YOUR AUTOMATIC PAYMENT ON 10/28/20. THE AUTOMATIC PAYMENT AMOUNT WILL BE REDUCED BY ALL PAYMENTS POSTED ON OR BEFORE THIS DATE.

Summary of Sub Account Usage

Name	Sub Account	Monthly	Spend
	Number Ending In	Spending Cap	This Period
LAURA SKIVER		40,000	\$2,530.12

Transaction Details

The transactions detailed on this Consolidated Billing Control Account Statement contain transactions made directly to this Control Account plus all transactions made on Sub Accounts. If there were no transactions made by a Sub Account that Sub Account will not appear.

Trans	Post	Reference Number	Description	Credits	Charges
09/28	09/28	F326800M000CHGDDA	AUTOMATIC PAYMENT - THANK YOU TOTAL \$2,334.06-	2,334.06	
		mary For LAURA SKIVER mber Ending In 0263			
09/04	09/04	2469216L82XH9H4AZ	DROPBOX*32G7GK3SHK84 DROPBOX.COM CA		2,016.00
09/08	09/08	2463923LDS66JDR84	APTA 202-4964800 DC		195.00
09/24	09/24	2444500LW00L279Q8	RED ROBIN NO 253 303-846-6111 CA		180.12
09/29	09/29	2444500M2BLMGAE5S	WM SUPERCENTER #5096 PALM DESERT CA		139.00
			TOTAL \$2,530.12 LAURA SKIVER / Sub Acct Ending In	7	

Wells Fargo News

What can alerts do for your business?*

Receive timely updates on your business credit card account via email or text. Alerts allow you to set up and receive only the messages that are important to you. Sign up for alerts during your Wells Fargo Business Online® session by going to your Business Elite Card account screen and selecting the Manage Alerts menu option.

Not enrolled in Online banking? Enroll today at wellsfargo.com/biz/online-banking

*Availability may be affected by your mobile carrier's coverage area. Your mobile carrier's message and data rates may apply.

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Monthly Budget Variance Report for September 2020

Summary:

The budget variance report compares revenues and expenses to the respective line item budgets. The report identifies current monthly revenues and expenses as well as Fiscal Year-to-Date (FYTD) values. Most of the current monthly budget values are calculated by taking 1/12th of the annual budget. The FYTD budget values are calculated by dividing the yearly budget by the number of months progressed through the fiscal year.

 As of September 30, 2020, the Agency's revenues net of subsidies are unfavorable by \$159,306 or 17.96% under the FYTD budget. Expenditures are favorable by \$1,119,680 or 10.97% below the FYTD budget.

Recommendation:

		Current Month						
Description	FY21 Total Budget	Actual	Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	FYTD Actual	FY21 FYTD Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Percentage Remaining
Operating Revenues:		-						-
Passenger Revenue	1,399,824	3,789	116,652	(112,863)	8,201	349,956	(341,755)	99.4%
Other Revenue	2,149,017	242,186	179,085	63,101	719,703	537,254	182,449	66.5%
Total Operating Revenue	3,548,841	245,975	295,737	(49,762)	727,904	887,210	(159,306)	79.5%
Operating Expenses:								
Operator & Mechanic Salaries & Wages	10,110,722	806,985	842,560	35,575	2,421,832	2,527,681	105,848	76.0%
Operator & Mechanic Overtime	1,237,377	63,028	103,115	40,087	160,251	309,344	149,093	87.0%
Administration Salaries & Wages	6,283,696	507,944	523,641	15,698	1,484,307	1,570,924	86,617	76.4%
Administration Overtime	82,132	8,905	6,844	(2,060)	18,191	20,533	2,342	77.9%
Fringe Benefits	9,892,136	757,851	824,345	66,494	2,362,383	2,473,034	110,651	76.1%
Communications	243,300	17,718	20,275	2,557	53,161	60,825	7,664	78.2%
Legal Services	425,000	23,868	35,417	11,548	50,016	106,250	56,234	88.2%
Computer/Network Software Agreement	627,653	43,268	52,304	9,036	136,998	156,913	19,915	78.2%
Uniforms	85,084	2,832	7,090	4,259	21,118	21,271	153	75.2%
Contracted Services	522,700	46,751	43,558	(3,193)	113,586	130,675	17,089	78.3%
Equipment Repairs	10,858	245	905	660	719	2,715	1,996	93.4%
Security Services	110,000	10,538	9,167	(1,371)	31,036	27,500	(3,536)	71.8%
Fuel - CNG	1,219,687	112,323	101,641	(10,682)	308,820	304,922	(3,898)	74.7%
Fuel - Hydrogen	1,033,088	75,927	86,091	10,164	213,865	258,272	44,407	79.3%
Tires	226,381	18,663	18,865	202	46,688	56,595	9,907	79.4%
Office Supplies	73,221	2,865	6,102	3,236	8,591	18,305	9,714	88.3%
Travel/Training	156,482	3,418	13,040	9,622	15,100	39,121	24,021	90.4%
Repair Parts	1,423,348	137,825	118,612	(19,213)	341,716	355,837	14,121	76.0%
Facility Maintenance	48,598	8,409	4,050	(4,359)	14,545	12,150	(2,396)	70.1%
Electricity - CNG & Hydrogen	921,000	83,248	76,750	(6,498)	238,623	230,250	(8,373)	74.1%
Natural Gas	1,095,000	99,160	91,250	(7,910)	267,347	273,750	6,403	75.6%
Water and Gas	7,900	515	658	143	1,799	1,975	176	77.2%
Insurance Losses	1,781,829	123,872	148,486	24,614	342,511	445,457	102,946	80.8%
Insurance Premium - Property	24,737	2,754	2,061	(692)	8,262	6,184	(2,077)	66.6%
Repair Claims	50,000	812	4,167	3,355	5,241	12,500	7,259	89.5%
Fuel Taxes	134,400	7,500	11,200	3,700	23,946	33,600	9,654	82.2%
Other Expenses	4,949,976	357,705	412,498	54,793	922,374	1,237,494	315,120	81.4%
Self Consumed Fuel	(1,936,155)	(188,230)	(161,346)	(26,883)	(522,665)	(484,039)	38,626	73.0%
Total Operating Expenses (Before Depreciation)	40,840,150	3,136,698	3,403,346	266,647	9,090,358	10,210,038	1,119,680	77.7%
Operating Expenses in Excess of Operating Revenue		\$ (2,890,724)			\$ (8,362,454)			
Subsidies:								
Local - Measure A, Commuter 10, Haul Pass	6,228,744	482,836	519,062	36,226	1,396,775	1,557,186	160,411	77.6%
State - LTF, LCTOP	11,337,000	878,814	944,750	65,936	2,542,285	2,834,250	291,965	77.6%
Federal - CMAQ,5307,5309,5310,5311,5311(f),5312	6,162,705	477,717	513,559	35,842	1,381,966	1,540,676	158,710	77.6%
CARES Act 5307, 5311, 5311(f)	13,562,860	1,051,357	1,130,238	78,881	3,041,427	3,390,715	349,288	77.6%
Total Subsidies	37,291,309	2,890,724	3,107,609	216,885	8,362,454	9,322,827	960,373	77.6%
Net Operating Gain (Loss) After Subsidies	<u> </u>	\$ Page 1	9 of 225		\$ -			

Current Month

Fiscal Year-to-Date

		r iscar rear-to-bate						
Description	FY21 Total Budget	Actual	Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	FYTD Actual	FY21 FYTD Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Percentage Remaining
Operating Expenses:								
Wages & Benefits	27,606,063	2,144,712	2,300,505	155,794	6,446,964	6,901,516	454,552	76.6%
Services	3,930,788	307,807	327,566	19,759	736,015	982,697	246,682	81.3%
Fuels & Lubricants	2,458,579	193,905	204,882	10,976	546,432	614,645	68,213	77.8%
Tires	226,381	18,663	18,865	202	46,688	56,595	9,907	79.4%
Materials and Supplies	1,859,844	184,919	154,987	(29,932)	476,314	464,961	(11,353)	74.4%
Utilities	2,310,240	211,176	192,520	(18,656)	585,146	577,560	(7,586)	74.7%
Casualty & Liability	2,890,550	212,995	240,879	27,885	616,925	722,638	105,713	78.7%
Taxes and Fees	134,400	7,500	11,200	3,700	23,946	33,600	9,654	82.2%
Miscellaneous Expenses	1,359,460	43,252	113,288	70,036	134,594	339,865	205,271	90.1%
Self Consumed Fuel	(1,936,155)	(188,230)	(161,346)	(26,883)	(522,665)	(484,039)	38,626	73.0%
Total Operating Expenses (Before Depreciation)	40,840,150	3,136,698	3,403,346	266,647	9,090,358	10,210,038	1,119,680	77.7%
Revenues:								
Passenger Revenue	1,399,824	3,789	116,652	(112,863)	8,201	349,956	(341,755)	99.4%
Other Revenue	2,149,017	242,186	179,085	63,101	719,703	537,254	182,449	66.5%
Total Operating Revenue	3,548,841	245,975	295,737	(49,762)	727,904	887,210	(159,306)	79.5%
Net Operating Gain (Loss)		\$ (2,890,724)			\$ (8,362,454)			
Subsidies:								
Local - Measure A, Commuter 10, Haul Pass	6,228,744	482,836	519,062	36,226	1,396,775	1,557,186	160,411	77.6%
State - LTF, LCTOP	11,337,000	878,814	944,750	65,936	2,542,285	2,834,250	291,965	77.6%
Federal - CMAQ,5307,5309,5310,5311,5311(f),5312	6,162,705	477,717	513,559	35,842	1,381,966	1,540,676	158,710	77.6%
CARES Act 5307, 5311, 5311(f)	13,562,860	1,051,357	1,130,238	78,881	3,041,427	3,390,715	(349,288)	77.6%
Total Subsidies	37,291,309	2,890,724	3,107,609	216,885	8,362,454	9,322,827	960,373	77.6%
Net Operating Gain (Loss) After Subsidies	\$ -	\$ -			\$ -			

Passenger Revenue - Unfavorable

- The negative variance in passenger fares is attributed to a decrease in ridership and no fare collection as of March 17, 2020. Local fixed route and paratransit bus service will be provided free of charge until further notice. The Agency is taking precautions to provide the recommended social distancing and to help the community in these uncertain times.
- For September, ridership was at 46.50% below FY20 FYTD totals.
- Total system ridership was 453,449 trips below FY20 FYTD amounts.

Ridership							
	FY20-September	FY21-September	Variance	%∆			
Fixed Route	338,300	166,293	(172,007)	-50.8%			
Paratransit	12,873	5,491	(7,382)	-57.3%			
SolVan	1,304	1,307	3	0.2%			
System Total	352,477	173,091	(179,386)	-50.9%			

Ridership								
	FYTD-FY20	FYTD-FY21	Variance	%∆				
Fixed Route	931,307	501,778	(429,529)	-46.1%				
Paratransit	38,842	15,250	(23,592)	-60.7%				
SolVan	4,052	3,724	(328)	-8.1%				
System Total	974,201	520,752	(453,449)	-46.5%				

Other Revenue - Favorable

- The favorable variance is attributed to a large amount of advertising revenue in July & August and accrued CNG rebate revenue. CNG revenue will be weighted more in the first half of FY21.
- CNG rebate was federally approved through the end of calendar year 2020.

Operator & Mechanic Salaries & Wages - Favorable

• The favorable balance is primarily attributed to expenses that have not yet been incurred for the Refueled initiative which will be implemented in the second half of FY21.

Operator & Mechanic Overtime - Favorable

• The favorable balance is primarily attributed to the low amount of overtime scheduled in the modified service due to COVID-19.

Administration Salaries & Wages - Favorable

• The favorable variance in administrative salaries and wages is attributed to vacant positions across the Agency (e.g. Human Resources Generalist, Field Supervisor, ZEB Administrator).

Administration Overtime - Favorable

• Administrative overtime is a variable expense dependent on the needs of the Agency and holiday work schedules.

Fringe Benefits - Favorable

• The favorable balance is primarily attributed to expenses that have not yet been incurred for the Refueled initiative which will be implemented in the second half of FY21.

Communications - Favorable

· Communication expenditures are within an acceptable range of the budgeted amount.

Legal Services - Favorable

• Legal service fees are a variable cost that changes depending on usage; expenditures vary from month-to-month.

Computer/Network Software Agreement - Favorable

• Software agreement expenditures are dependent on annual renewals of software agreements. The expenses vary month-to-month.

Uniforms - Favorable

• Uniform expenditures are within an acceptable range of the budgeted amount.

Contracted Services - Favorable

• The favorable expenses are primarily attributed to lower use of the public relations/marketing consultant in the first quarter of the FY. The usage is scheduled to increase as more hours are allocated to the Refueled initiative.

Equipment Repairs - Favorable

• Equipment repair costs vary depending on the needs of the Agency (i.e., Shop Equipment, Farebox). Farebox repairs have been reduced due to the temporary free service related to COVID-19.

Security Services - Unfavorable

• Security service expenditures are within an acceptable range of the budgeted amount.

Fuel - CNG - Unfavorable

• Internal consumption has decreased by 60,665 GGEs compared to FY20 FYTD amounts.

The lower internal consumption is primarily attributed to service redesign projects not yet initiated. The redesign will include streamlined routes and increased frequency.

Internal GGE Usage

	GGE Usage	Variance FY20 vs. FY21	Variance Previous Month	%∆ FY20 vs FY21	% <u>∆</u> Previous Month
September FY20	118,442				
September FY21	96,339	(22,103)	(4,143)	-18.66%	-4.12%
August FY21	100,482				
FYTD September FY20	356,027				
FYTD September FY21	295,362	(60,665)		-17.04%	

Fuel - Hydrogen - Favorable

· Hydrogen usage will increase with additional usage and the addition of more hydrogen vehicles.

Tires - Favorable

• The lower tire expenditures are primarily attributed to redesign route projects that have not yet commenced.

Office Supplies - Favorable

• Office supplies are a variable expense; costs change throughout the year as supplies are needed.

Travel/Training - Favorable

• Travel & training savings can be attributed to different times at which training sessions are attended. Additionally, COVID-19 restrictions will affect staff travel.

Repair Parts - Favorable

• The favorable balance is primarily attributed to savings for fixed route repairs in the month of July.

Facility Maintenance - Unfavorable

• The unfavorable balance is primarily attributed to emergency repairs in the month of September.

Electricity - CNG & Hydrogen - Unfavorable

• The unfavorable balance in electricity expenditures is primarily attributed to increased costs associated with cooling needs of hydrogen production in the summer months.

Natural Gas - Favorable

- In September, there was an increase of 10,925 GGEs used for outside fueling sales compared to the previous month.
- GGE outside usage has increased 30,609 GGEs compared to FY20 FYTD amounts.

Outside GGE Usage

	GGE Usage	Variance FY20 vs. FY21	Variance Previous Month	%∆ FY20 vs FY21	%∆ Previous Month
September FY20	12,689				
September FY21	23,614	10,925	1,429	86.10%	6.44%
August FY21	22,185				
FYTD September FY20	42,084				
FYTD September FY21	72,693	30,609		72.73%	

Water and Gas - Favorable

• Water and gas expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Insurance Losses - Favorable

• Insurance losses can vary widely from month-to-month.

Insurance Premium - Property - Unfavorable

• Expenses for property insurance premiums are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Repair Claims - Favorable

• Repair claim expenses vary month-to-month.

Fuel Taxes - Favorable

- Outside fueling sales are currently \$82,576 above FY20 FYTD amounts.
- For September, sales have increased by \$3,991 from the previous month.
- The favorable variance in fuel taxes is due to lower fuel sales.

Outside Fueling Revenue

						%∆	%∆
			Variance		Variance	FY20 vs	Previous
	Revenue	F۱	Y20 vs. FY21	Pre	evious Month	FY21	Month
September FY20	\$ 33,837						
September FY21	\$ 63,399	\$	29,562	\$	3,991	87.36%	6.72%
August FY21	\$ 59,408						
FYTD September FY20	\$ 112,960						
FYTD September FY21	\$ 195,536	\$	82,576			73.10%	

Other Expenses - Favorable

• Costs vary from month-to-month depending on the needs of the Agency or when programs are active (e.g., medical exams and testing, consulting fees, recruiting employees, printing services, temporary help services, SunRide Rideshare, Vanpool).

Self-Consumed Fuel - Favorable

• The favorable variance in self-consumed fuel is due to lower internal fuel consumption.

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Contracts Signed Between \$25,000 and \$100,000 for October 2020

Summary:

In accordance with Chapter 2, Section 1.2 of the Procurement Policy, the attached report summarizes SunLine's contracts signed in excess of \$25,000 and less than \$100,000. This ensures the Board is aware of the obligations entered into under the CEO/General Manager's authority.

- For the month of October 2020, there was one (1) agreement executed between \$25,000 and \$100,000.
- Contract executed:

Vendor	Purpose
Trapeze	Trapeze Consulting Services

Recommendation:

Contracts Signed Between \$25,000 and \$100,000

October 2020

Vendor	Product/Service	Need	Budgeted	Budgeted Amount	Cost	Туре
Trapeze	Trapeze Consulting Services	Consulting services for scheduling support.	FY21 Budget	\$ 345,000.00	\$ 41,375.00	Executed Agreement

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Union & Non-Union Pension Investment Asset Summary September 2020

Summary:

The pension asset summary demonstrates the market value of all assets as well as the total asset allocation for SunLine's union and non-union retirement plans. The following table states the target and range values for asset allocations based on the current investment policy:

	Target	Range
Equities	60%	35 – 75%
Fixed Income	40%	25 – 64%
Cash & Equivalent	0%	0 – 10%

For the month of September, SunLine's investments fell within the approved range of investment type for the union and non-union assets.

Union

	Actual	Range
Equities	61.04%	35 – 75%
Fixed Income	38.03%	25 – 64%
Cash & Equivalent	0.93%	0 – 10%

Non-Union

	Actual	Range
Equities	61.07%	35 – 75%
Fixed Income	37.97%	25 – 64%
Cash & Equivalent	0.96%	0 – 10%

For the month of September, the market value of assets decreased by \$479,998 and \$501,520 for the union and non-union plans, respectively. Overall market performance during September 2020 decreased compared to the gains in the first portion of the calendar year. Overall the year-to-date plan assets are still at

an estimated positive gain of \$2,167,277 and \$2,078,681 for the union and non-union plans, respectively.

Month-to-Month Asset Comparison

Month	Market Value - Union	Market Value – Non-Union				
August 2020	\$33,434,267	\$33,663,845				
September 2020	\$32,954,269	\$33,162,325				
Increase (Decrease)	(\$479,998)	(\$501,520)				

Recommendation:

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY - UNION ACCOUNT 6746032000

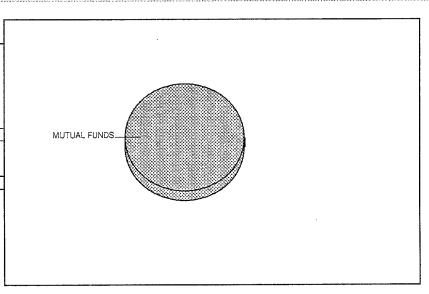


Page 7 of 38 Period from September 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020

ASSET SUMMARY

ASSETS	09/30/2020 MARKET	09/30/2020 BOOK VALUE	% OF MARKET
Cash And Equivalents	307,707.19	307,707.19	0.93
Mutual Funds-Equity	20,112,652.37	7,415,284.17	61.04
Mutual Funds-Fixed Income	12,533,900.08	12,164,193.68	38.03
Total Assets	32,954,259.64	19,887,185.04	100.00
Accrued Income	9.60	9.60	0.00
Grand Total	32,954,269.24	19,887,194.64	100.00

Estimated Annual Income 731,398.73



ASSET SUMMARY MESSAGES

Estimated Annual Income is an estimate provided for informational purposes only and should not be relied on for making investment, trading, or tax decisions. The estimates may not represent the actual value earned by your investments and they provide no guarantee of what your investments may earn in the future.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY - NON-UNION ACCOUNT 6746032100

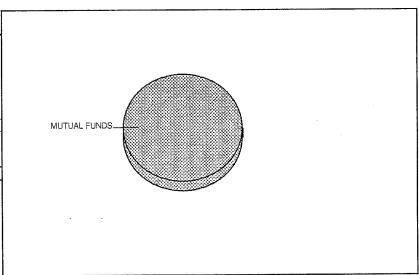


Page 7 of 36 Period from September 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020

ASSET SUMMARY

ASSETS	09/30/2020 MARKET	09/30/2020 BOOK VALUE I	% OF MARKET
Cash And Equivalents	318,393.67	318,393.67	0.96
Mutual Funds-Equity	20,252,631.83	7,450,657.84	61.07
Mutual Funds-Fixed Income	12,591,290.53	12,221,070.79	37.97
Total Assets	33,162,316.03	19,990,122.30	100.00
Accrued Income	9.55	9.55	0.00
Grand Total	33,162,325.58	19,990,131.85	100.00

Estimated Annual Income 735,395.05



ASSET SUMMARY MESSAGES

Estimated Annual Income is an estimate provided for informational purposes only and should not be relied on for making investment, trading, or tax decisions. The estimates may not represent the actual value earned by your investments and they provide no guarantee of what your investments may earn in the future.

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Ridership Report for October 2020

Summary:

Mon	thly Ridership	Monthly Variance			
	Oct 19	Oct 20	Net	Percent	
Fixed Route	384,795	185,159	(199,636)	-51.9%	
SolVan	1,369	1,384	15	1.1%	
Sundial	13,924	6,098	(7,826)	-56.2%	
System Total	400,088	192,641	(207,447)	-51.9%	

The COVID-19 pandemic caused a major national and global disruption with the closures of businesses, schools, entertainment venues, and the enforcement of state and local public health policies. In October 2020, the adverse effects of COVID-19 on SunLine's system-wide ridership caused a decrease of 207,447 rides or -51.9% compared to the same month of the previous year.

Consequently, the fiscal year-to-date system ridership dropped by 660,896 rides or -48.1% compared to the previous fiscal year. Two new supplemental charts are included to demonstrate fixed route and paratransit ridership trends, and the percentage of ridership recovered.

October 2020 Fiscal Year-to-Date Ridership								
Fiscal Year 2020	1,374,289							
Fiscal Year 2021	713,393							
Ridership Decrease	(660,896)							

Recommendation:



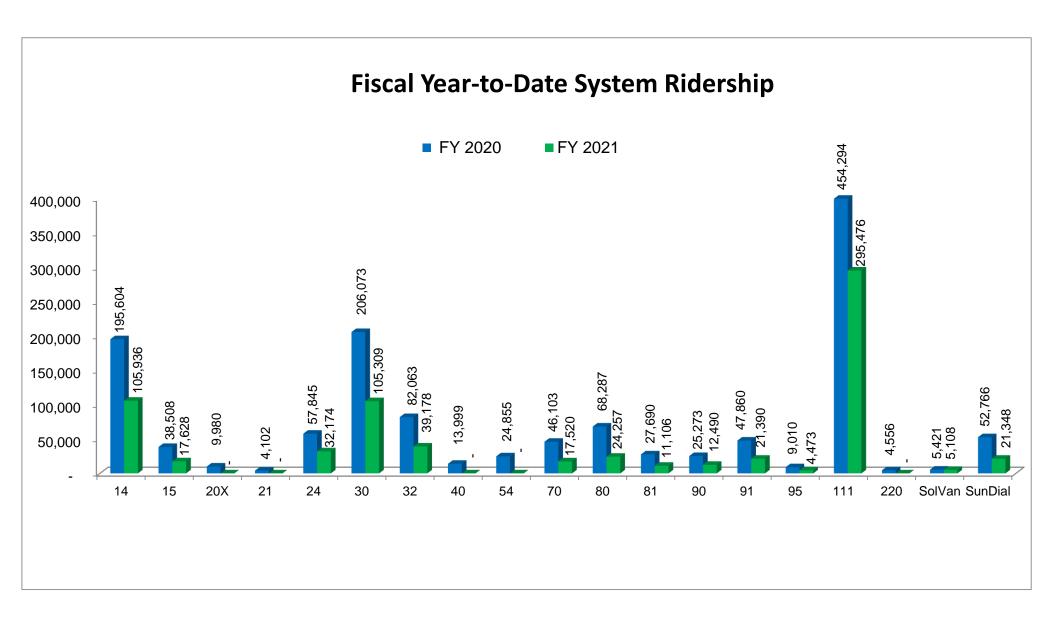
SunLine Transit Agency Monthly Ridership Report October 2020

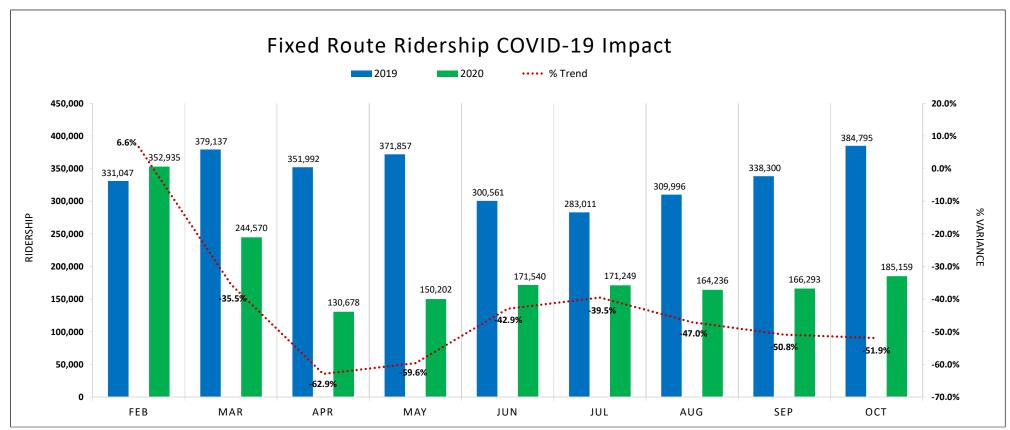
FY 2021 & 2020

	Final Panta	Oct 2020	Oct 2019	Sep 2020	Month	%	FY 2021	FY 2020	YTD	% V. [Dil		I 1471I	-1
Route	Fixed Route Description			-	Var.	Var.	YTD	YTD	Var.	Var.	Bike Monthly	s YTD	Monthly	chairs YTD
14	DHS/PS	27,503	53,684	25,428	(26,181)	-48.8%	105,936	195,604	(89,668)	-45.8%	1,108	4,292	460	1,820
15	DHS	4,407	11,263	3,730	(6,856)	-60.9%	17,628	38,508	(20,880)	-54.2%	68	311	114	518
20X	DHS/PD	-	3,440	-	(3,440)	-100.0%	_	9,980		-100.0%	-	-		-
21	PD	-	1,646	-	(1,646)	-100.0%	-	4,102	(4,102)	-100.0%	-	-		-
24	PS	7,891	17,103	8,137	(9,212)	-53.9%	32,174	57,845	(25,671)	-44.4%	350	1,455	229	797
30	CC/PS	27,426	58,119	23,993	(30,693)	-52.8%	105,309	206,073	(100,764)	-48.9%	1,157	5,145	538	1,885
32	PD/RM/TP/CC/PS	11,321	23,869	10,177	(12,548)	-52.6%	39,178	82,063	(42,885)	-52.3%	574	2,121	158	528
40	PS/BUZZ	-	4,809	-	(4,809)	-100.0%	-	13,999	(13,999)	-100.0%	-	-	-	-
54	Indio/LQ/IW/PD	-	8,692	-	(8,692)	-100.0%	-	24,855	(24,855)	-100.0%	-	-	-	-
70	LQ/BD	5,709	15,168	4,277	(9,459)	-62.4%	17,520	46,103	(28,583)	-62.0%	322	1,393	86	228
80	Indio	6,982	22,890	5,525	(15,908)	-69.5%	24,257	68,287	(44,030)	-64.5%	254	1,006	66	286
81	Indio	3,104	9,444	2,653	(6,340)	-67.1%	11,106	27,690	(16,584)	-59.9%	85	485	15	93
90	Coachella/Indio	3,194	6,647	3,248	(3,453)	-51.9%	12,490	25,273	(12,783)	-50.6%	76	377	38	192
91	I/Cch/Th/Mec/Oas	5,792	14,442	5,381	(8,650)	-59.9%	21,390	47,860	(26,470)	-55.3%	210	767	69	220
95	I/Cch/Th/Mec/NS	1,254	2,330	1,117	(1,076)	-46.2%	4,473	9,010	(4,537)	-50.4%	35	183	9	32
111	PS to Indio	80,576	129,980	72,627	(49,404)	-38.0%	295,476	454,294	(158,818)	-35.0%	3,850	16,159	1,192	4,289
220	PD to Riverside	-	1,269	-	(1,269)	-100.0%	-	4,556	(4,556)	-100.0%		-		13
	Fixed Route Total	185,159	384,795	166,293	(199,636)	-51.9%	686,937	1,316,102	(629,165)	-47.8%	8,089	33,694	2,974	10,901
SolVan	_	1,384	1,369	1,307	15	1.1%	5,108	5,421	(313)	-5.8%				
	Demand Response													
SunDial		6,098	13,924	5,491	(7,826)	-56.2%	21,348	52,766	(31,418)	-59.5%				
	System Total	192,641	400,088	173,091	(207,447)	-51.9%	713,393	1,374,289	(660,896)	-48.1%				
	Weekdays:	Oct-20 22	Oct-19 23	Sep-20 22										
	Saturdays:	5	4	4										
	Sundays:	4	4	4										
	Total Days:	31	31	30										

On Wednesday, March 18th, 2020, SunLine implemented fare-free rides and rear door boardings in response to the potential spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19). Due to this implementation, there is no data available for the Haul Pass Program or Mobile Ticketing for October 2020.

SunLine Transit Agency Fiscal Year-to-Date Ridership October - 2020





The COVID-19 pandemic caused a major national and global disruption with closures of businesses, schools and entertainment venues due to the implementation of national and statewide public health policies.

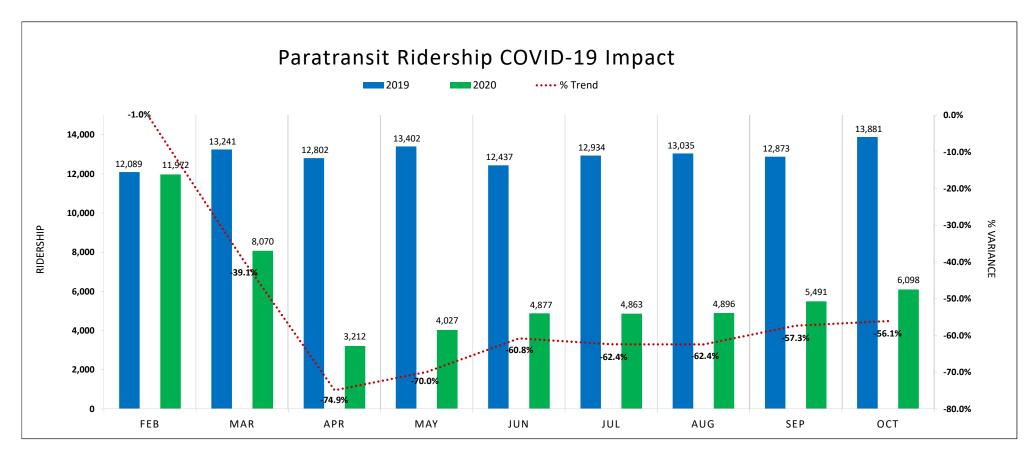
Since March 21, 2020 SunLine has been operating at a reduced level of service (Level-3) in response to the potential spread of the disease.

Ridership:

FY 2019 Actual = 4,039,450

FY 2020 Actual = 3,379,520

FY 2021 SRTP Predicted = 3,761,953



The COVID-19 pandemic caused a major national and global disruption with closures of businesses, schools and entertainment venues due to the implementation of national and statewide public health policies. Since March 25, 2020 SunDial has been operating one on one off service in response to the potential spread of the disease.

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

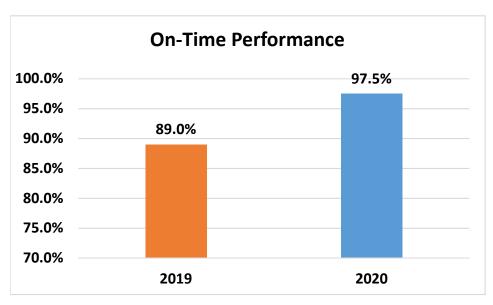
RE: SunDial Operational Notes for October 2020

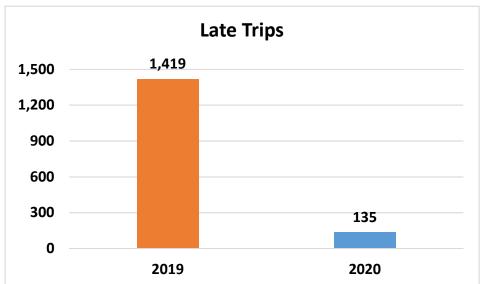
Summary:

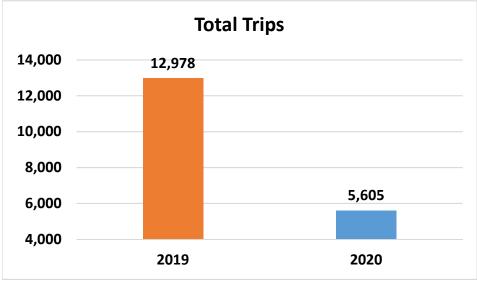
The attached report summarizes SunDial's operation for October 2020. There was a 9.5% increase in on-time performance. There were a total of 135 late trips compared to last year which had 1,419. The total trips decreased by 56.8% from the same period last year and the total passengers decreased by 56.0%. The total miles traveled decreased by 25.1%. Field supervisors utilizing CDC guidelines for social distancing continue to perform onboard inspections and safety evaluations which include pre-trips and yard checks. Mobility device boardings have decreased by 58.5%.

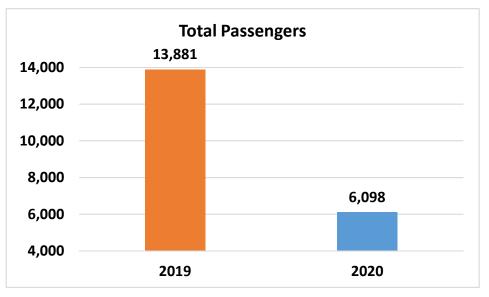
Recommendation:

SunDial Operational Charts OCTOBER 2019 vs. 2020



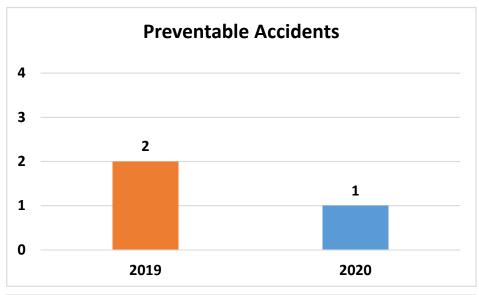


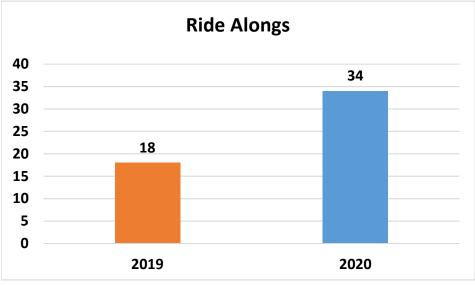


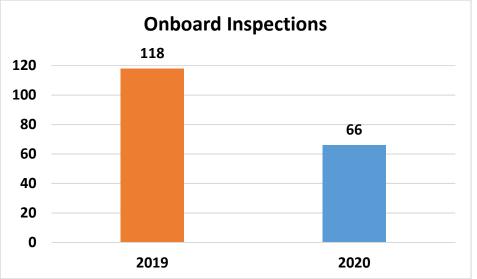


SunDial Operational Charts OCTOBER 2019 vs. 2020

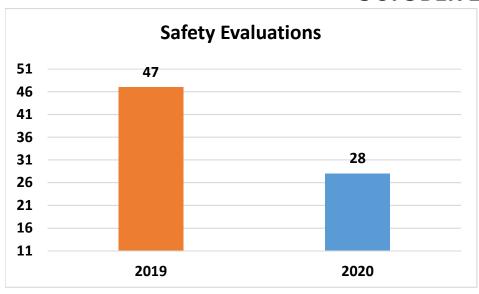


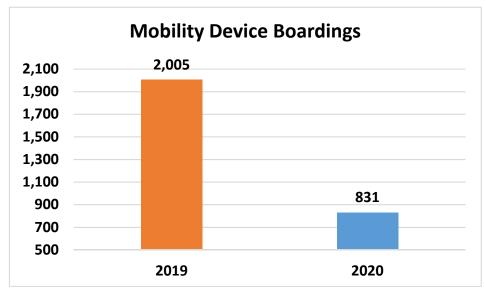






SunDial Operational Charts OCTOBER 2019 vs. 2020





SunLine Transit Agency

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

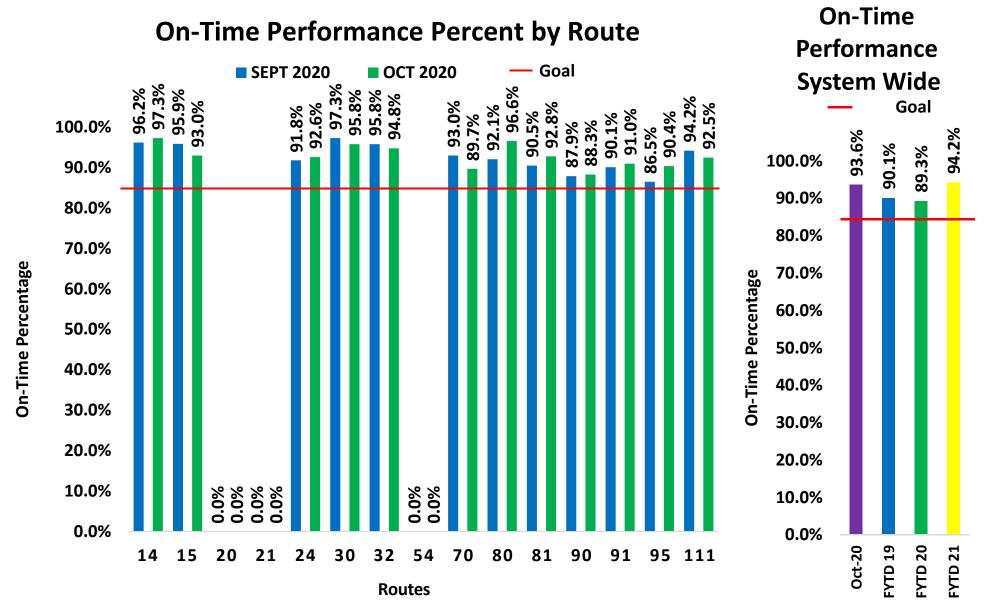
RE: Metrics for October 2020

Summary:

The metrics packet includes data highlighting on-time performance, early departures, late departures, late cancellations, driver absences, advertising revenue, fixed route customer feedback, paratransit customer feedback, and system performance.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.



Definition: "On-time" - When a trip departs a time point within the range of zero minutes early to five minutes late.

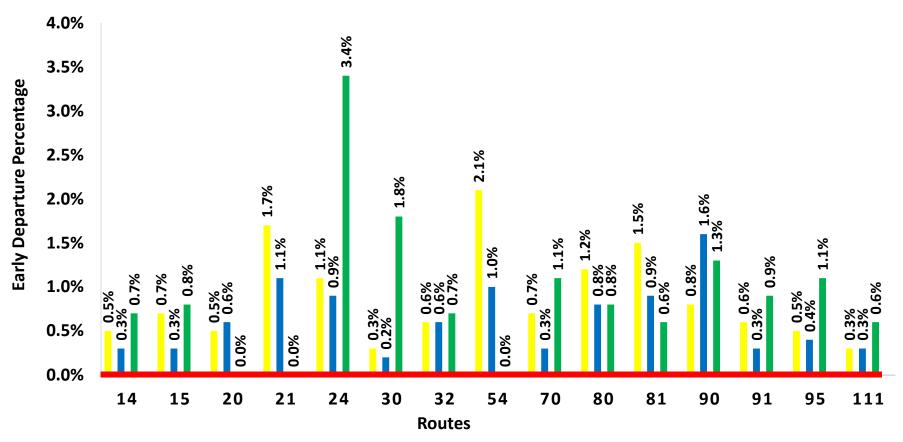
Goal: Minimum target for On-Time performance is 85%.

Exceptions: Detours, train stuck on tracks, passenger problems, information technology system issues.

Early Departures by Route FYTD

Through October 2020



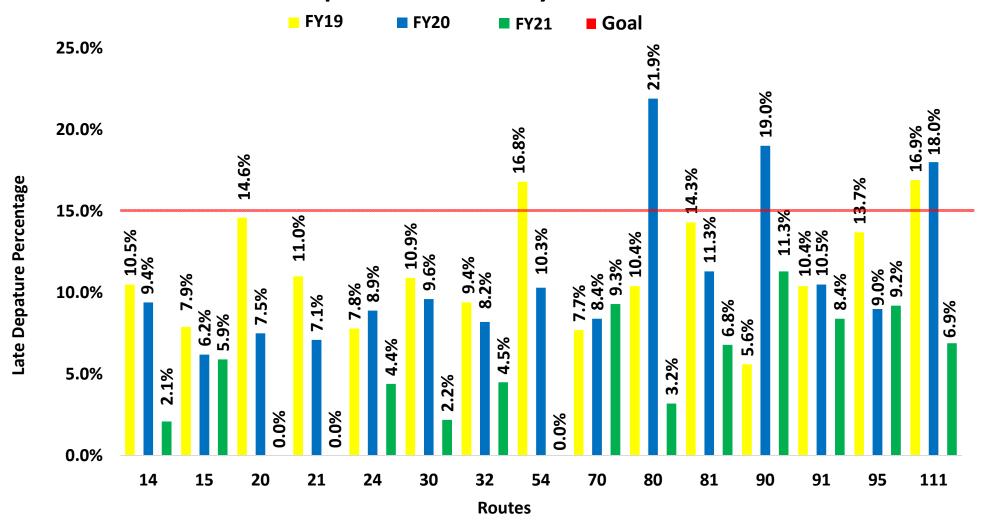


Definition: When a bus leaves a time point, ahead of the scheduled departure time.

FY19

Goal: To reduce early departures to 0% for each route.

Late Departure Percent by Route October



Late Definition: When a bus leaves a time point after the scheduled departure time.

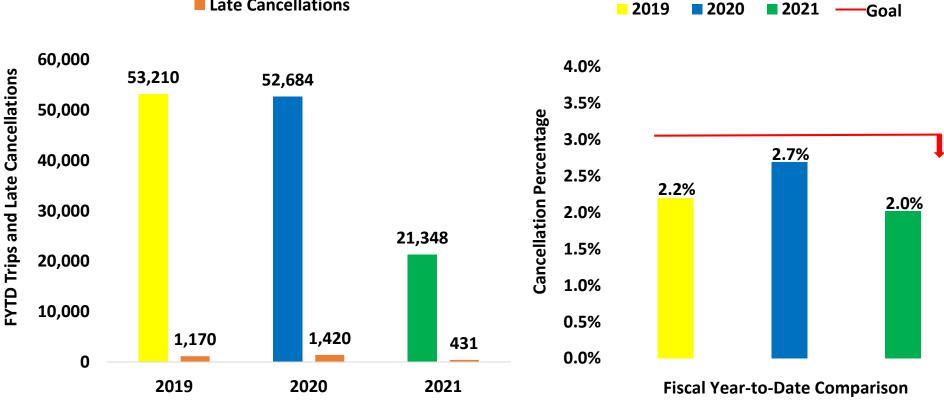
The route is running late with a departure greater than 5 minutes.

Goal: To reduce late departures to 15%.

Total Trips vs. Late Cancellations FYTD Through October

■ Late Cancellations

Late Cancellation Percentage FYTD

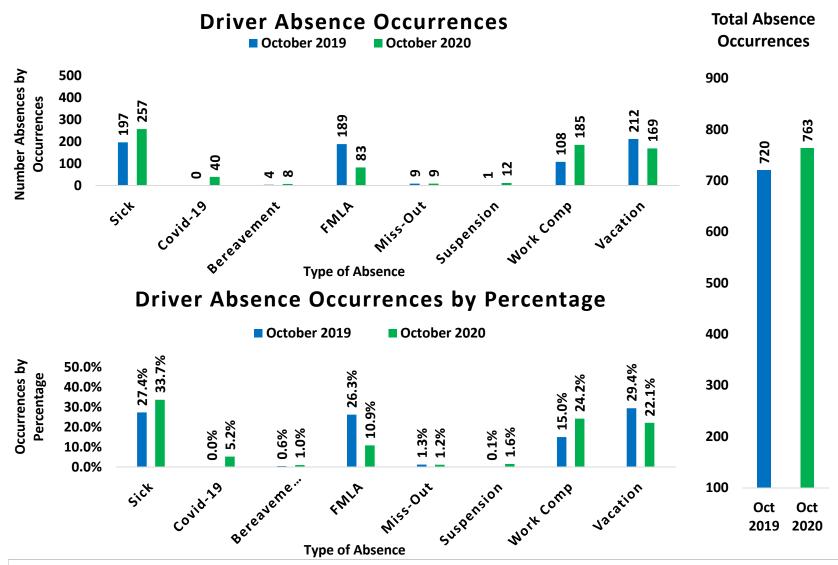


Trip: A one-way ride booked by the client. A round trip is counted as two trips.

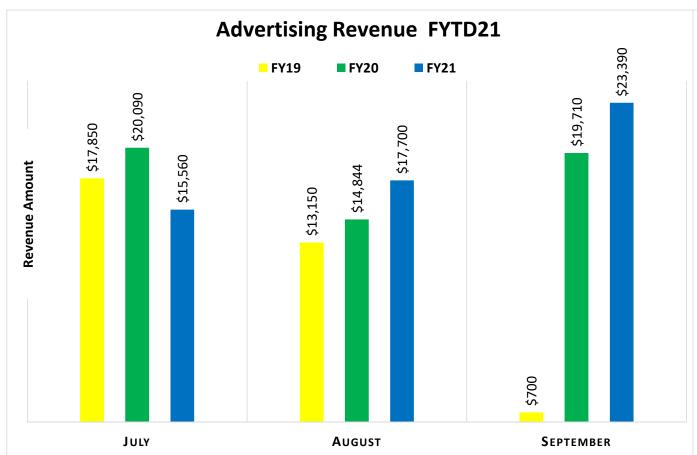
Late cancellation: A trip for which an ADA client does not cancel within two (2) hours before the scheduled pick up time.

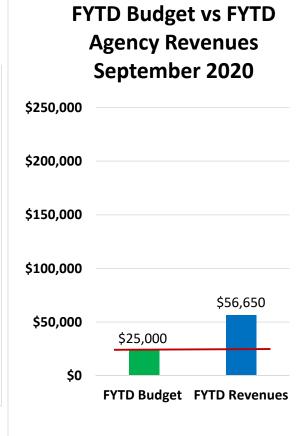
Goal for Late Cancellations: 3% or below.

Total Trips: Total one way trips completed.

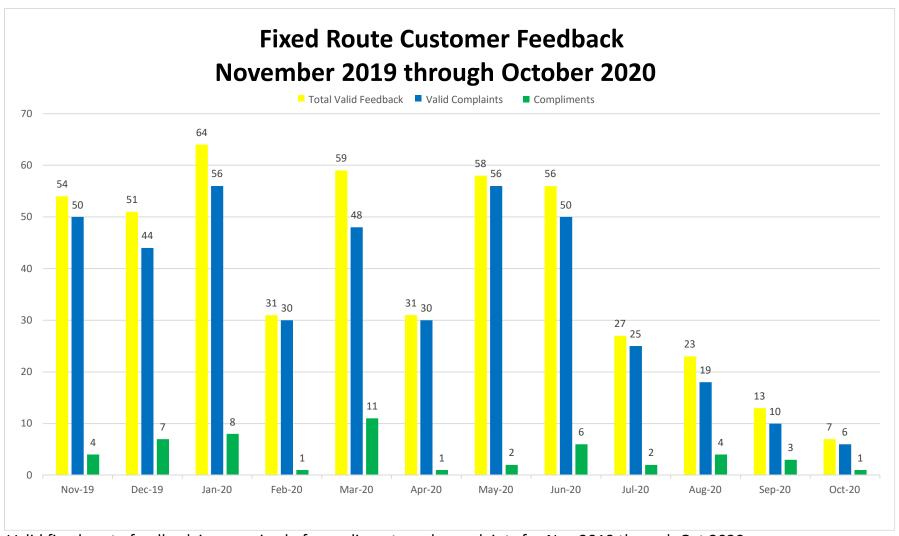


Goal: Reduce by 2% from previous year by enforcing attendance policy regularly and monitor trending. Absences include unplanned/unscheduled for Fixed Route drivers.

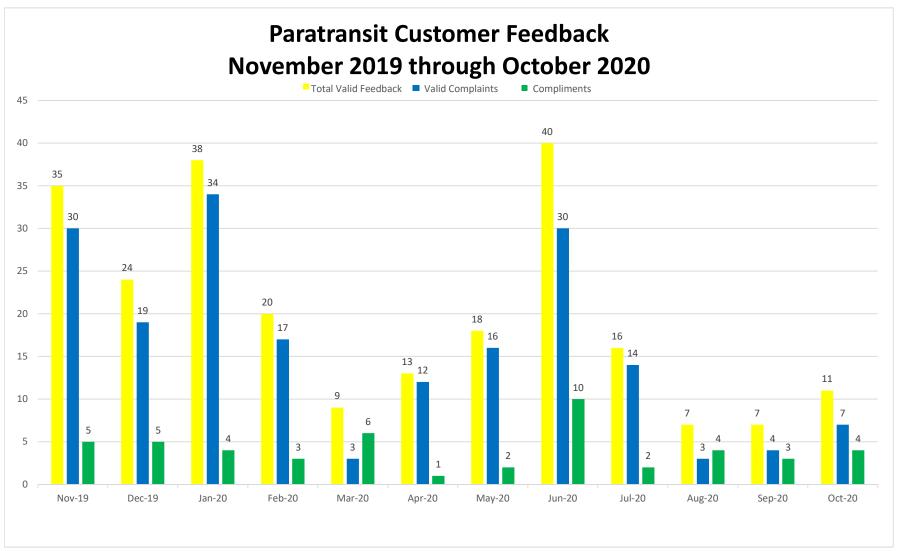




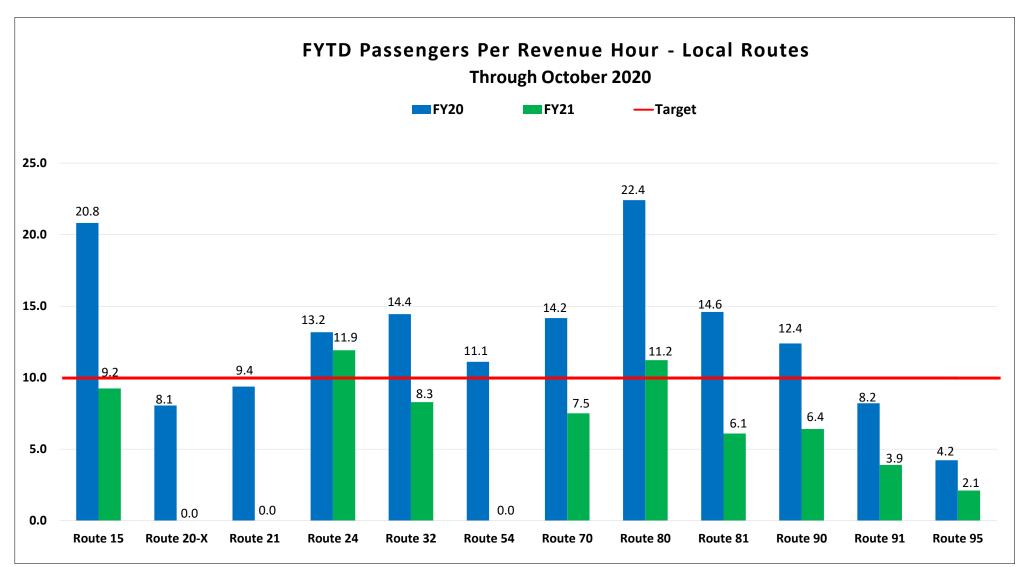
Advertising revenue tracks revenue of invoiced contracts for bus shelter and bus wrap advertising. This section of the chart compares the FYTD21 against FYTD19 and FYTD20 totals. The graph tracks FYTD revenue accrued vs the FYTD budget. The annual budget amount for FY21 is \$100,000.



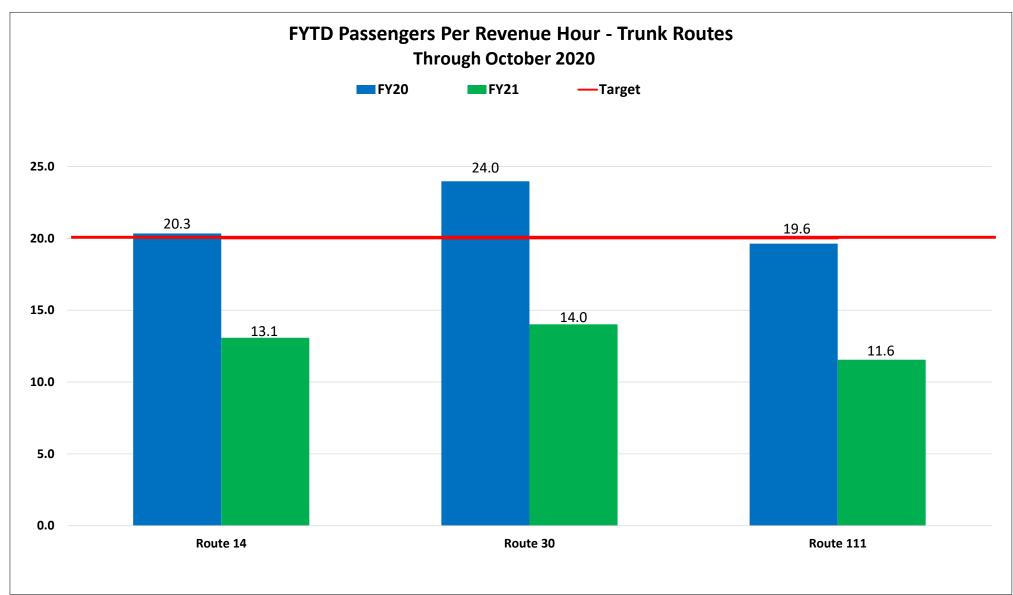
Valid fixed route feedback is comprised of compliments and complaints for Nov 2019 through Oct 2020



Valid paratransit feedback is comprised of compliments and complaints for Nov 2019 through Oct 2020



The chart above represents the system performance on local routes for Passengers Per Revenue Hour (PPRH). The target for local fixed routes is 10 PPRH. The FY21 goal is based on Board approved Service Standards Policy (B-190613). Local routes are secondary routes that connect to the trunk routes and supplement the SunBus network.



The chart above represents the system performance on trunk routes for Passengers Per Revenue Hour (PPRH).

The target for trunk fixed routes is 20 PPRH. The FY21 goal is based on Board approved Service Standards Policy (B-190613).

Trunk routes are highly traveled corridors serving a variety of trip purposes and connect a variety of regional destinations.

SunLine Transit Agency

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Quarterly Performance Summary for Q3 of Calendar Year 2020

Summary:

The following quarterly reports demonstrate the performance of the bargaining and non-bargaining pension plans for the third quarter of calendar year 2020. The report shows market value, asset allocation percentage and performance compared to benchmarks.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.

	Allocation			Performance(%)						
	Market Value (\$)	%	1 Quarter	Year To Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date	
Total Fund	32,953,620	100.00	6.08	6.07	12.10	7.95	N/A	8.47	07/01/2017	
Blended Benchmark			5.80	6.65	12.49	9.50	N/A	9.76	07/01/2017	
PFM Blended Benchmark			5.18	4.23	9.90	7.25	N/A	7.78	07/01/2017	
Equities	20,112,652	61.03	9.20	4.18	13.30	8.74	N/A	9.69	07/01/2017	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	12.24	07/01/2017	
PFM Blended Equity Benchmark			8.18	1.54	10.73	7.93	11.09	8.97	07/01/2017	
Vanguard Total Stock Index	37,733	0.11	9.19	5.50	15.01	11.65	13.68	12.23	07/01/2017	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	12.24	07/01/2017	
Vanguard Total Stock Market ETF	11,333,790	34.39	9.19	5.46	14.96	11.64	13.68	33.31	04/01/2020	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	33.26	04/01/2020	
Jensen Quality Growth Fund	1,239,271	3.76	9.59	6.45	15.25	14.99	16.07	13.10	04/01/2019	
S&P 500			8.93	5.57	15.15	12.28	14.15	14.27	04/01/2019	
Touchstone Mid Cap Fund	509,860	1.55	7.89	-1.34	3.64	11.68	13.06	7.89	07/01/2020	
Russell Midcap Index			7.46	-2.35	4.55	7.13	10.13	7.46	07/01/2020	
Vanguard Total International Stock ETF	2,791,878	8.47	6.47	-4.79	3.82	1.28	6.33	25.76	04/01/2020	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	23.38	04/01/2020	
J. O. Hambro International Select	2,137,601	6.49	9.81	14.61	23.30	9.20	10.58	10.34	07/01/2017	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	2.95	07/01/2017	
Harding Loevner International Equity	1,401,578	4.25	8.63	3.61	14.04	5.28	10.24	8.63	07/01/2020	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	6.25	07/01/2020	
Hartford Schroders Emerging Markets Equity	660,941	2.01	11.23	1.99	13.51	4.12	10.61	0.93	03/01/2018	
MSCI EM (net)	The second secon		9.56	-1.16	10.54	2.42	8.97	-1.27	03/01/2018	



	Allocati		Performance(%)						
	Market Value (\$)	%	1 Quarter	Year To Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Fixed Income	12,533,251	38.03	1.63	4.98	5.47	4.85	N/A	4.83	07/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	5.10	07/01/2017
Baird Core Plus	3,329,888	10.10	1.37	7.25	7.82	5.71	5.01	5.60	07/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	5.10	07/01/2017
DoubleLine Core Fixed Income	1,601,780	4.86	1.84	3.82	4.15	4.04	3.90	3.80	09/01/2017
PGIM Total Return Bond Fund	3,920,949	11.90	1.78	5.59	5.97	5.65	5.30	5.37	09/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	4.93	09/01/2017
Voya Intermediate Bond	2,101,726	6.38	1.73	6.29	6.53	5.46	4.92	6.29	01/01/2020
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	6.79	01/01/2020
iShares Intermediate-Term Corporate Bond ETF	814,307	2.47	1.83	7.01	8.40	6.80	5.33	8.40	10/01/2019
ICE BofAML U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index			1.94	7.24	8.62	6.61	6.10	8.62	10/01/2019
iShares JP Morgan USD Emerging Mkts Bond ETF	394,436	1.20	2.39	-0.47	1.52	3.13	5.77	2.39	07/01/2020
JPM EMBI Global Diversified			2.32	-0.51	1.29	3.49	6.15	2.32	07/01/2020
iShares iBoxx \$ High Yield Corporate Bond ETF	370,167	1.12	2.39	-0.47	1.52	3.13	5.77	2.39	07/01/2020
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High Yield Very Liquid Ind			4.54	-0.08	2.65	3.98	6.48	4.54	07/01/2020
Cash Equivalent	307,717	0.93	0.01	0.37	0.78	1.46	N/A	1.42	07/01/2017
First American Prime Obligation - Z	307,717	0.93	0.03	0.50	0.97	1.68	1.21	1.64	07/01/2017



	Allocat	Allocation			Performance(%)					
	Market Value (\$)	%	1 Quarter	Year To Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date	
Total Fund - Non-Bargaining	33,161,734	100.00	6.08	6.06	12.09	7.93	N/A	8.46	07/01/2017	
Blended Benchmark			5.80	6.65	12.49	9.50	N/A	9.76	07/01/2017	
PFM Blended Benchmark			5.18	4.23	9.90	7.25	N/A	7.78	07/01/2017	
Equities	20,252,632	61.07	9.20	4.18	13.30	8.68	N/A	9.64	07/01/2017	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	12.24	07/01/2017	
PFM Blended Equity Benchmark			8.18	1.54	10.73	7.93	11.09	10.70	01/01/2017	
Vanguard Total Stock Index	38,047	0.11	9.19	5.50	15.01	11.65	13.68	12.23	07/01/2017	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	12.24	07/01/2017	
Vanguard Total Stock Market ETF	11,416,220	34.43	9.19	5.46	14.96	11.64	13.68	33.31	04/01/2020	
Russell 3000 Index			9.21	5.41	15.00	11.65	13.69	33.26	04/01/2020	
Jensen Quality Growth Fund	1,249,685	3.77	9.59	6.45	15.25	14.99	16.07	13.10	04/01/2019	
S&P 500			8.93	5.57	15.15	12.28	14.15	14.27	04/01/2019	
Touchstone Mid Cap Fund	513,143	1.55	7.89	-1.34	3.64	11.68	13.06	7.89	07/01/2020	
Russell Midcap Index			7.46	-2.35	4.55	7.13	10.13	7.46	07/01/2020	
Vanguard Total International Stock ETF	2,806,798	8.46	6.47	-4.79	3.82	1.28	6.33	25.76	04/01/2020	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	23.38	04/01/2020	
J. O. Hambro International Select	2,152,207	6.49	9.81	14.61	23.30	9.20	10.58	10.34	07/01/2017	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	2.95	07/01/2017	
Harding Loevner International Equity	1,411,079	4.26	8.63	3.61	14.04	5.28	10.24	8.63	07/01/2020	
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			6.25	-5.44	3.00	1.16	6.23	6.25	07/01/2020	
Hartford Schroders Emerging Markets Equity	665,453	2.01	11.23	1.99	13.51	4.12	10.61	0.93	03/01/2018	
MSCI EM (net)			9.56	-1.16	10.54	2.42	8.97	-1.27	03/01/2018	



	Allocation			Performance(%)					
	Market Value (\$)	%	1 Quarter	Year To Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Fixed Income	12,590,699	37.97	1.63	4.99	5.47	4.85	N/A	4.84	07/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	5.10	07/01/2017
Baird Core Plus	3,349,040	10.10	1.37	7.25	7.82	5.71	5.01	5.60	07/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	5.10	07/01/2017
DoubleLine Core Fixed Income	1,611,982	4.86	1.84	3.82	4.15	4.04	3.90	3.80	09/01/2017
PGIM Total Return Bond Fund	3,943,062	11.89	1.78	5.59	5.97	5.65	5.30	5.37	09/01/2017
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	4.93	09/01/2017
Voya Intermediate Bond	2,117,136	6.38	1.73	6.29	6.53	5.46	4.92	6.29	01/01/2020
Blmbg. Barc. U.S. Aggregate			0.62	6.79	6.98	5.24	4.18	6.79	01/01/2020
iShares Intermediate-Term Corporate Bond ETF	817,165	2.46	1.83	7.01	8.40	6.80	5.33	8.40	10/01/2019
ICE BofAML U.S. Corporate 5-10 Year Index			1.94	7.24	8.62	6.61	6.10	8.62	10/01/2019
iShares JP Morgan USD Emerging Mkts Bond ETF	376,693	1.14	2.39	-0.47	1.52	3.13	5.77	2.39	07/01/2020
JPM EMBI Global Diversified			2.32	-0.51	1.29	3.49	6.15	2.32	07/01/2020
iShares iBoxx \$ High Yield Corporate Bond ETF	375,620	1.13	2.39	-0.47	1.52	3.13	5.77	2.39	07/01/2020
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High Yield Very Liquid Ind	The state of the s		4.54	-0.08	2.65	3.98	6.48	4.54	07/01/2020
Cash & Equivalent	318,403	0.96	0.01	0.37	0.78	1.46	N/A	1.42	07/01/2017
First American Prime Obligation - Z	318,403	0.96	0.03	0.50	0.97	1.68	1.21	1.64	07/01/2017



SunLine Transit Agency

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Board Member Attendance for October 2020

Summary:

The attached report summarizes the Board of Directors' attendance for Fiscal year-to-date October 2020.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.

FY 20/21		Board Member Matrix Attendance												
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total Meetings	Total Attended
Desert Hot Springs	X		Х	Х									10	3
Palm Desert	X		Х	X									10	3
Palm Springs	X		Х	X									10	3
Cathedral City	X		Х	X									10	3
Rancho Mirage	X		Χ	X									10	3
Indian Wells	X		Χ	X									10	3
La Quinta	X		Х	Х									10	3
Indio	X		Χ	X									10	3
Coachella	X		X										10	2
County of Riverside	Χ		Х	Χ									10	3

X - ATTENDED (Primary/Alternate) DARK —

SunLine Services Group

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Taxi Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Checks \$1,000 and Over Report for September 2020

Summary:

This report lists all of the checks processed at the Agency with a value of over \$1,000 for a given month. Items identified in bold font represent "pass through" payments that were or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. Items identified with underlines represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.

SunLine Regulatory Agency Checks \$1,000 and Over September 2020

NOTE: 1). Bold check payments represent "pass through", bold Italicized check payments represent "Capital Expenses", payments that were, or will be reimbursed to SunLine under the provisions of specific grants or contracts. 2). Underlined check payments represent "shared" payments with SunLine and specific vendors/employees.

Vendor Filed As Name	Description	Check #	Payment Date	Payment Amount
SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY	Payroll Liab 09/04/20 and SRA Overhead Aug & Sept 2020	90820	09/09/2020	9,545.81
SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY	Payroll Liabilities 09/18/2020	90825	09/23/2020	4,783.26
Total Checks Over \$1,000 Total Checks Under \$1,000 Total Checks	\$18,047.01 \$2,740.81 \$20,787.82			

SunLine Services Group

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Taxi Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Monthly Budget Variance Report for September 2020

Summary:

The budget variance report compares revenues and expenses to the respective line item budgets. The report identifies current monthly revenues and expenses as well as Fiscal Year-to-Date (FYTD) values. Most of the current monthly budget values are calculated by taking 1/12th of the annual budget. The FYTD budget values are calculated by dividing the yearly budget by the number of months progressed through the fiscal year.

- As of September 30, 2020, the organization's revenues are unfavorable by \$15,908 or 25.00% below the FYTD budget. Expenditures are \$13,326 below budget or 20.90% below the FYTD budget.
 - o The net FYTD operating gain (loss) after expenses is (\$2,583).

Recommendation:

Receive and file.

SunLine Regulatory Administration Budget Variance Report September 2020

	. —		Current Mont	h	Year-to-Date					
Description	FY21 Total Budget	Actual	Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	FYTD Actual	FY21 FYTD Budget	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Percentage Remaining		
Revenues:				_						
Revenue Fines	1,400	-	117	(117)	550	350	200	60.7%		
New Driver Permit Revenue	3,600	75	300	(225)	150	900	(750)	95.8%		
Taxi Business Permit	120,000	10,000	10,000	(0)	30,000	30,000	(0)	75.0%		
Driver Transfer Revenue	500	25	42	(17)	50	125	(75)	90.0%		
Driver Renewal Revenue	2,500	375	208	167	575	625	(50)	77.0%		
Driver Permit Reinstatement/Replacement	50	-	4	(4)	-	13	(13)	100.0%		
Vehicle Permit Revenue	124,500	6,412	10,375	(3,963)	16,404	31,125	(14,721)	86.8%		
Other Revenue	500	-	42	(42)	-	125	(125)	100.0%		
Operator Application Fee	1,500	-	125	(125)	-	375	(375)	100.0%		
Total Revenue	254,550	16,887	21,213	(4,325)	47,729	63,638	(15,908)	81.2%		
Expenses:				_						
Salaries and Wages	96,614	8,097	8,051	(46)	23,078	24,154	1,076	76.1%		
Fringe Benefits	79,692	7,622	6,641	(981)	18,756	19,923	1,167	76.5%		
Services	53,730	2,114	4,478	2,363	3,968	13,433	9,464	92.6%		
Supplies and Materials	4,575	90	381	291	417	1,144	727	90.9%		
Utilities	5,220	432	435	3	1,296	1,305	9	75.2%		
Casualty and Liability	7,894	657	658	-	1,971	1,974	3	75.0%		
Taxes and Fees	100	-	8	8	-	25	25	100.0%		
Miscellaneous	6,725	701	560	(141)	827	1,681	855	87.7%		
Total Expenses	254,550	19,714	21,213	1,499	50,312	63,638	13,326	80.2%		
Total Operating Surplus (Deficit)	\$ -	\$ (2,826)			\$ (2,583)	•				

Budget Variance Analysis - SunLine Regulatory Administration

Revenue - Unfavorable

- The unfavorable variance in revenue is attributed to a low number of vehicle permits.
- As of FYTD FY21, there is a decrease of 14,049 taxi trips compared to FYTD FY20.

Taxi Trips

	FY20-September	FY21-September	Variance	%∆
Trips	13,159	8,244	(4,915)	-37.4%

Taxi Trips

	FYTD-FY20	FYTD-FY21	Variance	%∆
Trips	36,264	22,215	(14,049)	-38.7%

Salaries and Wages - Favorable

• Salary and wage expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Fringe Benefits - Favorable

• Fringe benefit expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Services - Favorable

• The favorable balance in services are primarily attributed to legal fees and audit expenses which have not been incurred.

Supplies and Materials - Favorable

• Material and supply expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Utilities - Favorable

• Utility expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Casualty and Liability - Favorable

• Casualty and liability expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Taxes and Fees - Favorable

• Tax expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

Miscellaneous - Favorable

• Miscellaneous expenses are within an acceptable range of the budget.

SunLine Services Group

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Taxi Committee

Board of Directors

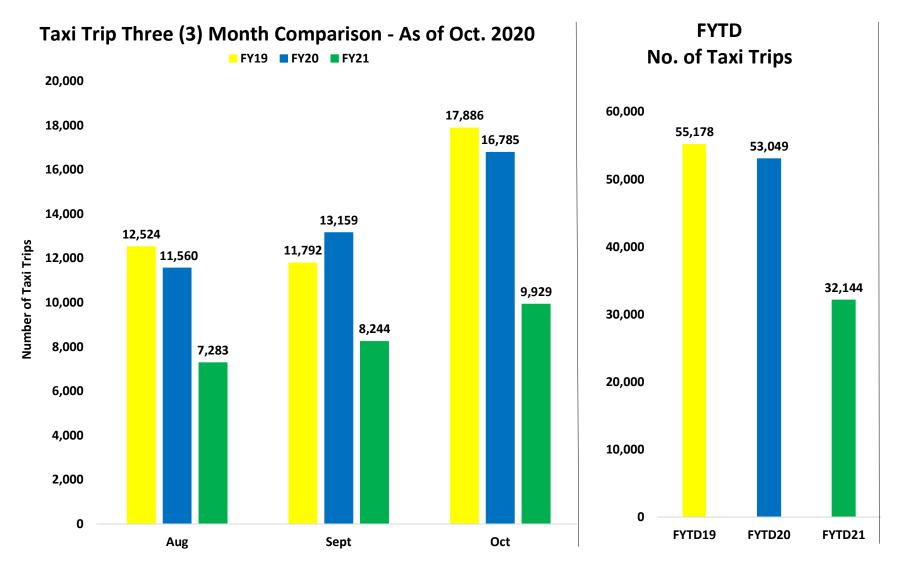
RE: Taxi Trip Data – October 2020

Summary:

The attached chart summarizes the total number of taxi trips generated in the Coachella Valley for the previous three (3) month period and total taxi trips for the current fiscal-year-to-date (FYTD) compared to the last two (2) fiscal years. There were 6,856 fewer taxi trips in October 2020 compared to October 2019. The decrease in trips is mainly attributed to the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on the industry. There were 20,905 fewer taxi trips for FYTD21 compared to FYTD20.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.



The chart compares the three (3) most recent months and measures the total number of taxi trips taken year-to-date for FY 2019, 2020 and 2021.

SunLine Services Group

CONSENT CALENDAR

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Taxi Committee

Board of Directors

RE: Metric (Taxi Revenue vs Taxi Expense) September 2020

Summary:

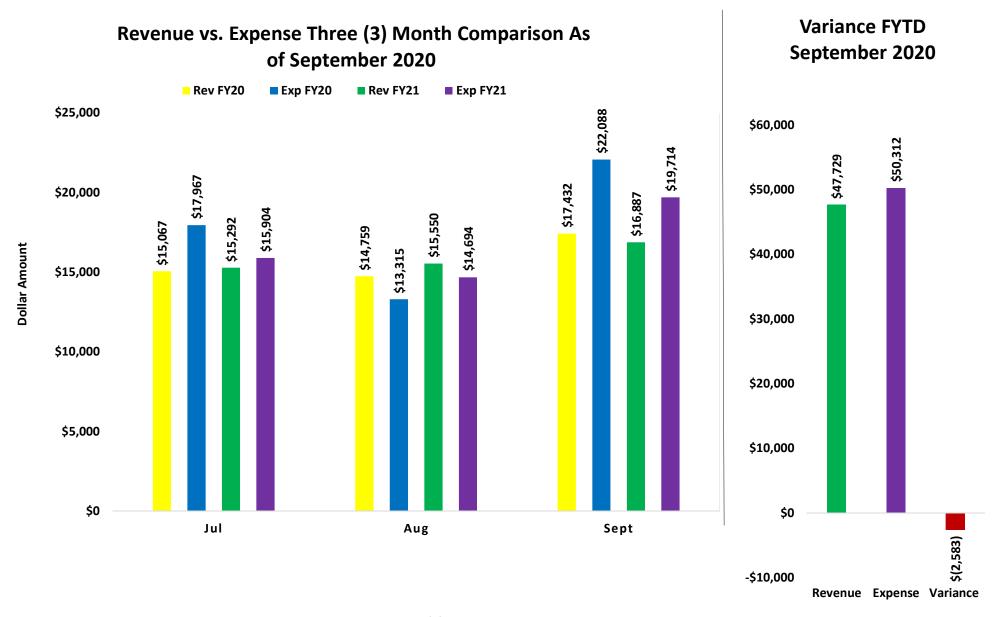
The chart displays revenue and expenses for the current month and two (2) previous months. Revenues are generated by taxi business permit fees, vehicle permit fees and driver permit fees. Expenses display the total operational costs for SunLine Services Group.

For September:

- Variance chart displays the total variance between revenue and expense occurring for fiscal-year-to-date 2021.
- Expenses for the current fiscal year are greater than revenues by \$2,583.
- The unfavorable variance for September 2020 is attributed to the decline in taxicab vehicle permit revenues due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Recommendation:

Receive and file.



The chart compares current fiscal year revenues vs. expenses for the three (3) most recent months and measures Revenues vs. Expenses for FY21.

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 RECEIVE & FILE

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer

RE: Fiscal Year 2020 Audit Reports

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors receive and file the fiscal year 2020 audit reports. The audits were completed by Vasquez & Company, LLP and include financial audits for SunLine Transit Agency and SunLine Services Group as well as a Single Audit for SunLine Transit Agency.

Background

The Joint Powers Agreement requires that SunLine Transit Agency and SunLine Services Group have an independent audit of its finances conducted annually. In addition, state law requires that recipients of Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds undergo an annual fiscal audit. TDA funds comprise the majority of SunLine's operating revenues, which are dispersed by Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC), the planning agency for SunLine.

Additionally, the Code of Federal Regulations (2 CFR Part 200) requires an entity that expends more than \$750,000 in federal awards during a fiscal year undergo a Single Audit. This audit requirement further ensures that federal funds are expended properly. Submission of the Single Audit is required nine (9) months following the end of the entity's fiscal year.

<u>Audit Outcome</u>

The auditors presented an unmodified opinion with no significant deficiencies.





December 2, 2020





Introduction

Board of Directors

We are pleased to present this report related to our audit of the financial statements of SunLine Transit Agency (STA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020. This report summarizes certain matters required by professional standards to be communicated to you in your oversight responsibility for STA's financial reporting process, as well as other matters that we believe may be of interest to you. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. It will be our pleasure to respond to any questions you have regarding this report. We appreciate the opportunity to continue to be of service to STA.





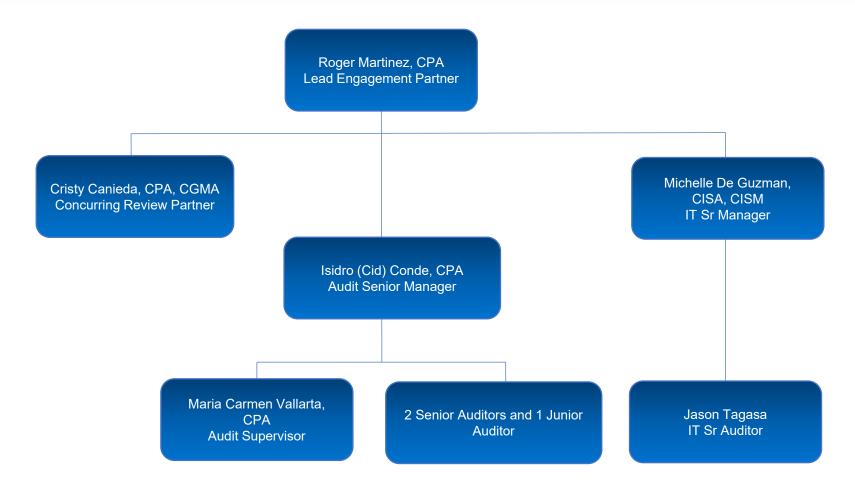


THE AUDIT TEAM





Engagement Team







INDEPENDENCE





Independence

There are no relationships between any of our representatives and SunLine Transit Agency (STA) that in our professional judgment may reasonably be thought to bear on independence.

Vasquez & Company LLP meets the independence requirements of the *Government Auditing Standards* as it relates to STA.





SCOPE OF ENGAGEMENT





Scope of Engagement

SunLine Transit Agency (STA)

- Financial Statement Audit
- Single Audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance
- Agreed Upon Procedures on the National Transit Database (NTD) report

SunLine Services Group (SSG)

Financial Statement Audit





SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS





Report of Independent Auditors

Financial Statements Audits

- ☐ Unmodified Opinion "Clean" Opinion
 - ➤ Audit performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards
 - ➤ The financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, STA's and SSG's:
 - Financial position
 - Results of operations
 - Changes in net position
 - Cash flows





Report of Independent Auditors

Single Audit

- □ Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance
 - Unmodified Opinion "Clean" Opinion
 - Material weakness none noted
 - Significant deficiencies none noted
 - Noncompliance material to the financial statements none noted
- ☐ Total Federal expenditures \$13.4 million
- Major program
 - ➤ Federal Transit Cluster (CFDA No. 20.500, 20.505, 20.526)
 - Formula Grants for Rural Areas (CFDA No. 20.509)
 - ➤ Tested 98% of total Federal expenditures





Report of Independent Auditors

Single Audit

- □ Period of Performance Noncompliance Finding (No. 2020-001)
 - Expenses incurred prior to the date of period of performance amounting to \$44,912 were included for reimbursement under the CARES Act grant award. The grant authorized pre-award expenses only for those incurred on or after January 20, 2020.





Audit Focus Areas / Significant Accounts

Audit Area Focus	Risks/Concerns	Comments		
Cash and investments	 Misappropriation of assets 	No exceptions were noted. Balances were fairly stated and disclosed.		
Accounts receivable and Due from other governmental agencies	Existence, proper cut-off and valuation	Accounts receivable mostly pertain to CNG rebates and credits. The balance was either subsequent collected or properly supported by tax returns. No significant allowance for bad debts was reported. Receivables from governmental agencies were largely amounts due from RCTC and Federal Transit Administration from operating and capital grants. This also includes the \$2m claim from the CARES Act grant. No material exceptions were noted.		





Audit Focus Areas / Significant Accounts

Audit Area Focus	Risks/Concerns	Comments			
Capital assets	Proper capitalization and valuation	Capital assets, capital expenditures and related depreciation are monitored and fairly stated in the financial statements. Construction commitments, construction in progress and contract retainages are properly disclosed and recorded in the financial statements.			
Unearned revenue	Existence and proper cut- off	This account represents funds received in advance and remained unspent at the end of the fiscal year end. A large part of the balance came from the TDA funds (see Note 6). No material exceptions were noted.			





Audit Areas of Emphasis

Audit Focus Area	Risks/Concerns	Comments			
Claims payable	 Reasonableness of actuarially determined uninsured general liability and workers' compensation insurance. 	Balance was fairly stated based on actuarial reports prepared by a third-party consultant.			
		No material discrepancies were noted.			
Net pension liability (asset)	 Measurement of net pension asset/liability 	Pension liability (asset) is reported based on pension plan audited financial statements and valuation report prepared by a third-party consultant. Book balances were agreed to these reports and required disclosures reported in the audit report.			





Audit Areas of Emphasis (continued)

Audit Focus Area	Risks/Concerns	Comments			
Revenue	■ Proper revenue recognition	We reviewed the revenues recognized during the fiscal year against the Agency's revenue recognition policy and no exception was noted.			
Expense	Reasonableness of expense	We reviewed the significant expenses, compared with prior year balances and corresponding grant revenues that were recognized and determined that the amounts are reasonable.			





COVID-19 Pandemic Impact on the Audit Plan

Below were the changes made to our audit plan as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic:

- Our audit timeline assumed an award on Aug 31, 2020. Award was communicated on Sep 14.
- Audit timeline was compressed to still meet the December 2, 2020 Board presentation of the audit reports.
- Added one Senior Auditor to the team to catch up with the deadline.
- Review and evaluation of manual and IT internal controls, and the yearend audit fieldwork were entirely performed remotely.





Accounting Pronouncements that will effective FY20/21

GASB No. 84. In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB No. 87. In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87 "Leases". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 90. In August 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.





Accounting Pronouncements that will be effective after FY20/21

GASB No. 89. In June 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 91. In May 2019, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB No. 92. In January 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.





Accounting Pronouncements that will be effective after FY20/21

GASB No. 93. In March 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 94. In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 96. In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.





Accounting Pronouncements that will be effective after FY20/21

GASB No. 97. In June 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14, 84, and a suppression of GASB Statement No. 32." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 20





Management Letter Comments

Financial Audit

➤ Our test of controls and audit of the account balances did not show significant exceptions and audit adjustments.

IT Audit

➤ Review of IT processes is on-going and we will issue a separate communication on our findings, recommendations and industry best practices.

New Accounting for Leases

➤ Implementation of GASB No. 87 "Leases" will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. We suggest that the Agency start gathering all the lease information in preparation for its implementation this year (FY20/21).





SAS 114 AUDITORS' REQUIRED COMMUNICATION TO THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE





Other Required Communication to Those Charged with Governance

- Management has primary responsibility for the accounting principles used, including their consistency, application, clarity and completeness.
- We are not aware of any consultations by management with other accountants about accounting or auditing matters.
- We did not encounter any difficulties with management while performing our audit procedures that require the attention of the Audit/Finance Committee and the Board.
- ➤ We encountered no disagreements with management on financial accounting and reporting matters as it relates to the current year financial statements.
- STA's significant accounting policies are appropriate, and that management has applied its policies consistently with prior periods in all material respects.





Other Required Communication to Those Charged with Governance (continued)

- ➤ No significant or unusual transactions or accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is lack of authoritative guidance or consensus were identified.
- No significant issues were discussed, or subject to correspondence, with management prior to retention.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were identified.
- ➤ No irregularities, fraud or illegal acts or that would cause a material misstatement of the financial statements, came to our attention as a result of our audit procedures.
- > STA will provide us with a signed copy of the management representation letter prior to our issuance of the financial statements.





DISCUSSION AND QUESTIONS





THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION





Contact Information

Roger A. Martinez, CPA

email address: <u>rmartinez@vasquezcpa.com</u>

telephone no.: (213) 873-1703

Vasquez & Company LLP has over 50 years of experience in performing audit, accounting & consulting services for all types of nonprofit organizations, for-profit companies, governmental entities and publicly traded companies. Vasquez is a member of the RSM US Alliance. RSM US Alliance provides its members with access to resources of RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each are separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International. Visit rsmus.com/about us for more information regarding RSM US LLP and RSM International. The RSM™ logo is used under license by RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance products and services are proprietary to RSM US LLP.







SunLine Transit Agency
Single Audit Report
Year Ended June 30, 2020
with Report of Independent Auditors











	PAGE
REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, on Internal Control over Compliance, and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance.	3
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	6
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	7
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	8
STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	12





OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors SunLine Transit AgencyThousand Palms, California 92276

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of SunLine Transit Agency (STA), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered STA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether STA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Glendale, California November 2020



801 South Grand Ave., Suite 400 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Ph. (213) 873-1700 Fax (213) 873-1777

www.vasquezcpa.com

OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, on Internal Control over Compliance, and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors SunLine Transit AgencyThousand Palms, California 92276

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited SunLine Transit Agency's (STA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of STA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. STA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of STA's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about STA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of STA's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, STA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding No. 2020-001. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

STA's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. STA's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of STA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered STA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of STA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2020, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Glendale, California November 2020

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through/ Grantors Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Federal Transit Cluster:				
Direct Assistance:				
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Y706	-	\$ 5,190
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Y964	-	11,321
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z036	-	29,611
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z201	-	235,292
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z225	-	1,597
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z330	-	1,298,962
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z341	-	205,216
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z374	-	905,495
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-4051	-	1,035,828
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.507	CA-90-Z460	-	25,000
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Operating)	20.507	CA-90-Z374	-	1,405,795
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Operating)	20.507	CA-90-4051	-	3,437,436
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Operating)	20.507	CA-90-Z460	-	2,000,000
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Operating)	20.507	CA-95-X327	-	300,667
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.526	CA-34-0119	-	2,520
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.526	CA-34-0127	-	446,894
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program) (Capital)	20.526	CA-34-4002	-	644,172
Subtotal - Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)			-	11,990,996
Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants Passed through from Center for Transportation and the Environment (CTE) Discretionary Grant for Operating & Planning Assistance Program for National Fuel Cell Bus Program	20.500	CA-55-0006 GA-04-7006-04	-	195,402 94,198
Total Federal Transit Cluster			_	12,280,596
Family Courts for Pour Land				
Formula Grants for Rural Area Passed through from the State of California, Department of Transportation				
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Operating)	20.509	64B019-00990	_	286,933
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Operating)	20.509	64V020-01090	_	375.782
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Operating)	20.509	64K020-01269	-	169,554
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Operating)	20.509	64C019-00908	-	186,051
Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas			_	1,018,320
Total Major Programs				13,298,916
Passed through from the Southern California Association of Governments				
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Capital)	20.514	M-008-016	_	80,943
Passed through from the State of California, Department of Transportation				,-
Formula Grant for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Operating)	20.513	64AO18-00795		36,874
Total Expenditures of Federal Programs		5	·	\$ 13,416,734

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of SunLine Transit Agency (STA) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of STA, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of STA.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the costs principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

STA has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS

Grant expenditure reports for the year ended June 30, 2020, which have been submitted to grantor agencies, will, in some cases, differ from amounts disclosed herein. The reports prepared for grantor agencies are typically prepared at a later date and often reflect refined estimates of the year-end accruals.

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP TO ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds received under the various grant programs have been recorded within the operating grants of the STA. Therefore, some amounts reported in the accompanying SEFA may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on the

financial statements Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over its major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for its major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with Title 2

CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance? Yes (Finding No. 2020-001)

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster

20.500/20.507/20.526 Federal Transit Cluster

20.509 Formula Grants for Rural Areas

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee: Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings noted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.



Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding No. 2020-001 - Period of Performance

Federal Program Information

Federal Catalog Number: 20.509

Federal Program Name: Formula Grants for Rural Areas
Federal Agency: Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Entity: N/A

Federal Award Numbers: 64B019-00990; 64V020-01090; 64K020-01269;

64C019-00908

Criteria or Specific Requirement

45 CFR 75.309 allows a non-federal entity to charge to the Federal award only allowable costs incurred during the period of performance and any cost incurred before the Organization made the Federal award that were authorized by the Federal awarding agency.

45 CFR 75.303 states that the non-Federal entity must establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Condition

STA sought reimbursement for \$44,912 of expenses incurred before the start of the period of performance under the CARES Act grant award. The costs were incurred from October 27 through November 23, 2019 while the grant award authorized pre-award expenses incurred on or after January 20, 2020.

Cause

Lack of proper supervisory review to ensure only expenses allowed by the grant award were requested for reimbursement.

Effect

Since the \$44,912 of costs were operating expenses, they should have been reimbursed by a different grant award, such as the Local Transportation Fund, under which these expenses are allowable. This led to a recording error in the correct grant revenue account.

Questioned Cost

\$44,912

Recommendation

Proper supervision and review should be performed on all expenses charged to grant awards to avoid expenses being disallowed by the granting agencies. We also recommend that STA revisit the expenses charged to the Formula Grants for Rural Areas grant for completeness and accuracy, and make the necessary adjustments, if necessary, on allowable expenses in the final report to be submitted to the granting agency.

Views of Responsible Officials

The current grant reimbursement process involves multiple people including the Senior Accountant, Accounting Manager, Grants Analyst, Deputy CFO and CFO in the review process before each drawdown is made.



Finding No.	Description	Condition (By Predecessor Auditors)	Recommendation (By Predecessor Auditors)	Status
Financial Stat	tement Findings			
FS 2019-001	Financial Reporting of Pensions	Pension contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date were not reported as deferred outflows of resources at year-end. Further, it was noted that the financial activities of the Sunline Transit Retirement Income Plan for Bargaining Unit Personnel and Sunline Transit Retirement Income Plan for Non-Bargaining Unit	STA update its accounting policies and procedures related to pensions. Further, any subsequent changes in accounting methodology or changes in the application of generally accepted accounting principles should be assessed, reviewed and documented.	Finance Department has completed the Standard Operating Procedures related to pension liabilities. Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date are recorded as part of the deferred outflows of resources. Bargaining and Non-Bargaining Retirement Plans are now
		Personnel (Plans) were not reported within STA's basic financial statements, although STA is financially accountable to the plans.		presented as Fiduciary Trust Plans in the audited financial statements.







www.vasquezcpa.com

Vasquez & Company LLP has over 45 years of experience in performing audit, accounting & consulting services for all types of nonprofit organizations, for-profit companies, governmental entities and publicly traded companies. Vasquez is a member of the RSM US Alliance. RSM US Alliance provides its members with access to resources of RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each are separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International. Visit rsmus.com/about us for more information regarding RSM US LLP and RSM International. The RSM™ logo is used under license by RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance products and services are proprietary to RSM US LLP.



SunLine Transit Agency
Audited Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020
with Report of Independent Auditors





SunLine Transit Agency Audited Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Report of Independent Auditors

	PAGE
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Business-type Activity – Enterprise Fund	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	15
Statement of Cash Flows	16
Fiduciary Funds – Pension Trust Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	18
Notes to Financial Statements	19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	42
Schedule of Contributions – Bargaining Plan	45
Schedule of Contributions – Non-Bargaining Plan	46
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Statements of Net Position	47
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	48
Combining Statements of Cash Flows	49
Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	50
Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	51
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	52





OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors
SunLine Transit Agency
Thousand Palms, California 92276

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of SunLine Transit Agency (STA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the STA's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of SunLine Transit Agency as of June 30, 2020, the respective changes in its financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, and the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios and schedules of contributions on pages 42 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position, cash flows, fiduciary net position, and changes in fiduciary net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position, cash flows, fiduciary net position, and changes in fiduciary net position are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position, cash flows, fiduciary net position, and changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November ___, 2020 on our consideration of STA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering STA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Glendale, California November ___, 2020



The management of SunLine Transit Agency (STA) or Agency offers readers of the STA's financial statements narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of STA for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited financial statements including the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The combined assets of STA exceeded its liabilities (net position) at the close of the fiscal year by \$82,543,717 for 2020 and \$74,384,968 for 2019. Net position at June 30, 2020 consists of \$81,615,087 of net position invested in capital assets and \$928,630 of unrestricted net position.
- STA's combined net position increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$8,158,749 which were used to fund capital asset acquisitions and other capital projects. The increase was primarily due to increase in capital funding received from various sources. In fiscal year 2020, salaries and employee benefits and other expenses (services, utilities, material and supplies) are higher than fiscal year 2019 due to increase in manned position across departments, and third party contract services for STA's various projects. Casualty and liability costs increased in 2020 due to increase in workers' compensation and general liability claims. Fiscal year 2020 depreciation expense is higher than fiscal year 2019 due to increase in capital projects closed at the end of fiscal year 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to STA's financial statements. STA's financial statements consist of two components:

- Financial statements;
- Notes to financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements.

Financial Statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of STA's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of STA's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether STA's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The presentation of net position also distinguishes between those invested in capital assets, those that are restricted by external parties or legal requirements, or those that are unrestricted and can be used for any Agency purpose.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provide information regarding the revenues generated and earned (passenger fares and grants) and the expenses incurred related to those revenues. The difference between the revenues and expenses represents the change in net position, or profitability as reflected by the amount of change in net position generated for the fiscal year.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information on STA's sources and uses of cash and the overall change in cash and cash equivalents over the fiscal year. These activities are categorized by the different activities in which STA engages: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

Since STA's primary function is to provide transportation services to the region's citizens and recover costs through user fees and charges, the financial statements include business-type activities. In addition, the financial statements include the financial statements of STA (known as primary government), and another legally separate entity, for which STA is financially accountable for: SunLine Services Group (SSG).

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide information on significant accounting policies, cash and investments, governmental subsidies, inventory, capital assets, long-term obligations, unearned revenues, risk management, retirement plans, and other areas for a full understanding of the data in the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning STA's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

Net Position

As stated earlier, increases or decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of STA's financial position. At June 30, 2020, STA's assets exceeded liabilities by \$82,543,717, a \$8,158,749 increase from June 30, 2019. A condensed summary of the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 is shown below:

	2020	2019	Changes
Current and other assets	\$ 20,436,638 \$	17,179,481 \$	3,257,157
Net pension asset	834,199	-	834,199
Capital assets, net of depreciation	81,615,087	73,423,646	8,191,441
Deferred outflows of resources	7,167,857	4,402,261	2,765,596
Total assets and deferred outlfows of resources	110,053,781	95,005,388	15,048,393
Current liabilities	16,408,057	12,838,965	3,569,092
Long-term liabilities	2,380,886	6,081,569	(3,700,683)
Deferred inflows of resources	8,721,121	1,699,886	7,021,235
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	27,510,064	20,620,420	6,889,644
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	81,615,087	73,423,646	8,191,441
Unrestricted	928,630	961,322	(32,692)
Total net position	\$ 82,543,717 \$	74,384,968 \$	8,158,749

STA's net investment in capital assets (e.g. buses, support vehicles, passenger facilities/structures, and peripheral equipment for operations, maintenance, and administrative support) reflects the largest portion of STA's net position. STA uses these capital assets to provide transportation services to the surrounding communities, as well as maintain the necessary service infrastructure. Because of this, these assets are not available for future spending. The increase of \$8,191,441 in net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020 resulted primarily from additions to capital assets related to purchases of fixed route buses, facility improvements, refurbishing fuel station, and other small projects in STA's capital program.

Unrestricted net position represents the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$32,692, from \$961,322 at June 30, 2019 to \$928,630 at June 30, 2020. The decrease in net position is due to decline in STA's revenues during fiscal year 2020.

Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, STA's combined revenues were \$53,575,397 and \$54,219,804, respectively, while the total controllable expenses, excluding depreciation, were \$36,138,141 and \$33,958,230, respectively. Grants finance a significant portion of the transit operations. The table below represents condensed financial data related to the changes in net position of \$8,158,749 and \$12,240,008 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The significant decrease in change in net position in 2020 was due to decrease in capital contributions that funded STA's capital projects.

		2020	2019		Changes
REVENUES	_		 _		
Passenger fares	\$	2,032,866	\$ 2,866,072	\$	(833,206)
CNG and hydrogen fuel sales		3,955,754	1,815,127		2,140,627
Operating grants		29,203,359	28,099,471		1,103,888
Capital grants		17,470,031	20,651,506		(3,181,475)
Interest and other revenues		913,387	787,628		125,759
Total revenues		53,575,397	 54,219,804		(644,407)
CONTROLLABLE OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and employee benefits		25,239,220	24,566,627		672,593
Services		3,828,718	3,655,202		173,516
Bad debts		17,423	663		16,760
Casualty and liability costs		1,852,786	1,134,511		718,275
Materials and supplies		2,209,776	1,769,851		439,925
Utilities		1,941,946	1,578,722		363,224
Tires and tubes		189,917	245,768		(55,851)
Taxes		98,008	78,089		19,919
Administrative		131,349	158,638		(27,289)
Fuel and lubricants		241,656	326,226		(84,570)
Miscellaneous		387,342	 443,933		(56,591)
Total controllable operating expenses		36,138,141	33,958,230		2,179,911
Depreciation	\mathbb{A}_2	9,278,507	 8,021,566	_	1,256,941
Total expenses	72	45,416,648	 41,979,796	_	3,436,852
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		8,158,749	12,240,008		(4,081,259)
NET POSITION		7			
Beginning of year		74,384,968	62,144,960		12,240,008
End of year	\$_	82,543,717	\$ 74,384,968	<u> </u>	8,158,749

Revenues

The national trends in fixed route ridership have shown decreasing ridership. As such, passenger fare revenues decreased in fiscal year 2020 by \$833,206 due to continuing decline in ridership.

CNG and hydrogen fuel revenues which reflect outside fuel revenues, state emission credits and CNG rebates increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$2,140,627 compared to fiscal year 2019 due to extended Federal excise tax rebates for calendar year 2019.

Operating grants in fiscal year 2020 increased by \$1,103,888 mainly due to increase in FTA funding.

Capital grants in fiscal year 2020 decreased by \$3,181,475 due to decrease in FTA, State Transit Assistance, and Prop 1B funding.

Interest and other revenues in fiscal year 2020 increased by \$125,759 due to State Transit haul pass program reimbursements.

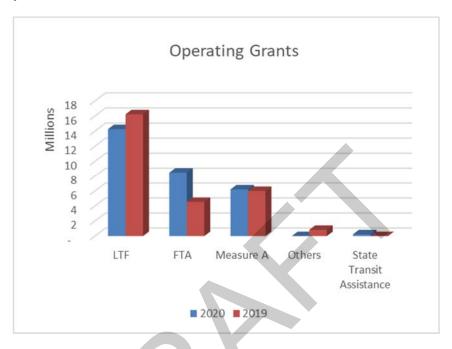
The combined amount of operating and capital grants in fiscal year 2020 and 2019 reflects 87% and 90% of STA's total revenues, respectively. These funds come from a variety of specific funding sources. Each funding source is guided by government regulations regarding the type and use of funds.

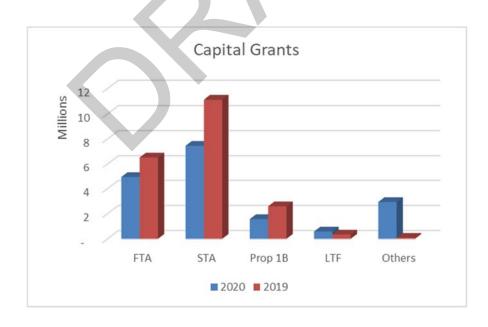
Annually, STA submits its short-range transit plan to the Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC), which is the basis for annual operating and capital grant allocations. Local Transportation Funds (LTF) comprise the significant component of STA's operating grants; other operating grants generally include funding from Measure A, Riverside County's one-half cent sales tax for transportation purposes, Low-Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

Capital assets are funded primarily by capital grants from Federal Transit Administration (FTA) with matching funds from State Transit Assistance and Proposition 1B, LTF and other sources.

Operating and Capital Grants by Funding Sources

Below shows the bar chart comparison of the operating and capital grants received by STA by funding sources for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.





Expenses

Adopted Agency policies, procedures, and business processes are used as management tools to control expenses and attain goals and objectives. These combined controllable operating expenses consist of cost elements that exclude depreciation. For purposes of this analysis, operating expenses before depreciation will be discussed. These expenses totaled \$36,138,141 during fiscal year 2020, an increase of \$2,179,911 from fiscal year 2019 of \$33,958,230. The increase attributed mainly to increase in salaries and employee benefits, casualty and liability costs, services, utilities, and materials and supplies.

Salaries and employee benefits increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$672,593. Fringe benefits increased mainly due to increase in health insurance premiums and pension contribution.

Services increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$173,516 mainly due to increase in third party contract services for SunLine's vanpool program, center of excellence, advertising, repairs, computer software licenses, audit, security, and temporary help.

Casualty and liability costs increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$718,275 due to increase in insurance premiums and claims on worker's compensation and general liability.

Materials and supplies increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$439,925 due to increase in repair parts of aging vehicles and maintenance of old facilities.

Utilities expense increased in fiscal year 2020 by \$363,224 mainly due to increase in cost of natural gas and transmission charge.

A breakdown of operating expenses is reflected on page 7.

CAPITAL ASSETS

STA's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, amounted to \$81,615,087 and \$73,423,646 respectively. Capital assets include land, buildings, fleet, communication/fare box systems, machinery/equipment, support vehicles, facilities improvement and passenger facilities.

Significant capital asset projects during FY 2020 included the following:

- Miscellaneous Maintenance Equipment Projects
- Facility improvements
- Bus rehabilitation and equipment
- CNG and Hydrogen Fueling Station (continued)
- Information Technology Projects
- Purchase of Hydrogen Fuel Cell Buses (continued)
- Hydrogen Electric Hybrid FCB & Hydrogen Station
- Purchase of Four (4) Electric Buses (continued)

Significant capital asset projects during FY 2019 included the following:

- Purchase of Five (5) Hydrogen Fuel Cell Buses (continued)
- CNG and Hydrogen Fueling Station (continued)
- Purchase of Four (4) Electric Buses
- Replacement of 14 Paratransit Vehicles
- Utility Infrastructure Upgrade
- Land Improvements
- Purchase of various equipment

A summary of the capital assets balances as of June 30, 2020 and related activity for the fiscal year then ended is presented in Note 5 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

The transportation industry is undergoing massive transformation, and SunLine is studying ways to improve and change its service model in order to remain competitive and continue to provide valued service to the community. The national decreasing ridership trend for fixed route continues to impact Agency's financial stability. The proposed operating and capital budgets for FY2021 are \$40,840,150 and \$6,298,206, respectively, which represents the same operating budget and a 50% decrease in capital budget over the previous fiscal year's budget. The operating budget encompasses such costs as salaries and benefits, fuel, insurance premiums, and other overhead costs required to run day to day operations. The capital budget incorporates key projects to help further the Agency's Capital Improvement Program (CIP).

SunLine continues to identify ways to strengthen its overall financial position in order to continue to serve a diverse community of transit users.

The Capital Improvement Program for FY 2020/2021 focuses on continuing SunLine's investment in an alternative fuel technology fleet, facilities and construction of a new operations building. The three-year plan assumes a \$29,581,320 capital program dependent on internal and external funding from federal, state, regional, and local sources. Key components of the capital plan, beyond ongoing maintenance needs, include:

- Vehicle replacement
- Vehicle expansion
- Facility and systems improvements
- Operational improvements and enhancements
- Information technology upgrades

SunLine relies on operating and capital grants for approximately 87% of its total revenue. These funds come from a variety of specific funding sources. Each funding source is guided by government regulations regarding type and use of funds. The economic expansion in Riverside County has contributed to an increase in the operating and capital grant funds available

A component of the Agency's operating grants is local operating assistance. These funds are governed by various provisions of the Transportation Development Act and Public Utilities Code. One such provision is adherence to a predetermined farebox recovery ratio (fare revenue/net operating expenses excluding depreciation, vehicle lease and SSG's operating revenues and expenses) approved by RCTC and the California Department of Transportation. The fiscal year 2020 required farebox recovery ratio was 19.74%; the Agency's actual ratio was 23.74% which exceeded the requirement.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of STA's finances for all those with an interest in STA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Finance Officer, SunLine Transit Agency, 32-505 Harry Oliver Trail, Thousand Palms, CA 92276.



ASSETS

Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$	5,923,065
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	2,963,422
Due from other governmental agencies		7,658,884
Inventory		997,219
Prepaid items		705,108
Total current assets	-	18,247,698
Total our one doods	-	10,211,000
Noncurrent assets		
Deposits		2,188,940
Net pension asset		834,199
Capital assets, not depreciated		23,546,089
Capital assets, depreciated	_	58,068,998
Total noncurrent assets	_	84,638,226
Total assets	_	102,885,924
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCURCES		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		7 467 957
Deferred amounts related to pension	-	7,167,857
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,483,249
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		321,337
Retention Payable		391,523
Compensated absences		1,840,140
Claims payable - current portion		659,958
Unearned revenue		10,711,850
Total current liabilities	_	16,408,057
Noncurrent liabilities	_	
Net pension liability		242,040
Claims payable - noncurrent portion		2,138,846
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	2,380,886
Total Hollowitch Habiliago	-	
Total liabilities	-	18,788,943
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts related to pension	_	8,721,121
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		81,615,087
Unrestricted		928,630
Total net position	\$	82,543,717
i otal not position	Ψ.	<u> </u>

OPERATING REVENUES		
Passenger fares	\$	2,032,866
CNG and hydrogen fuel sales		3,955,754
Taxi license fees		184,847
Other	-	682,207
Total operating revenues	-	6,855,674
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits		25,239,220
Depreciation		9,278,507
Services		3,828,718
Bad debts		17,423
Casualty and liability costs		1,852,786
Materials and supplies		2,209,776
Utilities Tires and tubes		1,941,946
Taxes		189,917 98,008
Administrative		131,349
Fuel and lubricants		241,656
Miscellaneous		387,342
Total operating expenses	-	45,416,648
OPERATING LOSS	-	(38,560,974)
	-	
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Operating grants:		
Local Transportation Fund		14,268,455
Measure A		6,206,363
Federal Transit Administration - Section 5307		6,843,231
Federal Transit Administration - Section 5309		289,600
Federal Transit Administration - Section 5310		36,874
Federal Transit Administration - Section 5311		662,715
Federal Transit Administration - Section 5311(f) Federal Transit Administration - Others		355,605
Local reimbursement		300,667 193,104
Low-Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) Grant		46,745
Total operating grants	-	29,203,359
Interest income		
Gain on sale of capital assets, net		13,851 32,482
	-	
Total nonoperating revenues	-	29,249,692
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	_	(9,311,282)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Capital grants:		
Federal Transit Administration		4,928,041
State Transit Assistance		7,453,735
Proposition 1B		1,569,689
Local Transportation Fund		578,921
Other	-	2,939,645
Total capital contributions	-	17,470,031
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		8,158,749
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year	-	74,384,968
End of year	\$	82,543,717

Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	4,243,323
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	•	(10,111,216)
Cash payments to employees for services		(25,457,470)
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(31,325,363)
	-	<u> </u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Cash received from operating grants		21,439,544
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	21,439,544
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Cash received from capital grants		24,245,243
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(17,469,948)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	=	32,482
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	_	6,807,777
On the file was former to the state of the s		
Cash flows from investing activity		40.074
Interest income received	-	13,851
Net cash provided by investing activity	-	13,851
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,064,191)
		, , ,
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		8,987,256
		_
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,923,065
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(38,560,974)
Provision for doubtful accounts		17,423
Depreciation		9,278,507
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources: Accounts receivable		(2 642 254)
		(2,612,351) (60,937)
Inventory Prepaid items		(213,355)
Deposits		(667,668)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		(3,599,795)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,379,062
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		60,692
Retention payable		391,523
Net pension asset/liability		(3,791,455)
Compensated absences		222,422
Claims payable		(189,692)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension		7,021,235
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(31,325,363)
	Τ.	(==,==,==)

	December 31, 2019*
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 541,150
Receivables:	
Contributions	102,665
Interest	829
Dividends	37,246
Investments, at fair value:	
Mutual funds	61,291,413
Total assets	61,973,303
NET POSITION	
Fiduciary net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 61,973,303

^{*}Measurement date used in this report was as of December 31, 2019

		Year ended December 31, 2019*
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:	•	0.000.400
Employer	\$	2,326,486
Participants		315,790
linvestment income:		
Interest		6,578
Dividend		1,414,676
Net appreciation (depreciation)		
in fair value of investments		8,860,098
Total additions		12,923,628
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits paid to participants and beneficiaries		1,789,869
Administrative expenses		146,729
Total deductions		1,936,598
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		10,987,030
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS		
Beginning of year		50,986,273
End of year	\$	61,973,303

^{*}Measurement date used in this report was for the year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY

SunLine Joint Powers Transportation Agency (doing business as SunLine Transit Agency) ("STA") ("Agency"), was originally formed by the County of Riverside, California, and the cities in the Coachella Valley to provide transportation services in the Coachella Valley. STA is a special purpose government and is eligible for funding under Section 99200 et. seg. of the California Public Utilities Code.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements represent STA and its component units. A component unit is included in the primary government's financial statements, if STA appoints a majority of the component unit's board of directors or if the governing body is substantively the same as STA, if the component unit provides services or other benefits almost entirely to the primary government, and if STA is financially accountable for the component unit.

The component units discussed below are legally separate component units, however, it is included in STA's reporting entity because STA appoints majority of its board of directors and STA is considered financially accountable for its operations.

Included within the reporting entity as blended component unit:

SunLine Services Group ("SSG") was formed in 1993 in order to enhance public/private partnerships in the Coachella Valley. SSG operations include regulation, licensing, and franchising the taxicabs and alternative transportation in the Coachella Valley. Effective July 1, 1996, SSG adopted ordinances to give it the authority to regulate taxicab.

Included as Fiduciary Funds:

SunLine Transit Retirement Income Plan for Bargaining Unit Personnel and SunLine Transit Retirement Income Plan for Non-Bargaining Unit Personnel (Plans) are single employer defined benefit pension plans that were established on February 1, 1980. SunLine Transit Retirement Income Plan for Bargaining Unit Personnel covers all collective bargaining employees of STA, regardless of hours worked. SunLine Transit Retirement Income Plan for Non-Bargaining Unit Personnel covers all employees who are considered to be full time and are not covered by the collective bargaining agreement of STA, provided they agree to make the mandatory employee contributions. STA is financially accountable for the Plans.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") commonly referred to as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, the statement of cash flows, the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position) report information on all of the activities of the primary government, its component unit, and pension trust funds.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of STA. STA reports a measure of operations by presenting the change in net position from operations as "operating income" in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Operating activities are defined by STA as all activities other than financing and investing activities (interest expense and investment income), and other infrequently occurring transaction of a nonoperating nature. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of STA. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Fiduciary Fund – Pension Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Funds account for the accumulated resources to be used to provide for retirement benefits to all members of the Plans. The Plans' financial statements are reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 consistent with the Plan's year end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less and are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market price. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

Receivables

Receivables are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts, if any. Federal and State grants accrued as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. Amount earned but outstanding at year-end are reported as accounts receivable.

Inventory

Inventory consists of vehicle parts held for consumption, fuel and bus passes. Inventory is stated at the lower of weighted average cost or market.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal yearend are recorded as prepaid items.

Deposits

Deposits represent amounts held by the Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA) on behalf of STA to pay workers' compensation claims and other expenses that do not involve a transfer of risk to PERMA.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date of donation. STA policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$1,000, all of which must have an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land improvements	10 – 20 years
Building	10 – 30 years
Office furniture and equipment	3 – 7 years
Vehicles	4 – 12 years
Equipment	5 – 10 years

Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects, and once constructed, the related repairs and maintenance costs are expensed. Interest incurred during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized as part of the asset cost, net of interest income earned on construction bond proceeds.

Compensated Absences

It is STA's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leaves up to 500 hours and unlimited hours for unused sick leave. Management, non-exempt, and union employees begin to accrue vested vacation and sick hours upon being hired, except for part-time employees who begin to accrue such hours after the first year. Accumulated unpaid vacation and vested sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned.

Claims Payable

STA's uninsured claims are accrued and charged to expense when the claims are reasonably determinable and the existence of a liability is probable. Liabilities include amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR).

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and therefore, not recognized as an expense until that time.

Deferred Inflows of Resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

Net Position

Net Position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This is component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position are the amounts of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investments in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is STA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Federal, State, and Local Subventions

Federal, state and local governments have made various grants and subventions available to STA for operating assistance and acquisition of capital assets. Grants for operating assistance, the acquisition of equipment or other capital outlay are not formally recognized in the accounts until the grant becomes a valid receivable as a result of STA's complying with appropriate grant requirements. Operating assistance grants are included in nonoperating revenues in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Revenues earned under capital grants are recorded as capital contributions.

Fuel and Lubricants Expense

STA allocates operating expenses to the fuel and lubricants expense on the statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position including salaries and benefits, and supplies, representing the costs incurred for the generation of CNG fuel by STA.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pension Reporting

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of STA's pension plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

New Accounting Pronouncements, Not Yet Effective

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements, that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management has not yet determined any impact the implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of STA.

GASB No. 84

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB No. 87

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87 "Leases". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 89

In June 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

New Accounting Pronouncements, Not Yet Effective (Continued)

GASB No. 90

In August 2018, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61". The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 91

In May 2019, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB No. 92

In January 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 93

In March 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 94

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 95

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The Statement postponed the effective dates of certain Statements to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates of the affected Statements listed above have been updated to reflect the impact of this Statement.

GASB No. 96

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 97

In June 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14, 84, and a suppression of GASB Statement No. 32." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consisted of the following:

Reported in Enterprise Funds:

	_	STA	SSG	Total
Cash on hand	\$	1,100 \$	100 \$	1,200
Deposits with financial institutions		5,003,358	317,107	5,320,465
Investments - LAIF		601,400	-	601,400
Total cash and investments	\$	5,605,858 \$	317,207 \$	5,923,065

Reported in Pension Trust Funds (December 31, 2019):

	Bargaining			Non-Bargaining		
	Plan		Æ	Plan		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	282,518	\$	258,632	\$	541,150
Investments, at fair value		30,485,503		30,805,910		61,291,413
Total cash and investments	\$	30,768,021	\$	31,064,542	\$	61,832,563

Demand Deposits

At fiscal year-end of 2020, the carrying amount of demand deposits was \$5,320,465 and the bank balance was \$8,140,987 of which the total amount was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in STA's name discussed as follows:

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure STA's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in STA's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of STA's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure Agency's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of STA's total cash deposits. STA may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). STA, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for STA by the California Government Code (or STA's investment policy where more restrictive), and certain provisions that address interest rate risk and concentration of risk.

	Authorized by		Maximum	Maximum
	Investment		Percentage of	Investments in
Investment Type	Policy	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issurer
Local Agency Bonds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	25%	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	None
Commercial Paper-Pooled Funds	Yes	270 days	40%	A-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and Securities	No	N/A	N/A	None
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	"A" Rating
Mutual Funds and Money Market Funds	No	N/A	20%	Multiple
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	"A" "A" Rating
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Yes	N/A	None	\$50 million

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The Agency's investment in LAIF has a maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. STA's investment in LAIF at June 30, 2020 was not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of STA's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of STA contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2020, STA did not have any investments in any one issuer (other than external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of its total investment portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, STA will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and STA's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the provision for deposits as disclosed previously.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment in State Investment Pool

The Agency is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Agency's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the Agency's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. As of June 30, 2020, the Agency's investment in LAIF had a contractual withdrawal value of \$601,400.

Fair Value Measurement

STA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

STA's investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2020 is reported at the Agency's pro-rata share of the amortized cost provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. This amount approximates fair value.

NOTE 4 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

At June 30, 2020, due from other governmental agencies consisted of the following:

Federal Transportation Administration (FTA)	\$ 3,996,913
State Transit Assistance	2,523,004
Measure A	58,864
Local Transportation Fund (LTF)	477,496
CalStart	16,624
CalTrans	560,671
Others	25,312
Total	\$ 7,658,884

Federal Transportation Administration (FTA)

Under the provisions of the FTA, funds are available to the Agency for maintenance costs, acquisition, construction, improvement and maintenance of transit facilities, transit vehicles and equipment.

State Transit Assistance and Local Transportation Fund (LTF)

Local Transportation Fund (LTF) and the State Transit Assistance programs are created under the Transportation Development Act (TDA) by the State of California (State). Funds are available to the Agency for maintenance costs, acquisition, construction, improvement and maintenance of transit facilities, transit vehicles and equipment. Funds are administered by the Riverside County Transportation Commission.

NOTE 4 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Measure A

Measure A is a voter-approved one-half of one percent sales tax for the purpose of improving the transportation system of the Riverside County.

CalStart and State of California Air Resource Board (CARB)

Funds represents cost reimbursements in accordance with the Cooperative Agreements with CalStart and State of California Air Resource Board.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

June 30, 2020

		Balance					Transfers/		Balance
	J	uly 1, 2019		Additions	Deletions	-	Adjustments		June 30, 2020
Non-depreciable assets						_		-	
Land	\$	3,141,003	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	3,141,003
Construction in progress		18,501,999	_	17,368,423	-	_	(15,465,336)		20,405,086
Total nondepreciable assets		21,643,002		17,368,423	-		(15,465,336)		23,546,089
Depreciable assets									
Buildings		29,092,022		17,963	-		-		29,109,985
Land improvements		3,502,718		-	-		1,056,208		4,558,926
Facility improvements		3,281,697		62,538	-		23,129		3,367,364
Office furniture and equipment		7,379,845		487	(25,303))	309,578		7,664,607
Vehicles		75,674,122		-	(9,777,557))	13,990,061		79,886,626
Equipment	<_	6,700,351		20,537	(87,159))	86,360	_	6,720,089
Total depreciable assets	1	25,630,755		101,525	(9,890,019))	15,465,336		131,307,597
Less accumulated depreciation		(73,850,111)	_	(9,278,507)	9,890,019	_		_	(73,238,599)
Total depreciable assets, net		51,780,644		(9,176,982)	-	_	15,465,336		58,068,998
Total capital assets, net	\$	73,423,646	\$_	8,191,441 \$	-	\$	-	\$	81,615,087

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 comprised of:

SunLine Transit Agency	\$ 9,277,951
SunLine Services Group	556
Total	\$ 9,278,507

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Changes in capital assets by funding source for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

				State Transit						
		Federal		/ Prop 1B				Operator/		
	_	Funds	_	Funds	_	TDA Funds	 Measure A	 Other	_	Total
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$	59,919,557	\$	55,303,207	\$	15,548,849	\$ 10,000	\$ 16,492,144	\$	147,273,757
Additions		4,928,041		11,933,069		578,921	-	30,000		17,470,031
Deletions		(4,249,569)		(1,187,876)		(223,914)	-	(4,228,743)		(9,890,102)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	60,598,029	\$	66,048,400	\$	15,903,856	\$ 10,000	\$ 12,293,401	\$	154,853,686

NOTE 6 UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue represents excess capital and operating assistance. The following represent the amounts at June 30, 2020:

Capital Assistance	
State Transit Assistance \$	1,271,272
Proposition 1B	141,379
Low Carbon Transit Operations Program	1,022,832
Transportation Development Act	87,241
Operators/Others	850,279
Total capital assistance	3,373,003
Operating Assistance	
Low Carbon Transit Operations Program	518,878
Transportation Development Act	6,803,645
Operator/Others	16,324
Total operating assistance	7,338,847
· ·	
Total \$_	10,711,850

Capital Assistance

Changes in unearned revenue by funding source for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		Federal Funds	State Transit Funds	Prop 1 B Funds	LCTOP Funds	TDA Funds	Operator/ Other Funds	Total
Excess capital funds at July 1, 2019	\$	5,190 \$	1,512,435 \$	1,709,264 \$	- (\$ 87,241	\$ 31,660 \$	3,345,790
Interest earned		-	-	1,804	-	-	-	1,804
Allocation received/deferred		-	-	-	1,022,832	-	984,037	2,006,869
Funds available		5,190	1,512,435	1,711,068	1,022,832	87,241	1,015,697	5,354,463
Less: eligible costs - capitalized	_	(5,190)	(241,163)	(1,569,689)			(165,418)	(1,981,460)
Excess capital funds at June 30, 2020	\$_	\$	1,271,272 \$	141,379 \$	1,022,832	\$ 87,241	\$ 850,279 \$	3,373,003

NOTE 6 UNEARNED REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Operating Assistance

Changes in unearned revenue by funding source for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	TDA	LCTOP	Operator/	
	Funds	Funds	Other Funds	Total
Excess operating funds at July 1, 2019	\$ 4,998,606 \$	555,273	\$ 16,324 \$	5,570,203
Allocation received/deferred	1,997,614	10,350	-	2,007,964
Funds available	 6,996,220	565,623	16,324	7,578,167
Eligible costs	(192,575)	(46,745)	-	(239,320)
Excess operating funds at June 30, 2020	\$ 6,803,645 \$	518,878	\$ 16,324 \$	7,338,847

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary of changes in long-term obligations for the years ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Due Within		Due In More
		July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	One Year	T	han One Year
Claims payable	\$	2,988,496 \$	603,867	\$ (793,559) \$	2,798,804 \$	659,958	\$	2,138,846
Compensated absences		1,617,718	2,547,945	(2,325,523)	1,840,140	1,840,140		-
Net pension liability (asset) - non-bargainin	g	2,342,079	-	(3,176,278)	(834,199)	-		(834,199)
Net pension liability (asset) - bargaining		1,691,416	-	(1,449,376)	242,040	-		242,040
Total	\$	8,639,709 \$	3,151,812	\$ (7,744,736) \$	4,046,785 \$	2,500,098	\$_	1,546,687

Claims Payable

Claims payable at June 30, 2020, amounted to \$2,798,804. There is no fixed payment schedule for claims payable. See Note 8 for more detail.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Refer to Note 9 for information.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

STA is a participant in the Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA) formed under a joint powers agreement between local governments and special districts for the purpose of jointly funding (pooling risks) general liability and workers' compensation insurance for the member agencies. STA's general liability self-insured retention is \$125,000 per claim. The total general liability coverage limit is \$50,000,000 per occurrence. Workers' compensation insurance costs are based on annual deposit premiums. STA's workers' compensation self-insured retention is \$250,000 per claim and coverage limits are statutory limits. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

If PERMA experiences an unusually large number of losses during a policy year, the funds for a given program may become exhausted. In such case, the Board of Directors of PERMA may impose premium surcharges on all members who were in the program at the time such loss or losses occurred in order to pay the necessary costs. Annual surcharges shall not exceed an amount equal to three times the member's annual premium for the policy year in which such loss occurred. STA's surcharge would be based upon its pro rata share of premiums paid in said year.

STA's self-insured retention for general and workers' compensation liabilities is based on an annual actuarial study discounted at 2%.

Separate financial statements for PERMA are available at 36-951 Cook Street, Suite 101, Palm Desert, California 92211.

NOTE 9 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

STA contributes to the SunLine Transit Retirement Income Plans for Bargaining and Non-Bargaining Personnel (Plans), single-employer defined benefit pension plans. STA administers the Plans through a Retirement Committee appointed by STA's Board of Directors.

Bargaining and non-bargaining participants are 100 percent vested in their accrued benefit after completion of five years of credited service. Normal retirement age is 62; however, an employee may retire prior to age 62, provided he/she has attained age 55 or has completed 25 years of credited service. Employees who retire early are subject to a reduced benefit. An employee may remain employed after his/her normal retirement age and receive an increased benefit. Non-bargaining employees shall at all times be 100 percent vested in their contributions.

Bargaining Personnel Plan - Prior to June 30, 2007, the amount of the monthly retirement benefit at the normal retirement date shall be equal to 1/90 of the first \$400 of Final Average Monthly Earnings (FAME) plus 1/60 of the excess of FAME over \$400, times years and completed quarters of credited service. The calculation was amended effective July 1, 2007, whereas benefit payments at the normal retirement date shall be equal to 1/60 of FAME, multiplied by years and completed quarters of service. FAME is the average of the 36 highest consecutive months of earnings as a participant. If the employee has attained age 62 at termination and completed ten years of service, the minimum monthly benefit is \$400. Earnings mean compensation paid during a plan year as an eligible employee, excluding any compensation paid as bonuses, overtime, or other extra pay. A year of credited service for each plan year is earned during which an employee is employed full time for STA. The basic form of benefit payment is a life annuity; however, various joint and survivor annuity forms are available, provided certain requirements are met.

Plan Description (Continued)

Non-Bargaining Personnel Plan - The amount of the monthly retirement benefit at the normal retirement date shall be equal to the greater of a) 2.5 percent times FAME times years of credited service (FAME is the average of the 36 highest consecutive months of earnings as a participant) or b) if the employee has attained age 62 at termination and completed ten years of service, the minimum monthly benefit is \$400. Earnings mean compensation paid during a plan year as an eligible employee, excluding any compensation paid as bonuses, overtime, or other extra pay. The maximum benefit is 90% of FAME. A year of credited service for each plan year is earned during which an employee is employed full time for STA. The basic form of benefit payment is a life annuity; however, various joint and survivor annuity forms are available, provided certain requirements are met.

Death, Disability and Termination Benefits Under the Plans - If an active employee (participant) dies, a death benefit may be paid to the participant's spouse, (or dependent under age 21) provided the participant has completed five years of credited service. The benefit is the participant's accrued benefit assuming that the participant retired on the day prior to their death. If an employee becomes totally and permanently disabled after completing ten years of services he/she shall be entitled to receive an unreduced pension equal to 2.5 percent of FAME times years of service. This benefit cannot exceed the projected benefit at age 62 based on current FAME and total service assuming continued employment until age 62. If a participant who has completed five years of vesting service is terminated for any reason other than death, he/she will be entitled to receive his/her normal benefit upon attainment of age 55.

Separate financial statements for the Plans may be obtained from STA.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Bargaining	Non-Bargaining
Benefit formula at normal retirement age	1.6% @ 62	2.5% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55 - 62	55 - 62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible	1.6%	2.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	none	3%
Required employer contribution rates	10.89%	22.44%

Employees Covered – At December 31, 2019, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of each Plan:

	Bargaining	Non-Bargaining
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	107	57
Inactive employees entitled to but		
not yet receiving benefits	91	109
Active employees	291_	116
	489	282

Investment Policy – The financial goal for the Plans is to provide funding for the benefits on the most cost efficient basis to STA. The objectives of the Retirement Committee is the preservation of principal, assurance of liquidity to meet the cash needs of the plan, and obtaining the maximum investment yield consistent with those objectives. Assets shall be invested in accordance with federal and state regulations, although the Retirement Committee has determined that investment of the Plans' assets will not be permitted in warrants, commodities or options, other than U.S. treasury bonds, notes and futures, margin purchases or short sales, and such other assets as may be specified by the Retirement Committee from time to time.

The Plans' target asset allocation is summarized below:

	I arget
Cash and cash equivalent	0%
Fixed income	40%
Equities	60%
	100%

Plans' Investments – US Bank was the custodian for all of the Plans' investments at December 31, 2019. The Plans do not have any funds or deposits that are not covered by depository insurance, nor does the Plans have any investments that are not registered in the name of the Plans. The Plans assets are invested in mutual funds and therefore the Plans' assets are not exposed to interest rate risk or credit risk. The Plans' investments were also not exposed to foreign currency risk, which is the risk that any deposit or investment denominated in foreign currency bear a potential risk of loss arising from changes in currency exchange rates. The Plans' assets, which consisted of mutual funds, were measured using level 1 inputs as defined in Note 3. The Plans had the following non-participant directed investments that were greater than five percent of the Plans' fiduciary net position as of December 31. 2019:

Plans' Investments (Continued)

		Bargaining		Non-Bargaining	Total
JOHCM International Select Fund	Mutual Fund \$	1,750,216	\$	1,772,529 \$	3,522,745
Vanguard Total International Stock					
Index Admiral Fund	Mutual Fund	3,712,034		3,746,443	7,458,477
Vanguard Total Stock Market					
Index Admiral Fund	Mutual Fund	11,370,169		11,501,420	22,871,589
Baird Core Plus Bond Institutional Fund	Mutual Fund	3,028,747		3,055,058	6,083,805
DoubleLine Core Fixed Income I Fund	Mutual Fund	2,810,008		2,834,310	5,644,318
PGIM Total Return Bond CL R6	Mutual Fund	3,021,817	_	3,049,548	6,071,365
		25,692,991	_	25,959,308	51,652,299
Aggregate of non-participant directed					
investments less than five percent					
of the Plan's fiduciary net position:		4,792,512		4,846,602	9,639,114
	\$	30,485,503	\$	30,805,910 \$	61,291,413

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of investment expense, for the Bargaining and Non-Bargaining Plans for the plan year ended December 31, 2019 were 20.06% and 20.08%, respectively. Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Detailed information about each pension plan's investments is available in the separately issued audited financial reports.

Contributions – Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of January 1 by an actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Agency is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Agency's net pension liability (asset) for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability (asset) of the Plan is measured as of December 31, 2019, using an actuarial valuation as of the same date. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Bargaining	Non-Bargaining		
Valuation Date	January 1, 2020	January 1, 2020		
Measurement Date	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2019		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Actuarial Discount Rate	6.0%	6.0%		
Cost-of-living Increases	None	3% per year, compounded annually		
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%		
Projected Salary	3.0% ⁽¹⁾	4.0% (1)		
Investment Rate of Return	6.0% ⁽²⁾	6.0% ⁽²⁾		
Mortality	RP-2006 ¹ Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 ² Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale.	RP-2006 ¹ Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 ² Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale.		

⁽¹⁾ Compounded annually. Compensation for the year beginning on the valuation date is based on the hourly rate on the valuation date multiplied by 2,080. Future compensation is limited to \$275,000 per year. For participants subject to PEPRA, future compensation is limited to \$149,016. This limit is assumed to increase by 3% per year.

⁽²⁾ Net of investment expenses, compounded annually

¹ These are the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to 2014.

² These are the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to 2014.

Given the size of the plan, there is not enough data available to conduct credible experience study. The assumptions are not anticipated to produce significant cumulative actuarial gains or losses over time. The liabilities and data are analyzed each year in order to identify any trends of experience deviation from the actuarial assumptions.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method where expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of the December 31, 2019 measurement date are summarized in the following table:

	rarget	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income equities securities	40%	1.25%
Domestic equities	50%	4.00%
International equities	10%	4.75%
Cash	0%	0%
	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00% for both Plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. An explicit cost for Plan expenses was not included in the valuation. The 6.00% investment return used in this accounting valuation is assumed to be net of administrative expenses. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been higher than 6.00%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. STA believes the difference in calculation will not lead to a material difference.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED) NOTE 9

Changes in the Net Pension Liability
The following tables show the changes in net pension liability (asset) over the measurement period:

	_	Bargaining Plan						
		Increase(Decrease)						
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension				
		Liability	Net Position	Liability / (Asset)				
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	27,572,135 \$	25,230,056 \$	2,342,079				
Changes recognized for the								
measurement period:								
Service cost		1,123,520	-	1,123,520				
Interest		1,699,200	-	1,699,200				
Differences between expected and								
actual experiences		297,167	-	297,167				
Changes of assumptions		1,088,323	-	1,088,323				
Contributions from the employer	4	-	1,137,127	(1,137,127)				
Contributions from the employee		-	143,440	(143,440)				
Net Investment Income		-	5,105,422	(5,105,422)				
Administrative expenses		-	(77,740)	77,740				
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(751,313)	(751,313)					
Net changes during 2019		3,456,897	5,556,936	(2,100,039)				
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$_	31,029,032 \$	30,786,992 \$	242,040				

	_	Non-Bargaining Plan					
	_		Increase(Decrease)				
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension			
		Liability	Net Position	Liability / (Asset)			
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	27,345,478	\$ 25,654,062 \$	1,691,416			
Changes recognized for the							
measurement period:							
Service cost		1,056,964	-	1,056,964			
Interest		1,672,990	-	1,672,990			
Differences between expected and			-				
actual experiences		(185,002)	-	(185,002)			
Changes of assumptions		1,397,572	-	1,397,572			
Contributions from the employer		-	1,202,250	(1,202,250)			
Contributions from the employee		-	158,948	(158,948)			
Net Investment Income		-	5,175,930	(5,175,930)			
Administrative expenses		-	(68,989)	68,989			
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	_	(1,038,556)	(1,038,556)	<u> </u>			
Net changes during 2019	_	2,903,968	5,429,583	(2,525,615)			
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$	30,249,446	\$ 31,083,645 \$	(834,199)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the net pension liability of STA for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what STA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 Bargaining	Non-Bargaining
1% Decrease	5.00%	5.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,582,635	3,615,477
Current Discount Rate	6.00%	6.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 242,040 \$	(834,199)
1% Increase	7.00%	7.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (3,346,875) \$	(4,461,868)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued audited financial reports.

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, STA recognized total pension expense of \$1,789,128. At June 30, 2020, STA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Pension contribution subsequent to	_	_	
measurement date	\$	1,233,932	5 -
Differences between expected and			
actual experience		301,566	(1,015,971)
Changes in assumptions		1,955,115	(319,982)
Net differences between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	. <u>.</u> .	3,677,244	(7,385,168)
Total	\$_	7,167,857	(8,721,121)

Pension contribution made subsequent to measurement date amounting to \$1,233,932 was reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

December 31	Amount	Amount			
2020	\$ (1,037,32	21)			
2021	(736,54	12)			
2022	161,44	19			
2023	(1,353,52	20)			
2024	178,73	38			
Therafter		-			

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Agency has no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lawsuits

STA and SSG were named in certain legal actions pending at June 30, 2020. While the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management of STA and SSG, based in part on the advice of counsel, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of STA and SSG, or is adequately covered by insurance.

Federal and State Grant Programs

STA participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and applicable state requirements. No cost disallowance is expected as a result of these audits; however, these programs may be subject to further examination by the grantors. Awards which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, if any, cannot be determined at this time. Management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Commitments

Commitments consist primarily of additions to operations equipment and building improvements. Significant commitments as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

				Cumulative		
		Amount		Expenses		Unexpended
Project	_	Authorized	_	June 30, 2020		Commitments
Bus and van purchases	\$	4,409,887	\$	1,663,472	\$	2,746,415
Facility improvements		9,565,000		1,903,577		7,661,423
Administrative building		732,261		531,753		200,508
Hydrogen fueling infrastructure		25,372,050		16,210,146		9,161,904
Equipment and others		56,600		650		55,950
	\$	40.135.798	\$	20.309.598	\$	19.826.200
	Ψ_	,	. "		Ψ	

NOTE 11 TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT (TDA) COMPLIANCE

STA is subject to the provisions of the Public Utilities Code ("PUC") Section 99270.1 and must maintain a minimum fare ratio of 19.74% in 2020 of operating revenues to operating expenses.

After allocation of indirect costs to each type of service and taking into consideration certain cost exemption provisions of the TDA, STA's fare ratio for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 23.74%, as calculated below. STA is in compliance with the provisions of PUC Section 99270.1.

Farebox and other revenues FTA CARES Act Interest	\$ 6,709,178 2,000,000 13,851
Total revenues	 8,723,029
Net revenues	\$ 8,723,029
Operating expenses	\$ 45,198,560
Less:	
Depreciation	9,277,951
Pension expense (GASB 68 adjustment)	(828,929)
Net operating expenses	\$ 36,749,538
Fare ratio	23.74%
Target ratio	 19.74%

NOTE 12 PROPOSITION 1B

On November 7, 2006, the voters of the State of California approved the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006, known as Proposition 1B. Proposition 1B included in a State program of funding in the amount of \$4 billion and \$1 billion to be deposited in the Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA) and Transit System Safety, Security and Disaster Response Account (TSSSDRA), respectively. PTMISEA funds can be used for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation or replacement. TSSSDRA funds can be used for transportation related security and safety projects.

Proposition 1B activity during the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	_	PTMISEA	TS	SSDRA	_	Total
Unspent Prop 1B funds at July 1, 2019	\$	1,710,450	\$	14	\$	1,710,464
Prop 1 B transferred to Operating Account		23,748		-		23,748
Prop 1 B funds spent		(1,567,975)		(14)	(1,567,989)
Interest revenue earned on unspent Prop 1B funds	_	1,804		-		1,804
Unspent Prop 1B funds at June 30, 2020	\$	168,027	\$	-	\$	168,027

NOTE 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries. To date, it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the Agency.

The Agency has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2020 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through November ___, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no other subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Sunline Transit Agency Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios As of June 30, 2020 Last Ten Years*

	_	Reporting Period 2020			Reporting Period 2019			
			Non-					
	_	Bargaining	Bargaining	_	Bargaining	No	n-Bargaining	
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	1,123,520 \$	1,056,964	\$.,,	\$	1,023,221	
Interest		1,699,200	1,672,990		1,595,457		1,569,141	
Differences between expected and actual experience		297,167	(185,002)		(252,563)		64,249	
Changes of assumptions		1,088,323	1,397,572		-		-	
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(751,313)	(1,038,556)		(723,427)		(880,536)	
Net change in total pension liability		3,456,897	2,903,968		1,686,797		1,776,075	
Total pension liability - beginning	_	27,572,135	27,345,478		25,885,338		25,569,403	
Total pension liability - ending ^(a)	\$	31,029,032 \$	30,249,446	\$	27,572,135	\$	27,345,478	
Plan fiduciary net pension								
Contributions from the employer	\$	1,137,127 \$	1,202,250	\$	1,332,751	\$	1,163,831	
Contributions from the employee		143,440	158,948		-		154,443	
Net investment income		5,105,422	5,175,930		(1,445,368)		(1,480,804)	
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(751,313)	(1,038,556)		(723,427)		(880,536)	
Administrative expenses	_	(77,740)	(68,989)		(89,608)		(89,087)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	5,556,936 \$	5,429,583	\$	(925,652)	\$	(1,132,153)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	25,230,056	25,654,062		26,155,708		26,786,215	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending ^(b)	\$_	30,786,992 \$	31,083,645	\$	25,230,056	\$	25,654,062	
Net pension liability - ending ^{(a) - (b)}	\$_	242,040 \$	(834,199)	\$	2,342,079	\$	1,691,416	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.22%	102.76%		91.51%		93.81%	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	11,077,510 \$	5,204,655	\$	10,495,187	\$	4,842,573	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		2.18%	-16.03%		22.32%		34.93%	

Note to Schedule

* Fiscal Year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

		Reporting Period 2018			Reporting Period 2017		
	_		Non-				Non-
	_	Bargaining	Bargaining	E	Bargaining		Bargaining
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	1,014,181 \$	1,072,153	\$	963,077	\$	987,864
Interest		1,501,976	1,494,609		1,396,512		1,443,007
Differences between expected and actual experience		(341,121)	(417,693)		(97,435)		(866,759)
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(616,895)	(835,332)		(494,152)		(741,407)
Net change in total pension liability	_	1,558,141	1,313,737		1,768,002		822,705
Total pension liability - beginning		24,327,197	24,255,666		22,559,195		23,432,961
Total pension liability - ending ^(a)	\$	25,885,338 \$	25,569,403	\$	24,327,197	\$	24,255,666
Plan fiduciary net pension							
Contributions from the employer	\$	1,240,460 \$	1,056,891	\$	1,171,779	\$	1,043,297
Contributions from the employee		-	139,280		-		131,637
Net investment income		3,196,447	3,301,003		1,553,438		1,619,088
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(616,895)	(835,332)		(494, 152)		(741,407)
Administrative expenses		(164,498)	(176,739)		(181,447)		(186,344)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	3,655,514 \$	3,485,103	\$	2,049,618	\$	1,866,271
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		22,500,194	23,301,112		20,450,576		21,434,841
Plan fiduciary net position - ending ^(b)	\$	26,155,708 \$	26,786,215	\$	22,500,194	\$	23,301,112
Net pension liability - ending ^{(a) - (b)}	\$	(270,370) \$	(1,216,812)	\$	1,827,003	\$	954,554
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.04%	104.76%		92.49%		96.06%
Covered - employee payroll	\$	9,937,276 \$	4,939,705	\$	9,306,674	\$	4,429,828
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		-2.72%	-24.63%		19.63%		21.55%

Note to Schedule

* Fiscal Year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

	Reportin 20	•	Reporting Period 2015			
		Non-		Non-		
	Bargaining	Bargaining	Bargaining	Bargaining		
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$ 786,230	\$ 838,631	\$ 722,633	\$ 832,999		
Interest	1,319,280	1,380,214	1,168,813	1,248,085		
Differences between expected and actual experience	43,602	(461,064)	38,118	(491,252)		
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(452,533)	(718,599)	(415,646)	(603,943)		
Net change in total pension liability	1,131,153	908,726	2,462,633	2,253,842		
Total pension liability - beginning	21,428,042	22,524,235	18,965,409	20,270,393		
Total pension liability - ending ^(a)	\$ 22,559,195	\$ 23,432,961	\$ 21,428,042	\$22,524,235		
Plan fiduciary net pension						
Contributions from the employer	\$ 1,017,569	\$ 972,058	\$ 838,727	\$ 850,854		
Contributions from the employee	-	124,295	-	119,857		
Net investment income	(134,851)	(140,493)	827,017	878,786		
Benefits payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(452,533)	(718,599)	(415,646)	(603,943)		
Administrative expenses	(162,245)	(172,502)	(16,569)	(16,079)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 267,940	\$ 64,759	\$ 1,233,529	\$ 1,229,475		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	20,182,636	21,370,082	18,949,107	20,140,607		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending ^(b)	\$ 20,450,576	\$ 21,434,841	\$ 20,182,636	\$21,370,082		
Net pension liability - ending ^{(a) - (b)}	\$ 2,108,619	\$ 1,998,120	\$ 1,245,406	\$ 1,154,153		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.65%	91.47%	94.19%	94.88%		
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 7,395,958	\$ 3,608,769	\$ 7,171,287	\$ 3,626,818		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	28.51%	55.37%	17.37%	31.82%		

Note to Schedule

* Fiscal Year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions
	Actuarially	the Actuarially	Contributions		as a % of
Year Ended	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
December 31	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2010 \$	1,021,656 \$	1,118,615 \$	(96,959) \$	6,688,432	17.17%
2011	959,580	1,028,823	(69,243)	6,514,916	15.60%
2012	1,011,840	1,045,458	(33,618)	6,593,082	15.23%
2013	916,788	999,727	(82,939)	6,862,649	13.94%
2014	693,586	838,727	(145,141)	7,171,287	11.34%
2015	891,288	1,017,569	(126,281)	7,395,958	10.93%
2016	1,175,179	1,171,779	3,400	9,306,674	11.79%
2017	1,276,570	1,240,460	36,110	9,937,276	11.82%
2018	1,271,919	1,332,751	(60,832)	10,495,187	12.70%
2019	1,332,533	1,137,127	195,406	11,077,510	10.27%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated annually, at the beginning of each Plan year in which contributions are reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions are as follows:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method

Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return

Mortality

Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method Level percentage of payroll Remaining working lifetime

Actuarial value of assets is the market value of funds held by custodian with accrued contributions and accrued interest and dividends.

- 2.75%
- 3.00%, including merit, seniority, and inflation.
- 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually.

Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service

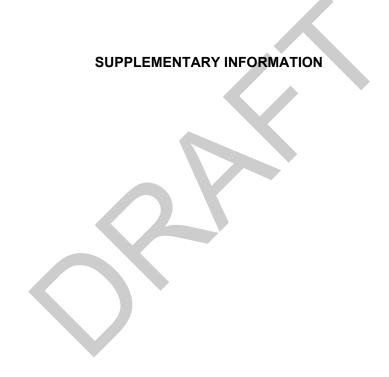
RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to 2014.

Year Ended December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2010 \$	1,162,812		. , , , ,	3,512,416	33.95%
2011	1,013,700	1,072,780	(59,080)	3,295,632	32.55%
2012	1,063,500	1,120,580	(57,080)	3,288,878	34.07%
2013	960,708	1,168,010	(207,302)	3,626,818	32.20%
2014	709,392	970,711	(261,319)	3,608,769	26.90%
2015	838,188	972,058	(133,870)	4,429,828	21.94%
2016	1,053,887	1,043,297	10,590	4,939,705	21.12%
2017	1,088,228	1,056,891	31,337	4,842,573	21.82%
2018	979,399	1,163,831	(184,432)	4,842,573	24.03%
2019	1,043,456	1,202,250	(158,794)	5,204,655	23.10%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated annually, at the beginning of each Plan year in which contributions are reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions are as follows:

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Actuarial value of assets is the market value of funds held by custodian with accrued contributions and accrued interest and dividends. Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to 2014.	Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method Level percentage of payroll						
Actuarial value of assets is the market value of funds held by custodian with accrued contributions and accrued interest and dividends. Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
held by custodian with accrued contributions and accrued interest and dividends. Inflation 2.75% Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administation's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to								
Inflation 2.75% Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	Asset valuation method							
Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to								
Salary increases Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Mortality Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	Inflation							
Investment rate of return 6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses, compounded annually. Retirement age Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to								
compounded annually. Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	-							
Retirement age varies based on employees' age and year of service Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	Investment rate of return	6.00% per annum, net of investment expenses,						
year of service RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to		compounded annually.						
Mortality RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	Retirement age	Retirement age varies based on employees' age and						
improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	•	year of service						
improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	Mortality	RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational						
Security Administration's assumption scale. After disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to	-	improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social						
disablement, the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Table with generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to								
generational improvements beginning in 2006 based on the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to		·						
the Social Security Administration's assumption scale. The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to		•						
The RP-2006 Mortality Tables are the RP-2014 Mortality tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to								
tables with the MP-2014 generational projection scale removed from the central year of the study (2006) to		•						
removed from the central year of the study (2006) to		•						
		. ,						
2014.		removed from the central year of the study (2006) to						
		2014.						



		STA	SSG		Total
ASSETS	-		 ,	-	
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	5,605,858	\$ 317,207	\$	5,923,065
Accounts receivable, net		2,927,256	36,166		2,963,422
Due from other governmental agencies		7,658,884	-		7,658,884
Inventory		997,219	-		997,219
Prepaid items	-	705,108	 	_	705,108
Total current assets	_	17,894,325	 353,373	_	18,247,698
Noncurrent assets:					
Deposits		2,188,940	-		2,188,940
Net pension asset		834,199	-		834,199
Capital assets, not depreciated		23,546,089	-		23,546,089
Capital assets, depreciated	_	58,067,584	1,414	_	58,068,998
Total noncurrent assets	_	84,636,812	1,414	_	84,638,226
Total assets	_	102,531,137	 354,787	-	102,885,924
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pension		7,167,857	_		7,167,857
Delotted amounts related to pension		1,101,001	 -	-	7,107,007
LIABILITES					
Current liabilities:	١.				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,477,397	5,852		2,483,249
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		315,057	6,280		321,337
Retention payable		391,523	-		391,523
Compensated absences		1,831,009	9,131		1,840,140
Claims payable - current portion		659,958	-		659,958
Unearned revenue	=	10,711,850	 	-	10,711,850
Total current liabilities	-	16,386,794	 21,263	_	16,408,057
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability - noncurrent portion		242,040	_		242,040
Claims payable - noncurrent portion	_	2,138,846	 	_	2,138,846
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	2,380,886	 -	_	2,380,886
Total liabilities	_	18,767,680	 21,263	_	18,788,943
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.704.404			0.704.404
Deferred amounts related to pension	-	8,721,121	 	-	8,721,121
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		81,613,673	1,414		81,615,087
Unrestricted	_	596,520	 332,110	_	928,630
Total net position	\$	82,210,193	\$ 333,524	\$_	82,543,717

			•
	STA	SSG	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			_
Passenger fares \$	2,032,866 \$	- \$	2,032,866
CNG and hydrogen fuel sales	3,955,754	-	3,955,754
Taxi license fees	· -	184,847	184,847
Other	682,207	-	682,207
Total operating revenues	6,670,827	184,847	6,855,674
Operating expenses			
Salaries and employee benefits	25,239,220		25,239,220
Depreciation	9,277,951	- 556	9,278,507
Services	3,779,143	49,575	
Bad debts	3,779,143		3,828,718
Casualty and liability costs	4 044 042	17,423	17,423
Materials and supplies	1,844,813	7,973 2,604	1,852,786
Utilities	2,207,172		2,209,776
	1,937,706	4,240	1,941,946
Tires and tubes	189,917	-	189,917
Taxes	98,004	4	98,008
Administrative	-	131,349	131,349
Fuel and lubricants	241,656	-	241,656
Miscellaneous	382,888	4,454	387,342
Total operating expenses OPERATING LOSS	<u>45,198,470</u> (38,527,643)	218,178 (33,331)	45,416,648 (38,560,974)
	(30,327,043)	(33,331)	(38,360,974)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Operating grants:			
Local Transportation Fund	14,268,455	-	14,268,455
Measure A	6,206,363	-	6,206,363
Federal Transit Administration -Section 5307	6,843,231	-	6,843,231
Federal Transit Administration -Section 5309	289,600	-	289,600
Federal Transit Administration -Section 5310	36,874	-	36,874
Federal Transit Administration -Section 5311	662,715	-	662,715
Federal Transit Administration -Section 5311(f)	355,605	-	355,605
Federal Transit Administration - Others	300,667	-	300,667
Local Reimbursement	193,104	-	193,104
Low-Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) Gran		-	46,745
Total operating grants	29,203,359	-	29,203,359
Interest income	13,851	-	13,851
Gain on sale of capital assets, net	32,482	<u> </u>	32,482
Total nonoperating revenues	29,249,692	<u> </u>	29,249,692
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(9,277,951)	(33,331)	(9,311,282)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Capital grants:			
Federal Transit Administration	4,928,041	_	4,928,041
State Transit Assistance	7,453,735	_	7,453,735
Proposition 1B	1,569,689	_	1,569,689
Local Transportation Fund	578,921	_	578,921
Other	2,939,645	- -	2,939,645
Total capital contributions	17,470,031		17,470,031
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	8,192,080	(33,331)	8,158,749
NET POSITION		(,,	-,,-
Beginning of year	74,018,113	366,855	7/ 38/ 060
End of year \$		333,524 \$	74,384,968 82,543,717
Liiu Oi yeai	<u> </u>	JJJ,524 \$	02,343,717

See report of independent auditors.

	_	STA	SSG	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$	4,079,306 \$ (10,035,149) (25,332,564)	164,017 \$ (76,067) (124,906)	4,243,323 (10,111,216) (25,457,470)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(31,288,407)	(36,956)	(31,325,363)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Cash received from operating grants Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	21,439,544 21,439,544	<u> </u>	21,439,544 21,439,544
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Cash received from capital grants	_	24,245,243		24,245,243
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	(17,469,948) 32,482	<u>-</u> _	(17,469,948) 32,482
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activ	itie	6,807,777		6,807,777
Cash flows from investing activity Interest income received		13,851	-	13,851
Cash provided by investing activity		13,851	-	13,851
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,027,235)	(36,956)	(3,064,191)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		8,633,093	354,163	8,987,256
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,605,858 \$	317,207 \$	5,923,065
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss) Write off of bad debts	\$	(38,527,643) \$	(33,331) \$ 17,423	(38,560,974) 17,423
Depreciation		9,277,951	556	9,278,507
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources:				
Accounts receivable Inventory		(2,591,521) (60,937)	(20,830)	(2,612,351) (60,937)
Prepaid items		(213,355)	-	(213,355)
Deposits		(667,668)	-	(667,668)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,599,795) 1,386,279	- (7,217)	(3,599,795) 1,379,062
Accounts payable and accided liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		59,628	1,064	60,692
Retention payable		391,523	-	391,523
Net pension asset/liability		(3,791,455)	-	(3,791,455)
Compensated absences		217,043	5,379	222,422
Claims payable		(189,692)	-	(189,692)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	_	7,021,235	- -	7,021,235
Net cash used in operating activities	\$_	(31,288,407) \$	(36,956) \$	(31,325,363)

	As of December 31, 2019*							
	_	Bargaining	_	Total				
ASSETS	_			_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	282,518	\$	258,632	\$	541,150		
Receivables:								
Contributions		51,341		51,324		102,665		
Interest		430		399		829		
Dividends		18,540		18,706		37,246		
Investments, at fair value:								
Mutual funds	_	30,485,503	_	30,805,910	_	61,291,413		
Total assets	_	30,838,332		31,134,971	_	61,973,303		
NET POSITION								
Fiduciary net position restricted for pension benefits	\$	30,838,332	\$	31,134,971	\$	61,973,303		

^{*}Measurement date used in this report was as of December 31, 2019.

	Year ended December 31, 2019*					
		Bargaining		Non-Bargaining		Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	1,124,838	\$	1,201,648	\$	2,326,486
Participants		156,248		159,542		315,790
linvestment income:						
Interest		3,497		3,081		6,578
Dividend		702,829		711,847		1,414,676
Net appreciation (depreciation)						
in fair value of investments		4,399,096		4,461,002		8,860,098
Total additions	_	6,386,508		6,537,120		12,923,628
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits paid to participants and beneficiaries		751,313		1,038,556		1,789,869
Administrative expenses	_	77,740		68,989		146,729
Total deductions	_	829,053		1,107,545		1,936,598
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		5,557,455		5,429,575		10,987,030
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS						
Beginning of year		25,280,877		25,705,396		50,986,273
End of year	\$	30,838,332	\$	31,134,971	\$	61,973,303

^{*}Measurement date used in this report was for the year ended December 31, 2019.



801 South Grand Ave., Suite 400 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Ph. (213) 873-1700 Fax (213) 873-1777

www.vasquezcpa.com

OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors SunLine Transit Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the SunLine Transit Agency (STA), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020, the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November , 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered STA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether STA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, contained in the State of California Department of Transportation, Article 4 of the *Transportation Development Act*, the *Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement and Service Enhancement Account* (PTMISEA) described in California Government Code §8879.55, the *Transit System Safety, Security and Disaster Response Account* (TSSSDRA) described in California Government Code §8879.23, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of STA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Glendale, California November ___, 2020





www.vasquezcpa.com

Vasquez & Company LLP has over 50 years of experience in performing audit, accounting & consulting services for all types of nonprofit organizations, for-profit companies, governmental entities and publicly traded companies. Vasquez is a member of the RSM US Alliance. RSM US Alliance provides its members with access to resources of RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each are separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International. Visit rsmus.com/about us for more information regarding RSM US LLP and RSM International. The RSM™ logo is used under license by RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance products and services are proprietary to RSM US LLP.



SunLine Services Group Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Report of Independent Auditors





SunLine Services Group Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Report of Independent Auditors

	<u>PAGE</u>
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements	7 8 9 10
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	15





OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors SunLine Services Group Thousand Palms, California 92276

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the SunLine Services Group (SSG), a component unit of SunLine Transit Agency (STA), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the SunLine Services Group as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November ___, 2020 on our consideration of SSG's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SSG's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SSG's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Glendale, California November , 2020 The management of SunLine Services Group (SSG) offers readers of the SSG's financial statements narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of SSG for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited financial statements including the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets of SSG exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$333,524 in 2020 and \$366,855 in 2019. At June 30, 2020, net position consisted of \$1,414 net investment in capital assets and \$332,110 of unrestricted net position. Accordingly, operating revenue and operating expenses decreased during the year.
- SSG's net position decreased in FY 2020 by \$33,331. The decrease in net position in FY 2020 when compared to FY 2019 was due to the decrease in passenger surcharge fees in FY 2020 due to decline in demand for public transportation caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to SSG's financial statements. SSG's financial statements consist of two components:

- Financial statements; and
- Notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of SSG's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of SSG's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether SSG's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The presentation of net position also distinguishes between those invested in capital assets, those that are restricted by external parties or legal requirements, or those that are unrestricted and can be used for any purpose.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provide information regarding the revenues generated and earned and the expenses incurred related to those revenues. The difference between the revenues and expenses represents the change in net position, or profitability as reflected by the amount of change in net position generated for the fiscal year.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information on SSG's sources and uses of cash and the overall change in cash and cash equivalents over the fiscal year. These activities are categorized by the different activities in which SSG engages: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide information on significant accounting policies, cash and investments, accounts receivable, capital assets, compensated absences, and other areas for a full understanding of the data in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

Net Position

As stated earlier, increases or decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of SSG's financial position. At June 30, 2020, SSG's assets exceeded liabilities by \$333,524, a \$33,331 decrease from June 30, 2019. A condensed summary of the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 is shown below:

		2020	2019	Changes
Current assets	\$	353,373	\$ 386,922	\$ (33,549)
Capital assets		1,414	1,970	(556)
	Total assets	354,787	388,892	(34,105)
Current liabilities		21,263	22,037	(774)
	Total liabilities	21,263	22,037	(774)
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	3	1,414	1,970	(556)
Unrestricted		332,110	364,885	(32,775)
To	otal net position \$	333,524	\$ 366,855	\$ (33,331)

SSG's investment in capital assets represents acquisition of service vehicles, facilities/structures, and peripheral equipment for operations, and administrative support. SSG uses these capital assets to provide services to regulate, license, and franchise taxicabs and alternative transportation in the Coachella Valley. Because of this, these assets are not available for future spending. The decrease of \$556 in net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020, resulted primarily from the depreciation of capital assets.

Unrestricted net position represents the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$32,775 due to lower revenues generated from passenger surcharge fees caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has reduced passenger traffic and drove lower demand for public travel.

Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SSG's revenues were \$184,847 and \$192,602, respectively, while the total expenses, excluding depreciation, were \$217,622 and \$282,392, respectively. The table below presents financial data related to the decrease in net position of \$33,331 and \$93,526 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change in net position in 2020 was primarily due to lower revenues from passenger surcharge fees because of the COVID-19 pandemic. The sudden drop in public transportation and the containment measures implemented in response such as government recommendations to avoid travel led to a reduction in revenues.

	Years en				
	2020		2019	C	hanges
OPERATING REVENUES					
Operating vehicle permit fees	\$ 57,538	\$	74,090	\$	(16,552)
Taxi business permit fees	120,762		63,202		57,560
Passenger surcharge fees	-		46,511		(46,511)
Driving permits and inspection fees	5,120		8,789		(3,669)
Other	1,427		10		1,417
Total operating revenues	184,847		192,602		(7,755)
CONTROLLABLE OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administrative	131,349		158,638		(27,289)
Services	49,575		94,833		(45,258)
Bad debts	17,423		663		16,760
Casualty and liability	7,973		17,774		(9,801)
Utilities	4,240		4,240		-
Materials and supplies	2,604		3,083		(479)
Taxes	4		25		(21)
Miscellaneous	4,454		3,136		1,318
Total controllable operating expenses	217,622	-	282,392		(64,770)
Depreciation	556	. <u> </u>	3,736		(3,180)
Total expenses	218,178		286,128		(67,950)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(33,331)		(93,526)		60,195
NET POSITION Beginning of year	366,855		460,381		(93,526)
End of year	\$ 333,524	\$	366,855	\$	(33,331)

Revenues

Operating revenues decreased by \$7,755 from FY 2019 due to the decrease in passenger surcharge fees as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Expenses

Adopted SSG policies, procedures, and business processes are used as management tools to control expenses and attain goals and objectives. These controllable operating expenses consist of cost elements that exclude depreciation. For purposes of this analysis, operating expenses before depreciation will be discussed. These expenses totaled \$217,622 and \$282,392 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Operating expenses before depreciation decreased by \$64,770 from FY 2019. The decrease is primarily due to decreases in services, administrative, and casualty and liability insurance expenses as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic travel restriction and corresponding expense reduction measures.

Capital assets

SSG's investment in capital assets amounted to \$1,414 and \$1,970 (net of accumulated depreciation), as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes service vehicles, facilities/structures, and peripheral equipment for operations, and administrative support. These capital assets were acquired using internally generated funds.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The following significant factors were considered as budget assumptions when preparing SSG's budget for FY 2021:

- Uber has continued to increase its market share and the effect has had a negative impact on taxi revenues.
- Increase in revenue from the annual vehicle permits due to the increase in the vehicle permit fees.
- Increase in operating expenses largely from the increase in salaries and related employee benefits.
- SSG will use contingency funds to cover the deficit in FY 2019/20.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SSG's finances for all those with an interest in SSG's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, SunLine Services Group, 32-505 Harry Oliver Trail, Thousand Palms, CA 92276.

ASSE	TS
-------------	----

Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	317,207
Accounts receivable		36,166
	Total current assets	353,373
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,414
	Total assets	354,787
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5,852
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		6,280
Compensated absences	_	9,131
	Total current liabilities	21,263
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		1,414
Unrestricted		332,110
	Total net position \$	333,524

OPERATING REVENUES		
Operating vehicle permit fees	\$	57,538
Taxi business permit fees		120,762
Driving permits and inspection fees		5,120
Other		1,427
Total op	erating revenues	184,847
CONTROLLABLE OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administrative		131,349
Services		49,575
Bad debts		17,423
Casualty and liability		7,973
Utilities		4,240
Materials and supplies		2,604
Taxes		4
Miscellaneous		4,454
Total controllable operating expenses		217,622
Depreciation		556
	Total expenses	218,178
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(33,331)
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year		366,855
End of year	\$	333,524

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 164,017
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(76,067)
Cash payments to employees for services	(124,906)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (36,956)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(36,956)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	354,163
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 317,207
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (33,331)
Write off of bad debts	17,423
Depreciation	556
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(20,830)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(7,217)
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	1,064
Compensated absences	5,379
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (36,956)

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY

SunLine Services Group (SSG) was formed in 1993 in order to enhance public/private partnerships in the Coachella Valley. SSG operations include regulating, licensing, and franchising of the taxicabs and alternative transportation in the Coachella Valley. Effective July 1, 1996, SSG adopted ordinances to give it the authority to regulate taxicabs.

SSG is accounted for as a blended component unit of SunLine Transit Agency (STA). STA was formed by the County of Riverside, California, and the cities in the Coachella Valley to provide transportation services in the Coachella Valley. The accompanying financial statements present only the SSG and are not intended to present fairly the financial position, change in financial position, or cash flows of STA as a whole, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental agencies. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of SSG.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of SSG. The principal operating revenues of SSG are operating vehicle permit fees, passenger surcharge fees, and driving permits and inspection fees. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

Deferred Inflows of Resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less and are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market price. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts, if any. Federal and State grants are reported as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. Amount earned but outstanding at year-end are reported as accounts receivable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which consist of service vehicles, facilities/structures, and peripheral equipment for operations and administrative support are stated at cost or, for donated assets, at fair value at the date of donation. SSG capitalizes all assets with acquisition cost of at least \$1,000 and useful life of at least one year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets and do not materially extend asset lives are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to seven years.

Compensated Absences

It is SSG's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave up to 500 hours and unlimited hours for unused sick leave. Management, non-exempt, and union employees begin to accrue vested vacation and sick hours upon being hired, except for part-time employees who begin to accrue such hours after the first year. Accumulated unpaid vacation and vested sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position

Net Position is classified as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position is the amounts of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, reduced by liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investments in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is SSG's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Regulatory Administration Fees

Regulatory administration fees consist of permit fees, inspection fees, and passenger surcharge fees. Inspection fees and passenger surcharge fees are recognized as revenue when such services are rendered. Permit fees are recognized when permits are issued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The carrying amounts of SSG's cash deposits was \$317,207 at June 30, 2020. Bank balance at June 30, 2020 was \$317,131, which were fully insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in SSG's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure SSG's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in SSG's name.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of SSG's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure SSG's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of SSG's total cash deposits. SSG may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). SSG, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2019		Additions	 Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2020
Depreciable assets:			٥			
Vehicles	\$	344,750	\$	-	\$ (54,144) \$	290,606
Equipment		50,087		-	-	50,087
Total depreciable assets	-	394,837		-	(54,144)	340,693
Accumulated depreciation	_	(392,867)	K	(556)	54,144	(339,279)
Net capital assets	\$	1,970	\$	(556)	\$ \$	1,414

Depreciation expense was \$556 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

STA's staff and resources are used in the performance of its responsibilities relating to the activities of SSG. Accordingly, STA allocates salaries and benefits to SSG on the basis of actual hours spent by activity. Other indirect overhead is allocated based on management's estimates. The fees to reimburse STA are billed to SSG monthly. For the year ended June 30, 2020, STA charged SSG \$131,349, for administrative services.

NOTE 6 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences at June 30, 2020, amounted to \$9,131. There is no fixed payment schedule for compensated absences.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

SSG is insured through STA for its general liability and worker's compensation insurance. Claims liabilities and the related claims expenses are not included in the accompanying financial statements because claims are not identifiable between STA and SSG. Claim liabilities at June 30, 2020 are displayed in the financial statements of STA in the amount of \$2,798,804. Refer to the audited financial statements of STA for additional information.

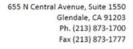
NOTE 8 COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

SSG may become involved in various legal actions, administrative proceedings, or claims in the ordinary course of operations. Although it is not possible to predict with certainty the outcome of these actions or the range of possible loss or recovery, it is the opinion of SSG's legal counsel and SSG's management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of SSG.

NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries. To date, it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the SSG.

SSG has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2020 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through November ___, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no other subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.





OFFICE LOCATIONS: Los Angeles Sacramento San Diego Manila

www.vasquezcpa.com

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors SunLine Services GroupThousand Palms, California 92276

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the SunLine Services Group (SSG), a component unit of SunLine Transit Agency (STA), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November , 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SSG's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SSG's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SSG's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether SSG's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SSG's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Glendale, California
November ___, 2020





www.vasquezcpa.com

Vasquez & Company LLP has 50 years of experience in performing audit, accounting & consulting services for all types of nonprofit organizations, for-profit companies, governmental entities and publicly traded companies. Vasquez is a member of the RSM US Alliance. RSM US Alliance provides its members with access to resources of RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each are separate and independent from RSM US LLP. RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International. Visit rsmus.com/about us for more information regarding RSM US LLP and RSM International. The RSM™ logo is used under license by RSM US LLP. RSM US Alliance products and services are proprietary to RSM US LLP.

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer

RE: Ratification of Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security

(CARES) Act Claim

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors ratify the claim of CARES Act funding in the amount of \$1,975,487 for operating assistance.

Background

On April 22, 2020, the Board approved Resolution No. 0778 regarding federal emergency funding. The resolution granted the Agency the ability to spend federal emergency funding made available from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the CARES Act. The resolution requires that the Board ratify the expenditures of CARES Act or FEMA funds at the next regular SunLine Board meeting following the submission of a claim against those funds. On October 21, 2020, the Agency made a claim of CARES Act funding in the amount of \$1,975,487 to cover eligible operating costs. The reimbursement of CARES Act operating funds aligns with the financial plan presented to the Board of Directors. The Agency will leverage the CARES Act funding in order to minimize the usage of Local Transportation Funds (LTF) and build reserves in state funding for FY22 and beyond.

Total Claims on CARES Act or FEMA Funding				
Date		Amount	Funding Type	
8/3/2020	\$	2,024,513.00	CARES Act	
10/21/2020	\$	1,975,487.00	CARES Act	
Total	\$	4,000,000.00		

Financial Impact

The \$1,975,487 in operating assistance allows the Agency to leverage emergency assistance and build its operating reserves in LTF.

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Luis Garcia, Chief Financial Officer

RE: Approval for Appropriation and Resolution No. 0784 to Obtain

Federal Financial Assistance

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors approve:

1. The appropriation of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funds for the following projects:

- a. Cubicle extensions \$56,730.38
- b. Personal protective equipment (PPE) and cleaning supplies \$92,117.09
- c. Vehicle barriers \$421,325.67
- 2. The attached Resolution No. 0784 providing authorization to the CEO/General Manager and/or designees to execute the required documents to obtain federal financial assistance through the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES) and FEMA.

Background

In May, SunLine applied for emergency financial assistance in the amount of \$570,173.14 for COVID-19 related costs including bus shields, office cubicle extensions, PPE and emergency cleaning supplies. Subsequently, staff was made aware of our grant award in September. Since September, the Finance Department has been working with CalOES in order to obligate the funding and allow SunLine to be reimbursed for allowable costs. CalOES is currently working with FEMA for the obligation, however, a resolution from the Board of Directors is also necessary once FEMA obligates funding to CalOES.

Financial Impact

This grant will provide the Agency with federal funding assistance in the amount of \$570,173.14.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY

RESOLUTION NO. 0784

DESIGNATION OF APPLICANT'S AGENT RESOLUTION FOR NON-STATE AGENCIES

WHEREAS, SunLine Transit Agency is a Joint Powers Authority located at 32-505 Harry Oliver Trail, Thousand Palms, CA, 92276 and its Board of Directors is comprised of one elected official from each member agency, which includes Desert Hot Springs, Palm Springs, Cathedral City, Rancho Mirage, Palm Desert, Indian Wells, La Quinta, Indio, Coachella and the County of Riverside; and

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom of the State of California declared a State of Emergency in response to the COVID-19 (Corona Virus Disease 19); and,

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a National Emergency due to the continued spread and the effects of COVID-19; and,

WHEREAS, SunLine applied for emergency financial assistance in the amount of \$570,173.14 for COVID-19 related costs for bus shields, office cubicle extensions, personal protective equipment (PPE) and emergency cleaning supplies.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of SunLine Transit Agency that the CEO/General Manager, Chief Financial Officer or Deputy Chief Financial Officer is hereby authorized to execute for and on behalf of SunLine Transit Agency, a public entity established under the laws of the State of California, this application and to file it with the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of obtaining certain financial assistance under Public Law 93-288 as amended by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act of 1988, and/or state financial assistance under the California Assistance Act.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT SunLine Transit Agency, a public entity established under the laws of the State of California, hereby authorizes its agent(s) to provide to the Governor's Office of Emergency Services for all matters pertaining to such state disaster assistance the assurances and agreements required.

This is a disaster specific resolution and is effective for only disaster number DR-4482.

ADOPTED this 2nd day of December, 2020

ATTEST:		
Brittney B. Sowell Clerk of the Board SunLine Transit Agency	Robert Radi Chairperson of the Board SunLine Transit Agency	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
General Counsel		

Eric Vail

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)) ss.
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE)
Transit Agency, do hereby co	VELL, Clerk of the Board of Directors of the SunLine ertify that Resolution No was adopted at a oard of Directors held on the day of y the following vote:
AYES:	
NOES:	
ABSENT:	
ABSTAIN:	
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I I	have hereunto set my hand this day of
	Brittney B. Sowell Clerk of the Board
	SunLine Transit Agency

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Rudy Le Flore, Chief Project Consultant

RE: Zero Emission Technical Support Agreement

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors authorize the CEO/General Manager to negotiate and execute a technical support agreement with Zen and the Art of Clean Energy Solutions Inc. (Zen) in an amount not to exceed \$200,000 for a term of approximately two (2) years subject to review and approval by SunLine's General Counsel.

Background

On June 24, 2020 the Board of Directors approved SunLine's rollout plan required by the Innovative Clean Transit Regulation (ICT) from the California Air Resources Board. This regulation requires that SunLine transfers its bus fleet and fueling equipment to meet zero emissions requirements by 2040. SunLine has committed to meet this goal by 2035.

In order to improve the quality and effectiveness of its zero emissions equipment investments, SunLine is in need of technical support in this area. Technical support is needed in the areas of grant writing, technical project oversight, performance modeling, and technical evaluations. Zen's principal, Jeff Grant, has worked with SunLine in its hydrogen fueling program over the past 11 years. Jeff Grant has been involved with SunLine's purchase of fuel cell vehicles and the implementation of the hydrogen electrolyzer. Sabina Russell, another principal with Zen, is an engineer with experience in hydrogen and hydrogen fuel systems. Zen's understanding of SunLine's products and processes make them uniquely qualified to provide technical support to the Agency.

Financial Impact

The \$200,000 for this contract will be funded from a combination of Board approved capital and operating funds.

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Finance/Audit Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Rudy Le Flore, Chief Project Consultant

RE: SoCalGas Hydrogen Demonstration Project

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors authorize the CEO/General Manager to negotiate and execute an agreement for a Hydrogen Fueling Demonstration Project, with Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas) a Public Utilities Commission regulated division of Sempra Energy, subject to review and approval by SunLine's General Counsel.

Background

SoCalGas has approached SunLine with a proposed hydrogen fueling project. This project provides for a steam methane reformer hydrogen generation system. It will demonstrate distributed hydrogen production using STARS-165. The STARS-165 system is planned to demonstrate a solar to hydrogen option for fueling. Combined, these systems are projected to produce an additional 900 kg or hydrogen per day for SunLine's use. The target for this project is to provide hydrogen at an extremely attractive \$3.00 per kilogram. This would set a new industry standard for efficiency.

This is a three-year demonstration project. SunLine will have the option to purchase this equipment at the end of this term. It is estimated that SunLine's contributory costs for this demonstration project is \$600,000. SoCalGas will commit an estimated amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 for implementation of this project. SunLine is still in preliminary contract negotiations and staff commits to bringing forward an updated project cost at a future meeting.

Financial Impact

The estimated \$600,000 for this project will be funded from Board approved capital and operating funds.

SunLine Transit Agency SunLine Services Group

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Board Operations Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Eric Vail, General Counsel

Lauren Skiver, CEO/General Manager

RE: Review Declaration of Emergency by the Board of Directors

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors review the declaration of emergency set forth in Board approved Resolution No. 0775 and make no changes to the current status.

Background

At the March 25, 2020 Board of Directors meeting, in response to the COVID-19 health emergency that federal, state and local governments are all currently addressing, SunLine Transit Agency and SunLine Services Group proclaimed an emergency situation as outlined in Resolution No. 0775 (attached).

The resolution states that the Board of Directors would review this declaration of emergency "at least once every 60 days, until its termination is proclaimed by the Board of Directors."

In March, all nine Coachella Valley cities declared a local emergency within their respective jurisdictions and at the May 27, July 22 and September 23, 2020 meetings, the SunLine Board of Directors voted to continue the emergency declaration.

Under Governor Newsom's tiered system, Riverside County is still observing Tier 1 – the most restrictive. Therefore, at this time, staff believes that the declaration of emergency should remain as many of the procedures that have been put in place for employees and riders cannot be lifted yet.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, SunLine implemented enhanced vehicle, stop and facility cleaning procedures; moved to a Sunday service schedule; instituted free fares and rear door boarding to help with recommended social distancing; closed the Agency's reception area to visitors; and required riders and employees to wear a face covering when on the bus and inside SunLine facilities. In order to keep these measures in place, it is required to continue the Board of Directors' declaration of emergency.

Financial Impact

There is no financial impact to keep the resolution in place.

SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY

RESOLUTION NO. 0775

A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SUNLINE TRANSIT
AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SUNLINE
SERVICES GROUP BOARD OF DIRECTORS
PROCLAIMING THE EXISTENCE OF AN EMERGENCY
SITUATION AND LOCAL EMERGENCY DUE TO THE
WORLDWIDE SPREAD OF COVID-19

WHEREAS, California Government Code ("CGC") Section 54956.5 authorizes the SunLine Transit Agency Board of Directors and SunLine Services Group Board of Directors (collectively referenced to hereinafter as "SunLine") to hold emergency meetings on shortened notice to address emergency situations as determined by a majority of the Board of Directors; and,

WHEREAS, California Government Code Section 54954.2 authorizes the Board of Directors to take actions not listed on the agenda, where deemed necessary by a majority of the Board of Directors to address emergency situations; and,

WHEREAS, from January 2020 through March 2020, COVID-19 spread throughout the world, with over 156,000 confirmed cases of individuals contracting COVID-19, and approximately 6,000 confirmed cases of individuals dying from COVID-19; and,

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom of the State of California declared a State of Emergency in response to the COVID-19 (Corona Virus Disease 19); and,

WHEREAS, on March 10, 2020, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Riverside proclaimed the existence of a local emergency for all of Riverside County in response to the outbreak of the COVID-19 in California and in Riverside County; and,

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization (WHO) publicly characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic; and,

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020 the President of the United States imposed certain travel bans and limitations in response to COVID-19; and

WHERAS, on March 12, 2020 Governor Newsom of the State of California issued Executive Order N-25-20, superseded by Executive Order N-29-20 on March 18, 2020, in a further effort to confront and contain COVID-19 that among other things suspended certain provision of the Ralph M. Brown Act providing local agencies with greater flexibility to hold meetings via teleconferencing; and,

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") had confirmed 2,726, cases of COVID-19 in the United States, with 55 cases resulting in death, within the United States, including California; and,

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the President of the United declared a National Emergency due to the continue spread and the effects of COVID-19; and,

WHEREAS, the State of California and numerous Counties, School Districts and other local governmental agencies as well as private entities have announced the cancellation or postponement of all events where social distancing cannot be reasonably achieved; and,

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020 Dr. Cameron Kaiser, Public Health Officer of the County of Riverside closed all Riverside County public Schools, regular classes, and school activities from March 16 through April 3, 2020; and,

WHEREAS, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic SunLine reasonably anticipates that SunLine will be required to utilize physical, personnel, and financial resources of SunLine and to take action to limit the spread of COVID-19 within the territorial jurisdiction of SunLine in order to provide for the safety of persons served by SunLine, and to provide continuity of essential services provided by SunLine; and,

WHEREAS, SunLine is actively providing support to those impacted by COVID-19 and cooperating with State, Federal and County in their response to the pandemic; and.

WHEREAS, SunLine reasonably anticipates both asking for mutual aid from, and providing mutual aid to, other communities who are addressing the spread and effects of COVID-19 which will require SunLine to utilize the physical, personnel, and financial resources of SunLine Transit Agency.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND HEREBY ORDERED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. That the above recitals are true and correct and based thereon, SunLine hereby finds that the spread of COVID-19 constitutes a situation that severely impairs the public health and safety within SunLine and constitutes conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property of SunLine.

Section 2. That, as authorized in CGC Sections 8630 and 54956.5. and based on the foregoing finding, an "emergency" as defined in CGC Section 54956.5(a) and a "local emergency" as defined in CGC Section 8558(c) hereby exists within the territorial jurisdiction of SunLine and is deemed to continue to exist, and shall

be reviewed at least once every 60 days, until its termination is proclaimed by the Board of Directors.

Section 3. That SunLine will utilize, to the extent reasonably feasible and appropriate, the ability to conduct its Board of Director meetings, and all committee meetings via teleconferencing and other electronic means to permit Board Members and members of the public to adopt social distancing to the greatest extent possible while still proceeding with the efficient handling of SunLine's business in compliance with California Executive Order N-29-20.

ADOPTED THIS 25thDAY OF March, 2020

ATTEST:

Brittney B. Sowell
Clerk of the Board
SunLine Transit Agency
SunLine Services Group

Kathleen Kelly

Chairperson of the Board SunLine Transit Agency SunLine Services Group

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

General Counsel

Eric Vail

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)) ss.
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE) 55.
Transit Agency, do hereby ce	VELL, Clerk of the Board of Directors of the SunLine ertify that Resolution No. <u>0175</u> was adopted at a oard of Directors held on the <u>25***</u> day of y the following vote:
AYES: NO	
NOES: Ø	
ABSENT: Ø	
ABSTAIN:	
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I I	Brittney B. Sowell Clerk of the Board SunLine Transit Agency SunLine Services Group

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Board Operations Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Eric Vail, General Counsel

Brittney B. Sowell, Chief of Public Affairs/Clerk of the Board

RE: Second Reading of Ordinance No. 2020-01

Recommendation

Recommend that the Board of Directors approve the second reading of Ordinance No. 2020-01 which will repeal Ordinance No. 2018-01 regarding the SunLine Transit Agency Conflict of Interest Code.

Background

Under the Political Reform Act, local public agencies are required to review their Conflict of Interest Codes biennially including the listings of designated positions for employees who must disclose their private economic interests along with the types of disclosures required. Upon review by the SunLine Board of Directors, the amended copy is sent to the County of Riverside Board of Supervisors who serves as the local code reviewing body.

Because the review is conducted biennially, it was the recommendation of the local code reviewing body to approve the Conflict of Interest Code by resolution. As such, staff is requesting for the Board of Directors to approve the second reading of Ordinance No. 2020-01 to repeal Ordinance No. 2018-01 and bring forth any future changes to the code by resolution. The first reading of this ordinance was conducted at the October 28, 2020 Board meeting.

The Board of Directors adopted Resolution No. 0782 on September 23, 2020, establishing SunLine's Conflict of Interest Code which had been updated to include titles that have been revised due to position reclassifications.

Financial Impact

No financial impact.

ORDINANCE NO. 2020-01

AN ORDINANCE OF THE SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY REPEALING ORDINANCE NO. 2018-01 REGARDING THE SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY CONFLICT OF INTEREST CODE

WHEREAS, the County of Riverside and the Coachella Valley cities comprising the joint powers agency known as SunLine Transit Agency ("SunLine") is a local government agency required by Government Code section 87300 to promulgate a Conflict of Interest Code; and

WHEREAS, the SunLine Board of Directors adopted the provisions of Title 2, section 18730 of the California Code of Regulations as SunLine's Conflict of Interest Code through the adoption of Ordinance 2018-01; and

WHEREAS, the SunLine Board of Directors desires and deems it to be in the public's best interest to repeal Ordinance 2018-02 in its entirety and adopt SunLine's Conflict of Interest Code through resolution; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has adopted Resolution No. 0782 on September 23, 2020, establishing SunLine's Conflict of Interest Code which had been updated to include titles that have been revised due to position reclassifications.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. REPEAL OF SUNLINE TRANSIT AGENCY ORDINANCE NO. 2018-01

Ordinance No. 2018-01 of the SunLine Transit Agency is hereby repealed in its entirety.

SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall become effective 30 days from and after its final passage.

SECTION 5. PUBLICATION

The Clerk of the Board is authorized and directed to cause this Ordinance to be published within fifteen (15) days after its passage in a newspaper of general circulation and circulated within the jurisdictional boundaries of SunLine in accordance with Government Code section 36933(a) or, to cause this Ordinance to be published in the manner required by law using the alternative summary and posting procedure authorized under Government Code section 36933(c).

SECTION 6. CERTIFICATION

SunLine shall certify to the passage and adoption of this ordinance and shall cause

INTRODUCED at the regular meeting of Sunt the 28 th day of October, 2020.	Line Transit Agency Board of Directors on
	Robert Radi, Chairperson of the Board of Directors
ATTEST:	
Brittney Sowell, Clerk of the Board	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	

the same to be posted and published in the manner required by law.

Eric S. Vail, General Counsel

SunLine Transit Agency

DATE: December 2, 2020 ACTION

TO: Strategic Planning & Operational Committee

Board of Directors

FROM: Jeff Guidry, Interim Transit Planning Manager

RE: FY19/20 Service Standards Performance Report

Background

Per SunLine Transit Agency's Service Standards Policy, attached is the annual Service Standards Performance Report. This annual summary includes standard design, performance, and quality metrics for SunLine's services for FY19/20. The Service Standards Policy and metrics are intended to:

- Promote continuous improvement of transit service
- Provide regular updates on service performance
- Meet requirements for monitoring Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Title VI
- Avoid uninformed decision making regarding the provisions of service

The COVID-19 pandemic greatly impacted SunLine. Due to national, state and local emergency orders, SunLine made numerous changes to protect the health and safety of our staff and riders. This report will highlight areas in our service that were impacted by the pandemic and how it affected our service.

Areas for improvement are targeted for change in FY21 with SunLine's Refueled initiative beginning January 2021. This will also be considered in developing future budgets and Short Range Transit Plans.

FTA requires under U. S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Title VI regulations that all transit providers include the following in their service standards policy:

- Vehicle headway for each mode
- On-time performance for each mode
- Service availability for each mode
- Vehicle load for each mode

Several key data points from this year's report:

- System ridership has decreased 16.6% over last fiscal year
- Fixed route ridership has decreased 16.3% over last fiscal year
- Paratransit ridership has decreased 21.5% over last fiscal year
- On-time performance for FY19/20 exceeded the service standard goal at 89.3%
- Paratransit has met and exceeded all major service standard goals for FY19/20



SERVICE PERFORMANCE REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2019/20

In June 2019, the Board of Directors approved the revised SunLine Transit Agency (SunLine) Service Standards Policy to provide the agency staff direction in the planning, operation, and management of transit service in the Coachella Valley.

This report is the annual summary of results for service standards design, performance, and quality metrics for service in Fiscal Year (FY) 2019/2020. The service standards policy and metrics are intended to:

- Promote continuous improvement of transit service
- Provide regular updates on service performance
- Meet federal requirements for monitoring Title VI
- Avoid uninformed decision making regarding the provision of service

SunLine's Refueled initiative will be implemented in January 2021 and other areas of improvement are targeted for changes in FY 2021 and will also be considered in developing the budget and Short Range Transit Plan (SRTP) for FY21/22. SunLine has taken action to continue to increase ridership. SunLine's Refueled initiative will launch in January 2021 with a consolidation of our fixed route system, SunRide mircotransit zones and introduction of the Commuter Link Route 10 to San Bernardino. In May 2021, SunLine will introduce the 1X express along the 111 corridor between Indio and Palm Springs.

COVID-19 Impact

The COVID-19 pandemic greatly impacted SunLine. Due to national, state and local emergency orders, SunLine made numerous changes to protect the health and safety of our staff and riders.

On March 18, 2020 SunLine instituted rear door boarding and free fare for our riders to reduce contact with the operator and limit time spent at the farebox. On March 21, SunLine service was reduced to Level 3 (Sunday Service) due to local and state stay at home orders and a dramatic reduction in ridership. At this time, SunLine began operating a "Ghost" or trailing bus. This second bus was added to select routes in tandem with the scheduled bus to assist with social distancing guidelines. Route timetables remained in accordance with our Sunday service.

Information will be provided throughout the report to address the impact of COVID-19 on SunLine and our riders.

Service Design

SunLine operated 16 fixed routes in the Coachella Valley during FY19/20, as well as one Regional Service Route 220 that operated between Palm Desert and Riverside. Due to COVID-19, SunLine transitioned to a Level-3 Service (Sunday Service) on March 21, 2020. Routes 20, 21, 54, 220 and the Palm Springs Buzz do not operate on a Sunday schedule. SunLine's upcoming Refueled initiative will redirect our Route 220 regional service from Riverside to become the Route 10 to San Bernardino beginning in January 2021.

The transit routes and the cities or communities they serve are listed in Table 1 below:

Table 1 - Summary of Fixed Route Transit Services for FY19/20

Route	Cities/Communities Served
14	Desert Hot Springs and Palm Springs
15	Desert Hot Springs and Desert Edge
20	Desert Hot Springs, Rancho Mirage and Palm Desert
21	Palm Desert
24	Palm Springs
30	Palm Springs and Cathedral City
32	Palm Springs, Cathedral City, Rancho Mirage, Palm Desert and Thousand Palms
54	Palm Desert, Indian Wells, La Quinta and Indio
70	La Quinta, Palm Desert, Indian Wells and Bermuda Dunes
80	Indio
81	Indio
90	Indio and Coachella
91	Indio, Coachella, Thermal, Mecca and Oasis
95	Indio, Coachella, Mecca and North Shore
111	Palm Springs, Cathedral City, Rancho Mirage, Palm Desert, Indian Wells, La Quinta, Indio
	and Coachella
BUZZ	Palm Springs
220	Palm Desert, Cabazon/Morongo Casino, Beaumont, Moreno Valley and Riverside

Service Frequency and Service Span Standards

Service frequency and span of service can be revised where sustainable (i.e. where demand warrants increased frequency, performance measures can still be met, and when funding can sustain the frequency and span of service).

New routes may be implemented based on a weekday only service, typically between the hours of 6:00 A.M. - 7:00 P.M. when there is a peak demand. During the implementation of new service, a trial period is allocated from 12 to 18 months as an opportunity to provide for service adjustments before deciding to either retain, expand, or eliminate service.

Listed below in Table 2 are the minimum service frequencies and spans:

Table 2 - Service Frequency

Service	Frequency and Service Span Standards
Trunk Routes:	
	Frequency of Service: 20 minutes weekday peak
	30 minutes off-peak and weekends
	Control Control 5 00 A M 44 00 B M 4 4 1 1 1
	Span of Service: 5:00 A.M 11:00 P.M. weekdays
	5:00 A.M 11:00 P.M. weekends
Local Routes:	
	Frequency of Service: 30/60 minutes weekday peak
	60 minutes off-peak and weekends
	Span of Service: 5:00 A.M 7:00 P.M. weekdays
	9:00 A.M 6:00 P.M. weekends
Market-Based Services	
	Frequency of Service: Based on Demand
	Span of Service: Based on Demand

Current Performance FY19/20

Table 3 - Service Frequencies for FY19/20

	We	Weekday Frequency		Weekend Frequency	
Route	Peak	Midday	Evening	Day	Evening
14	20	20	30	40	40
15	60	60	60	60	60
20	60	-	60	-	-
21	1	60	-	-	-
24	40	40	40	60	60
30	20	20	30	40	40
32	50	50	50	60	60
54	45	45	45	-	-
70	45	45	45	90	90
80	30	30	30	60	60
81	60	60	60	60	60
90	60	60	60	60	60
91	60	60	60	60	60
95	180	180	180	180	180
111	20	20	30	20	30
BUZZ	-	20	20	20	20
220	Select Trips	Select Trips	Select Trips	-	-

Table 4 - Service Spans for FY19/20

Doubo	Weekda	y Span	Wee	kend Span
Route	Start	Finish	Start	Finish
14	4:53 A.M.	11:20 P.M.	5:48 A.M.	10:41 P.M.
15	4:54 A.M.	8:49 P.M.	6:49 A.M.	7:44 P.M.
20	6:32 A.M.	7:55 P.M.	1	-
21	11:00 A.M.	3:50 P.M.	1	-
24	6:10 A.M.	8:25 P.M.	6:18 A.M.	7:38 P.M.
30	5:40 A.M.	10:44 P.M.	6:15 A.M.	9:41 P.M.
32	5:05 A.M.	10:40 P.M.	6:54 A.M.	10:48 P.M.
54	5:55 A.M.	7:55 P.M.	-	-
70	5:15 A.M.	8:45 P.M.	5:15 A.M.	9:28 P.M.
80	6:00 A.M.	8:45 P.M.	6:00 A.M.	8:45 P.M.
81	5:25 A.M.	8:15 P.M.	5:25 A.M.	8:15 P.M.
90	5:00 A.M.	9:52 P.M.	5:00 A.M.	8:52 P.M.
91	4:48 A.M.	10:20 P.M.	5:30 A.M.	10:40 P.M.
95	4:15 A.M.	10:00 P.M.	4:15 A.M.	10:00 P.M.
111	5:00 A.M.	11:05 P.M.	5:30 A.M.	11:05 P.M.
BUZZ	12:00 P.M.	10:10 P.M.	12:00 P.M.	10:10 P.M.
220	5:45 A.M.	9:31 P.M.	-	-

System Ridership

Ridership system-wide in FY19/20 for SunBus, SunDial and SolVan was a total of 3,517,639 boardings, a decrease of (-16.6%) compared to FY18/19:

- SunBus ridership totaled 3,379,890 a decrease of 659,560 rides or (-16.3), in comparison to FY18/19
- SunDial ridership totaled 122,126 a decrease of 33,206 rides (-21.4%), in comparison to FY18/19
- SolVan ridership totaled 15,623 a decrease of 7,402 rides (-32.1%), in comparison to FY18/19

Comparing the last five years, FY19/20 was on track to have an increased ridership over FY18/19 in Fixed Route ridership, which makes up the bulk of system ridership. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic were initially seen in March 2020 with a drop in ridership of 35.5% compared to 2019 and peaking in April with a 62.9% drop in ridership compared to the same time last year. (Figure 1 & 2).

SunLine has taken action to continue to increase ridership. SunLine's Refueled initiative will launch in January 2021 with a consolidation of our fixed route system, SunRide mircotransit zones and introduction of the Commuter Link Route 10 to San Bernardino.

The Haul Pass program was implemented in August 2018, which offers free rides to College of the Desert (COD) and Cal State San Bernardino (CSUSB) students and are subsidized by the respective colleges. However, with COVID-19 and the implementation of online learning, ridership increases due to HaulPass are not expected until campuses moves back to in-person learning. With free fares instituted on March 18th, we were unable to track specific ridership related to HaulPass due to the fact students were no longer swiping their student ID's.

Figure 1 - 5 Year Fixed Route Ridership Comparison

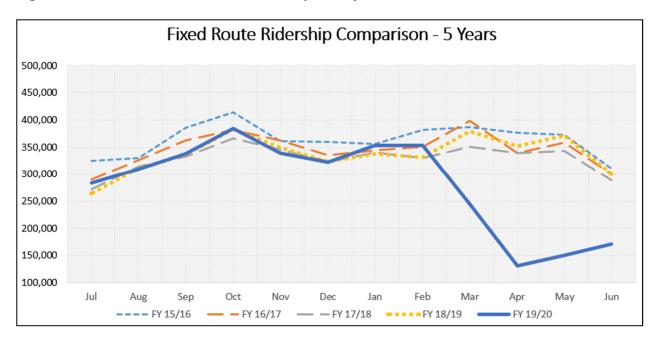
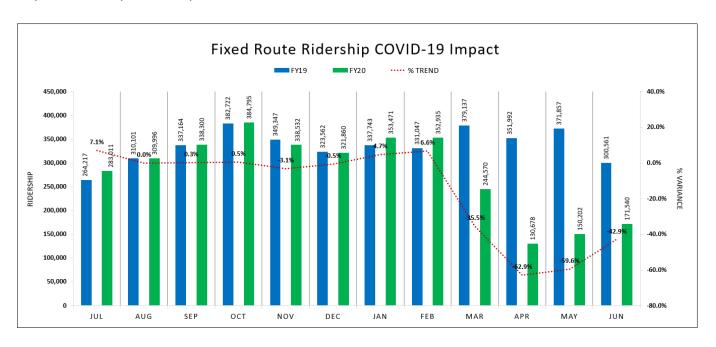


Figure 2 – COVID-19 Impact on Fixed Route Ridership

The COVID-19 pandemic caused a major national and global disruption with the closure of businesses, schools and entertainment venues due to the implementation of national and statewide public health policies. Since March 21, 2020 SunLine has been operating at a reduced level of service (Level-3) in response to the potential spread of the disease.



Service Productivity and Effectiveness

This section reviews service productivity and effectiveness of routes through Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) established in the Service Standards Policy.

Passengers Per Revenue Hour (PPRH) and Passengers Per Revenue Trip (PPRT) are KPI's that measure service effectiveness, or productivity, based on ridership (passenger boardings) generated for each hour of revenue service for local and trunk routes and boardings per trip for market based services operated. Minimum performance benchmarks are based on route performance and standards set by peer agencies.

Table 5 - Passenger Per Revenue Hour/Trip Standards (PPRH/PPRT)

Service Tiers	Routes in Service Type	PPRH Standard
Trunk Routes	Routes 14, 30 and 111	20
Local Routes	Routes 15, 20, 21, 24, 32, 54, 70, 80, 81, 90, 91, 95, & BUZZ	10

Service Tiers	Routes in Service Type	PPRT Standard
Market-Based Services	Regional Link 220	10

Current Performance FY19/20

Figure 3 - Local Routes Average PPRH

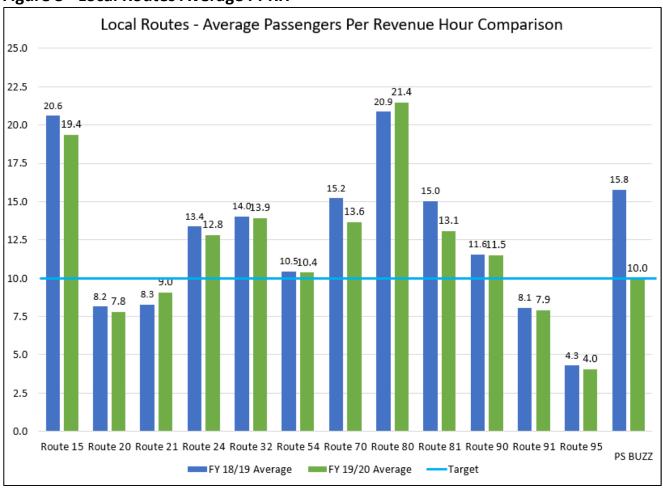


Figure 3 indicates that 9 out of 13 local routes are meeting their performance standards:

• Routes 20, 21, 91 and 95 for the FY19/20, failed to meet the target of 10 PPRH

SunLine's Refueled initiative will be implemented in January 2021 with a goal of addressing some of the deficiencies in our PPRH by consolidating our current route network and realigning our service with increases possible in frequency in the future.

Figure 4 - Trunk Routes Average PPRH

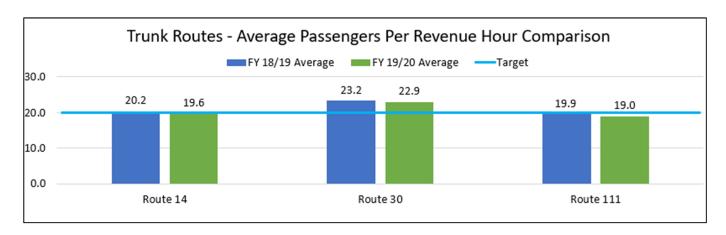
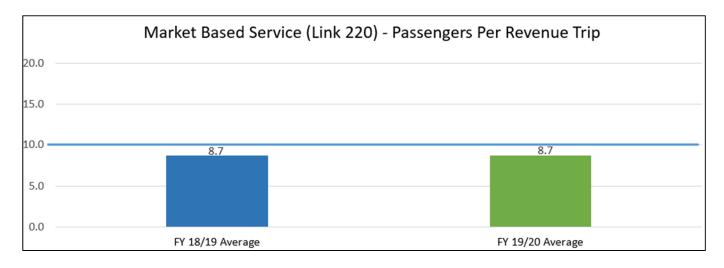


Figure 4 indicates that 1 out of 3 trunk routes met their performance standards:

The addition of trailing buses concentrated on the trunk routes helped maintain health and safety protocols through social distancing and also resulted in an increase in revenue hours. The provision of this additional service paired with a decrease in ridership directly impacted the PPRH for the Routes 14 and 30 in FY19/20.

Figure 5 - Market Based Service Average PPRT



Link 220, a market based service, failed to meet the target of 10 PPRT as indicated in Figure 5. SunLine's upcoming Refueled initiative will change our regional service Route 220 from Riverside to become the Route 10 to San Bernardino beginning in January 2021. We expect to see an increase in ridership related to CSUSB students when in class learning resume in 2021.

Service Quality Standards

Service quality standards are proposed to be measured using the following operational and passenger experience metrics:

- Service Scheduled Speed (service quality)
- On-Time Performance (service reliability)
- Percent Service Completed (service reliability)
- Miles Between Service Interruption (service reliability)
- Load Standards (service comfort)
- Average Fleet Age (service comfort)
- Bus Deployment Standards
- Warrants Standards

Each suggested metric is discussed in more detail below.

Service Scheduled Speed: Measures routes scheduled service speed. The measure is calculated by dividing revenue hours by revenue miles for each route. This KPI monitors services needed to maintain reasonable speed to retain and grow ridership.

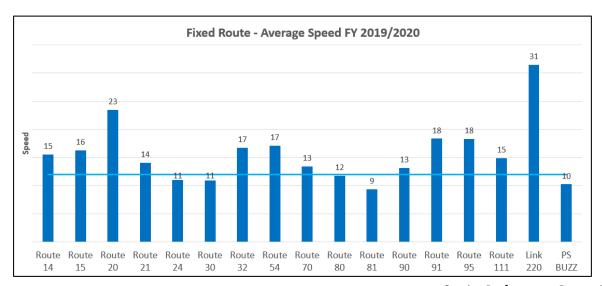
The target performance scheduled speed is 12.5 MPH for SunLine's transit system as shown below.

Table 6 - Service Scheduled Speed Standard FY19/20

Service Mode	Service Speed - Weekdays	Service Speed - Weekends
Fixed Route Bus	12.5 MPH	12.5 MPH

The system is currently operating at an average of 16 MPH, above the target for scheduled speed.

Figure 6 - Fixed Route Averaged Speed FY19/20



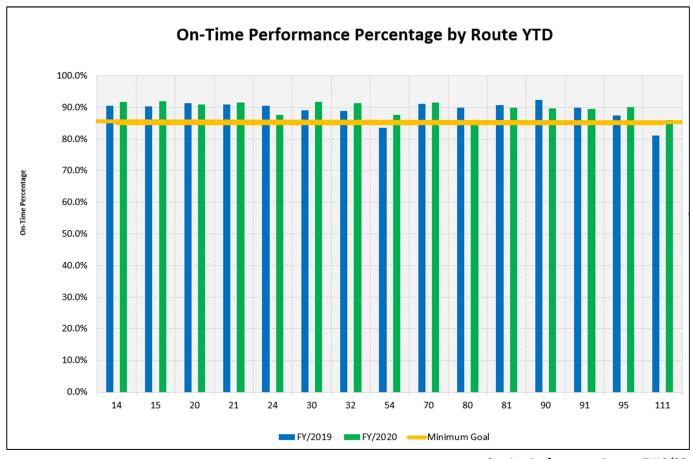
On-time Performance: This KPI measures service reliability as defined by adherence to the published service schedule. "On-time" is when a trip departs a time-point within a range of zero minutes early to five minutes late. In order for SunLine to achieve targeted on-time performance, service running times need to be calibrated regularly based on existing conditions. SunLine has a relatively uncongested operating environment, which helps support a high KPI for on-time performance. CommuterLink Route 220 service between Palm Desert and Riverside operated generally along I-10 and state route 60. This route is excluded from on-time performance calculations and reporting due to unpredictable running time variability. However, staff does monitor the on-time performance of this service to manage and improve the service. On-time performance standards for fixed routes are at a target of 85%.

Table 7 - On-Time Performance Standard FY19/20

Service Mode	On-Time Performance Standards
Fixed Route Bus	85% (Excepting Major Detours)

SunLine's system-wide on-time performance is at 89.3% which exceeds the goal for FY19/20. All routes operated above the minimum on-time performance standards as shown in Figure 7 below. The on-time performance impacts are attributed to road construction and repair projects.

Figure 7 - On-Time Performance By Route FY19/20



Percent Service Completed: Percentage of service completed is a new metric established as of September 2017. Initial intention was to report percentage of trips completed, however, due to limitations in our Avail ITS system we are reporting percentage or revenue mileage completed for FY19/20. This was calculated by comparing revenue miles completed vs. revenue miles scheduled after removing shadow bus service.

This KPI measures service reliability as defined by the percentage of miles completed daily. There are three components necessary to successfully complete scheduled service:

- Daily availability of operators and fleet vehicles to meet service demands
- Miles between service interruptions
- Timely response to service interruptions (less than half an hour)

The set standard for service completed is 99% by service mode seen in Table 8. The percent of service completed for FY19/20 was 99.4% exceeding our minimum service standard.

Table 8 - Service Completed Standard for FY19/20

Percentage of Service Completed Service Mode	Service Completed Minimum Standard
Fixed Route Bus	99%

Miles between Service Interruptions: This KPI measures service reliability as defined by revenue miles between service interruptions, regardless of cause. To meet this target, both avoidance of service interruptions through early identification (e.g. planning for detours and proper fleet maintenance) and timely response to service interruptions that do occur with trips filled promptly, are necessary. The set minimum target between service interruptions (road calls) is 5,000 miles as seen below.

Table 9 - Miles Between Service Interruptions Standard for FY19/20

Miles between Service Interruptions Service Mode	Target Minimum Miles between Service Interruptions (Road Calls)
Fixed Route Bus	5,000

The standard of 5,000 miles was exceeded throughout the review period. Miles between Service Interruptions for FY19/20 are noted in Table 10 below.

Table 10 - Miles Between Service Interruptions Standard for FY19/20

FY19/20	Fixed Route Miles between Service Interruptions
July	8,404
August	11,807
September	6,730
October	12,164
November	8,516
December	8,724
January	8,201
February	6,809
March	9,162
April	7,936
May	7,266
June	5,245

Load Standards: This service quality KPI establishes load standards for various vehicle types, and is measured for each trip operated. While it may be acceptable for some riders to stand for short distances or time periods (e.g. under 2 miles or 10 minutes) during peak periods, it is expected that seating should be available for all riders during normal off-peak conditions.

Table 11 - Load Standards for FY19/20

Load Standards Service Period	Maximum Consistent Load Factor
Peak	Average over 133% of seated load = 50 passengers
Off Peak	Average over 100% of seated load = 38 passengers

Average Fleet Age: The age of the vehicle fleet affects performance and reliability of transit services and attraction for customers. Adhering to the average fleet age requirement will ensure a consistently safe, reliable, and comfortable passenger experience.

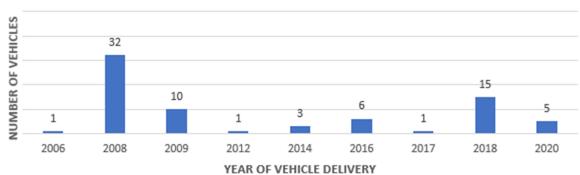
Table 12 - Average Fleet Age Standard for FY19/20

Vehicle Average Age	Average Fleet Age
Standard Transit Bus	No greater than 10 years

The fixed route average fleet age is 7.9 years. SunLine continues to replace buses in the fleet that have met their useful life. Figure 8 below shows the fleet age as of June 2020.

Figure 8 - Fleet Age for FY19/20

FLEET BY AGE - JUNE 2020



Bus Deployment Policy: Bus deployment specifies the kind of vehicle that should be used to operate individual routes. The type of vehicle deployed on a route depends primarily on ridership demand and trip loads.

Table 13 - Bus Deployment Standard for FY19/20

Bus Deployment	Vehicle Type
Trunk Bus Routes	40' Buses
Local Bus Routes	32' or 40' Buses depending on ridership demand
Market-Based Services	40' Buses

SunLine will review the Bus Deployment Policy every two years beginning in 2018, and make necessary adjustments as the fleet is updated to ensure compliance with the Title VI requirements. At which time, future reporting for this KPI will be presented in the FY20/21 annual report.

Warrants Standards

The Warrants Standards provide guidelines for the introduction of new services. It is a tool for judging when new service or service extensions are appropriate. A new fixed route or route extension could be introduced when ridership forecasts based on population, school enrollment, or job density are sufficient to achieve minimum passengers per revenue hour standards by service type. Future reporting for this KPI will be presented in the FY20/21 annual report.

Paratransit Service Standards (SunDial)

The Federal Transit Administration provides guidelines to assist agencies in maintaining a high standard of complementary paratransit service for ADA passengers. Key metrics include:

Eligibility

- Any person with a disability who is unable to board, ride, or disembark from an accessible vehicle without the assistance of another person
- Any person with a disability who has a specific impairment related condition that prevents the person from traveling to or from a boarding/disembarking location
- Certification based on individuals functional ability to ride the fixed route system
- Visitors qualified elsewhere in the USA may use SunDial ADA for up to 21 days per year and must then qualify locally
- Maximum 21-day response to application and an appeals process exists
- There is no limit to the number of trips a person can make. Reservations can be made up to 7 days in advance
- A no show policy exists for passengers who do not appear for their rides, with possible exclusion from SunDial service for a period of time in extreme cases

SunLine's Eligibility Department processed 100% of completed applications within the 21-day target.

Access

- The agency must serve any origin and destination request that are both within 0.75 miles of a fixed route corridor (excluding Commuter bus service) at the times and days of service when the fixed route is operating. Next day service via reservation during regular business hours must be provided
- The reservations call center accepts client reservations seven days per week between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. for next day services

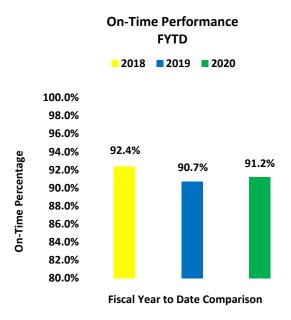
Travel Time

Trip pick up time must be scheduled within one hour before or after the requested pick-up time.
 Trip length should be comparable to the time it would take to make the same trip by the fixed-route service

On-time performance

- Trip pick up should consistently occur within a 30 minute window from the scheduled pick up time
- On-time performance is in accordance with FTA Circular 4710.1 to perform equivalent to SunLine's fixed route service. Paratransit continues to meet and exceed this goal.

Figure 9 – SunDial On-Time Performance for FY19/20



Capacity

- Subscription service is provided as a proportion of our total complementary paratransit service as long as it does not interfere with our capacity for demand trips
- No more than 50% of the number of trips can be subscription. Going above this level could cause capacity constraint to serve our non-subscription riders
- Staff ensures subscription trips are balanced with non-subscription trips to ensure adequate levels of service can be provided on a daily basis
- Due to COVID-19, the last 4 months of FY19/20 there was a 61.1% decrease in trips. In order to maintain social distancing guidelines, paratransit began providing direct trips (1 on, 1 off service) for our clients.

Fares

- Fares charged may not exceed twice the non-discounted fare for the fixed-route network at the time of the trip
- No fare is to be charged to personal care attendants where they are required
- Companions pay the same ADA fare
- SunDial fares are based on travel within one city or multiple cities. Within one city the fare is \$1.50 per trip; travel within multiple cities is \$2.00 per trip
- Due to COVID-19, on March 18, 2020, SunLine Transit Agency took precautions to provide the recommended social distancing and free fare was offered to our riders

Ridership

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic were initially seen in March 2020 with a drop in ridership of 39.1% compared to 2019 and peaking in April with a 74.9% drop in ridership compared to the same time last year (Figure 10).

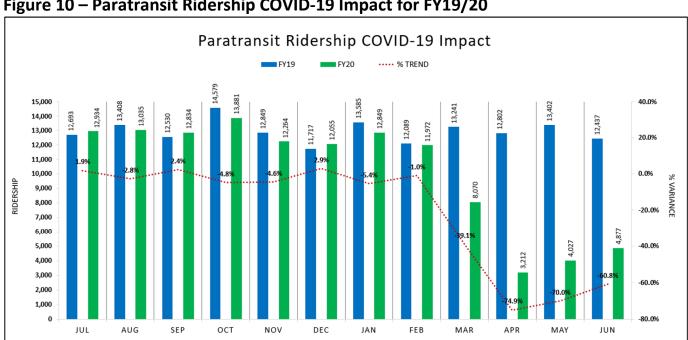


Figure 10 – Paratransit Ridership COVID-19 Impact for FY19/20